

CANNED FOOD SALE

Libby's CARNIVAL OF VALUES

Prices Effective
Thurs., Fri., Sat.
Oct. 14-16, 1948

Fruit Cocktail

LIBBY'S
No. 2 1/2 Can **45c**

Whole Kernel NIBLETS
CORN ... 2 15-Oz Cans **35c**

GREEN GIANT
Peas ... 2 308 Cans **39c**

CAMPBELL'S Pork &
Beans ... 3 1-Lb. Cans **39c**

Grated Style
Tuna Fish ... Can **33c**

AVONDALE
Peaches ... No. 1/2 Can **29c**

Preserves 3 3-Lb. Jars **1.00**

Mott's Assorted
Jellies ... 2 2-Lb. Jars **29c**

HOT-DATED COFFEE
SPOTLIGHT

Lb. **40c**

Kroger FRENCH
Brand ... Lb. **46c**

Kroger
Tea Bags ... 48 Ct. **39c**

KROGER CUSTOMERS CAN WIN FOOD FOR ONE YEAR worth a total of \$415,000.00

in cash and merchandise prizes

IN EIGHT NATIONAL CONTESTS

The 3 prize winners in each of these 8 contests, who buy the products of a Kroger Store and enter the name and address of their store on their winning entries, Kroger will award a year's supply of groceries for a family of four.

\$1,200.00 in merchandise redeemable at any Kroger Store.

The judges of these 8 contests will select from the winners of their respective contests the 3 best "Store entries" as Kroger winners. The decisions of the judges, based on the rules of their respective contests, will be final. "Kroger entries" will be those that bear the name and address of a Kroger Store.

PARKAY MARGARINE 42c

LIPTON TEA 1/2 lb. 62c

QUAKER OATS 35c

OXYDOL 33c

PALMOLIVE 2 19c

SUPER SUDS 19c

QUAKER PUFFS 15c

PUFFED RICE 15c

PUFFED WHEAT 2 25c

LEVER CONTEST 1.15

SPRY 33c

RINSO 33c

SWAN 2 21c

LIFEBUOY 2 19c

LUX SOAP 2 19c

LUX FLAKES 33c

Get Rules, Entry Blanks and Products for these contests at your Kroger Store

LIBBY'S Sliced or Crushed
Pineapple ... 2 33c

LIBBY'S Garden-Crest
Peas ... 2 20c

LIBBY'S Cream Style
Corn ... 2 35c

LIBBY'S with pork DEER
Brown Beans ... 1-Lb. Can **14c**

LIBBY'S

TOMATO JUICE

Twice-rich in flavor and in vitamins. Stock up today.

46-Oz. Can **29c**

LIBBY'S

PEACHES

Selected California clings. Golden halves or slices. Save!

No. 2 1/2 Can **33c**

KROGER

BREAD ... 2 Big 1 1/2-lb. Loaves **27c**

Fig Bars ... Lb. Tray **19c**

Kroger CINNAMON

Rolls ... Pkg. **15c**

Ann Pillsbury COCONUT

Fluff Cake ... Each **49c**

Windsor Club

Cheese Foods ... 2 Lb. **89c**

Centers ... Lb. **79c**

Loins ... Lb. **59c**

Smoked Picnics ... 5-7 Lb. Average **47c**

Kroger-Fresh

GROUND BEEF ... Lb. **55c**

Local Pan-Ready FRESH

FRYERS ... Lb. **69c**

Michigan Oven Ready

DUCK ... Lb. **63c**

Swift's or Armour's Pork

Sausage ... Lb. **49c**

Free-Shape Fillets of

Cod ... Lb. **37c**

Swift's or Armour's

SHRIMP ... Lb. **89c**

10c SALE

BREEZE ... 1 Pkg. **31c**

2 Pkgs. 41c

EATMORE

Margarine

2 Lb. 59c

Premium

Crackers ... Lb. **24c**

Tidy House

Sandwich Bags ... 25-Ct. Pkg. **25c**

SWIFT'S

DOG FOOD ... 3 Cans **29c**

STRONGHEART

Avalon Granules ... Pkg. **31c**

SILVER DUST ... Pkg. **35c**

PERK GRANULES ... Pkg. **33c**

CHIFFON FLAKES ... Lb. **33c**

KARO SYRUP ... 24-Oz. Bottle **21c**

WHITE CAKE MIX ... 14-Oz. Pkg. **27c**

Housecleaning? Use RENUZIT ... Gal. **89c**

AXAX CLEANSER ... 2 Cans **23c**

Cashmere Bouquet ... 2 Reg. Bars **23c**

PALMOLIVE ... 2 Bars **19c**

PALMOLIVE ... Both Size **27c**

Washburn Beans ... Lb. **19c**

GREAT NORTHERN

RED TOKAY

GRAPES ... 3 Lb. **29c**

Choice Sweet Eating BARTLETT

Pears ... 2 Lb. **29c**

100% Pure

Mich. Honey ... 5 Lb. **99c**

U. S. No. 1

Mich. Potatoes ... 15 Lb. **47c**

First Flowers of Spring

Come from "Minor" Bulbs

Spring flowering bulbs play a most important part in the "succession of bloom" which can be so planned as to provide flowers in the garden for many months.

Bulbs give the earliest garden displays in early spring.

The first flower to open when the ground begins to thaw in spring is the snowdrop or crocus.

These tiny white flowers are scarcely an inch across with petals spread out, but a clump of twenty-five peeping through the snow is truly beautiful to winter-weary eyes.

Plant them in a row, place where they can be seen from a nearby window.

Scillas and chionodoxas, both blue, are next to bloom, much earlier than the snowdrops.

These are the first to appear, and like our climate and soil. Both will spread from seed dropped each spring.

Start your first plantings where there are any leaves, and may be planted close to shrubs, or in border spaces where taller neighbors, later in the season, would hide them.

Crocuses bloom before the daffodils, and they should be planted in groups, never in rows, and never in grass which will be mowed. The plants of all bulbs must be allowed to turn yellow and dry up before the bulbs are lifted. If the leaves are cut off while the green bulb cannot mature. Crocuses give us blue and yellow flowers which look well together, and may be combined in many pleasing patterns.

The first daffodils come after the crocuses, and then the hyacinths, early tulips and finally the tall tulips, which usually blossom two weeks before the irises, and are a color display which their appearance will bring their own reward cannot be surpassed the remainder of the year.

Any Way You Make it, Leaf Mould is Garden Bonus

Wherever gardeners meet, talk about "organic gardening" is likely to be heard, and loudly. But do not let this clamor mislead you, for it is accompanied by arguments about various pet formulas for making compost, for getting your soil of saving your leaves this fall.

All you need to do to make leaves turn into humus, is let them alone. For the sake of neatness, it is well to rake them up, and if you do, a corner where they will not be trampled. But nature will do the rest in time. Two years from now you will have a precious store of leaf mould without any further trouble. And once the annual practice is established, then every year a crop of humus, thoroughly decayed, is available for spreading on your garden.

Methods of management, which may seem elaborate, are justified on two points, first they can speed up the rate of decay, so that compost is available in one year instead of two; and second, where it is at a premium, they can refine the compost pile in reduced space, and improve its appearance. To speed decay, the growth of the bacteria which cause decay is stimulated. There are many methods of doing this. These bacteria are present in decaying manure, so that when a cow, horse, or manure is spread through the compost pile, their number is increased and their activity hastened.

They consume nitrogen, so if they are fed, so to speak, with manure they will increase in number and decay will be hastened. If manure is lacking, or there is objection to using it, commercial cultures of these bacteria are now available, and can be used instead. Nitrogen can be supplied by mixing chemical fertilizer with the compost material.

Any organic matter can be used in a compost heap; and this means table refuse from the house. But it is not practical to use it except in a managed pile, where it can be covered with earth to kill odor. The simplest way of creating a

First Flowers of Spring Come from "Minor" Bulbs

Spring flowering bulbs play a most important part in the "succession of bloom" which can be so planned as to provide flowers in the garden for many months. Bulbs give the earliest garden displays in early spring.

The first flower to open when the ground begins to thaw in spring is the snowdrop or crocus. These tiny white flowers are scarcely an inch across with petals spread out, but a clump of twenty-five peeping through the snow is truly beautiful to winter-weary eyes. Plant them in a row, place where they can be seen from a nearby window.

Scillas and chionodoxas, both blue, are next to bloom, much earlier than the snowdrops. These are the first to appear, and like our climate and soil. Both will spread from seed dropped each spring. Start your first plantings where there are any leaves, and may be planted close to shrubs, or in border spaces where taller neighbors, later in the season, would hide them.

Crocuses bloom before the daffodils, and they should be planted in groups, never in rows, and never in grass which will be mowed. The plants of all bulbs must be allowed to turn yellow and dry up before the bulbs are lifted. If the leaves are cut off while the green bulb cannot mature. Crocuses give us blue and yellow flowers which look well together, and may be combined in many pleasing patterns.

The first daffodils come after the crocuses, and then the hyacinths, early tulips and finally the tall tulips, which usually blossom two weeks before the irises, and are a color display which their appearance will bring their own reward cannot be surpassed the remainder of the year.

Any Way You Make it, Leaf Mould is Garden Bonus

Wherever gardeners meet, talk about "organic gardening" is likely to be heard, and loudly. But do not let this clamor mislead you, for it is accompanied by arguments about various pet formulas for making compost, for getting your soil of saving your leaves this fall.

All you need to do to make leaves turn into humus, is let them alone. For the sake of neatness, it is well to rake them up, and if you do, a corner where they will not be trampled. But nature will do the rest in time. Two years from now you will have a precious store of leaf mould without any further trouble. And once the annual practice is established, then every year a crop of humus, thoroughly decayed, is available for spreading on your garden.

Methods of management, which may seem elaborate, are justified on two points, first they can speed up the rate of decay, so that compost is available in one year instead of two; and second, where it is at a premium, they can refine the compost pile in reduced space, and improve its appearance. To speed decay, the growth of the bacteria which cause decay is stimulated. There are many methods of doing this. These bacteria are present in decaying manure, so that when a cow, horse, or manure is spread through the compost pile, their number is increased and their activity hastened.

They consume nitrogen, so if they are fed, so to speak, with manure they will increase in number and decay will be hastened. If manure is lacking, or there is objection to using it, commercial cultures of these bacteria are now available, and can be used instead. Nitrogen can be supplied by mixing chemical fertilizer with the compost material.

Any organic matter can be used in a compost heap; and this means table refuse from the house. But it is not practical to use it except in a managed pile, where it can be covered with earth to kill odor. The simplest way of creating a

managed compost pile is to use a suitable location, out of the way, and preferably screened by planting, or fence. If it is 10 feet high, it would be an average size. Clean off all vegetation, and hidden the surface by edging. Pile evenly over this area all dead leaves and material from your garden, and from kitchen wastes. But carefully exclude, from your garden, all wood, branches, twigs and metal objects. When the layer, well tramped down, is six inches thick, sprinkle it with a balanced fertilizer mixture, about one ounce to a square yard. Wood ashes and lime-stone are also beneficial, each in three or more times this quantity. Then wet it down.

Build up the heap, layer by layer, with similar applications between the layers; and keep it moist. If bad odor develops an inch of soil thrown on top of the pile will prevent them. When the pile is as high as you can conveniently manage, cover the top with soil, and let it stand until you are ready to dig the humus into the garden. Start a new one to take care of current accumulations.

SPRAYING ORCHARDS, SHADE TREES AND SHRUBS

We also spray Lawns for Dandelion and Weed Control

MICHAEL J. JASSO

Phone Big Beaver 147

R. No. 4, Birmingham

Genuine IMPORTED HOLLAND BULBS

PLANT THIS FALL FOR BEAUTY IN YOUR GARDEN NEXT SPRING

DRICONURE

All-Organic Fertilizer GIVES YOUR GARDEN A COMPLETE FEEDING OVER A LONG PERIOD

Does Not Burn

The Heath Nurseries

Southfield Rd. Below 13 Mile

DANDELION SPRAYING MOSQUITO AND INSECT CONTROL WITH 2-4-D FOR BEAUTIFUL LAWNS

EMIL G. OLIN LANDSCAPE FORESTER

607 Southfield Rd. Phone B'Ham 1051

How to Save Vegetables When Freezing Threatens

When freezing weather threatens the vegetable garden, there is usually a considerable quantity of vegetables in the ground which can easily be stored in good condition until used.

The time to harvest them for storage is as late as possible, with safety. Squash and pumpkins should be taken in before heavy frosts, but most others may be left in the garden until the weather warms. Temperatures which freeze the soil will not injure beets, carrots, cabbage and turnips, so long as it thaws out the next day; but they should be lifted before the ground begins to remain frozen all day.

Onions, squash, and pumpkins will be kept in any dry shelter for two or three months without worrying about the temperature. But even these vegetables will keep best in a temperature under 40 degrees. Cut the stems of the squash and pumpkins close to the plant; wash them in brackish water, or store in shallow slatted racks, so the air will circulate freely about them.

Pumpkins and squash may be dug, sorted into lots and put in a paper bag. These bags may be stacked in boxes and placed in a protected place from the rain. Freezing will improve the flavor of these vegetables, and they will keep well moved for serving as needed.

Carrots, beets, turnips, rutabagas, potatoes, apples and cabbage may be stored in a shed or unheated garage, so long as the temperature does not fall below 10 degrees above zero. Place them in boxes, packed in soil, or spread out on sand; or pack them in cardboard boxes which are placed in larger boxes, and surrounded with shredded paper, sawdust or shavings for insulation.

To protect these vegetables from the lowest winter temperatures, a convenient receptacle is a 24-inch drain the inside into the earth, and lined with an insulated cover, which may be opened at will for the removal of any part of its contents. A working drawing of this device accompanies this discussion.

The cover may be made of wood, larger than the tile, but protected with hardware cloth to prevent rodents and insects from entering. All vegetables and fruit placed in storage must be free from decay or injury. Avoid those with skin punctures, and never store vegetables which are wet.

Give Tulips Time to Grow For Flowers This Winter

Tulips and daffodils can be flowered in the home when planted in pots, in what the florists call "good potting soil." Two parts of your best top garden soil, one part sand and one part of peat moss will make a good substrate. Add more sand if the top soil is heavy, thoroughly mix and run through a 1/2-inch mesh screen.

Place each bulb so that its point is half an inch below the surface. Now it is necessary to allow the bulb to make roots; and for this purpose the pot must be placed in a dark and cool place, where it cannot freeze or dry out too much. A cold frame, where it can be covered with leaves, ashes or sand, will do.

When placed in this storage the pot should be thoroughly soaked, and no further watering should be necessary. If stored in an indoor cellar or closet the soil should be prevented from drying out excessively. Root action will follow and when top growth begins the pot may be brought indoors or kept in the storage place and so retained until wanted.

After being brought indoors the pot must be given all the light possible and kept in a temperature which averages 60 degrees until stems, leaves and flower buds are formed. After buds are formed, a temperature of 70 degrees will produce it.

Early Tulips, such as Kaiserdom, are best for indoor forcing, bringing out the flowers, and if haste is needed a higher temperature will produce it.

PONTIAC NURSERIES FOR HOME LANDSCAPING

Professional landscape drawings, and detailed cost specifications furnished free of charge to home owners.

CALL MR. OGDEN (17th year as chief landscape architect with Pontiac Nurseries) for this service.

Revising and correcting old shrub and evergreen plantings a specialty. The landscape plan will be so arranged so the job can be done complete or in separate periods over a period of years.

Call Mr. Ogdene collect—Romeo 350 or 324.

Pontiac Nurseries, Romeo, Michigan

BULBS FOR BEAUTY

McCLELLAN-BALL CO.

Yard - Garden - SUPPLIES - Kennel - Farm

BIRMINGHAM, MICHIGAN

Phone 314 159 Brownell St.