

(Continued from Page 1)  
 adoption of the reforms promised last fall when the campaign was on its high tide this spring when the people expressed their choice at the polls.

Because of this demand and because of the widespread interest of the reading public of Michigan in the truth regarding the affairs of their state government, I have decided to submit a special series of articles dealing with current doing at Lansing and in state political circles.

In doing so, a sincere desire is held that this series, like the foregoing, shall be free from partisan bias and that the truth only shall be set forth. Again I shall present no opinions other than is necessary for reader interest. Quite in

keeping with the preceding series, what is written here will be based upon the record and statements of fact based upon records open to all at Lansing. Some interesting comparisons will be possible as between the records of 1933, notoriously extravagant, and those of 1933 under the economy laws laid down by the campaigners at Michigan's two most recent elections.

**Outlines Problems**  
 On Jan. 5 when Gov. William A. Comstock appeared before the joint convention of the House and Senate to deliver his inaugural address, he stressed a few points promising that later as he became more familiar with state problems and better acquainted with his Legislature he would further reveal his administration program. On Jan. 5 he stated it as his

ANNOUNCING  
**MANLY R. BAILEY**  
 Funeral Home  
 361 N. Woodward Ave.  
 Birmingham  
 Successor to  
**KIMBALL-BAILEY**  
 Phone 850  
 Ambulance Service

judgment that the most important measures for early consideration included direct welfare relief and a provision for public works to give employment to heads of families out of work, old age pensions, state aid for primary schools, primary education reform, revision of workmen's compensation laws to include occupational diseases, complete revision of the tax system, and last but by no means least, he emphasized economy in every branch of state government.

A little less than a month later Comstock appeared before the House and Senate in a message in which he requested the cancellation of taxes levied in 1927 and the extension of time to delinquent taxpayers of 1928 and subsequent years which amounted to a virtual cancellation of delinquent taxes for current support of municipalities and schools as well as a repudiation of the debt represented by the so-called calamity bonds held by municipalities on the average rate of taxation for the delinquent tax lists then suggested to be cancelled. The governor further in his message requested that again pointed out the necessity of revision of the tax laws.

**Three Third Messages**  
 On Mar. 3, Governor Comstock requested a joint convention of the two branches of the Legislature in order that he might again appear in person and deliver a third message. On this occasion he stated that the mail tax law be amended to permit the release of about \$250,000 to the counties to be applied against a 1933 debt then amounting to nearly \$2,000,000.

He again urged the revision of the tax laws and the submission of an amendment to the state constitution to permit a lower than the average rate of taxation for personal property and intangibles and the adoption of a graduated income tax measure. He also at that time urged it as his opinion that a constitutional convention should be called for a complete revision of the state constitution.

In keeping with the foregoing administration program from time to time numerous bills were introduced and promoted by administration members and better acquainted with his Legislature he would further reveal his administration program. On Jan. 5 he stated it as his

judgment that the most important measures for early consideration included direct welfare relief and a provision for public works to give employment to heads of families out of work, old age pensions, state aid for primary schools, primary education reform, revision of workmen's compensation laws to include occupational diseases, complete revision of the tax system, and last but by no means least, he emphasized economy in every branch of state government.

A little less than a month later Comstock appeared before the House and Senate in a message in which he requested the cancellation of taxes levied in 1927 and the extension of time to delinquent taxpayers of 1928 and subsequent years which amounted to a virtual cancellation of delinquent taxes for current support of municipalities and schools as well as a repudiation of the debt represented by the so-called calamity bonds held by municipalities on the average rate of taxation for the delinquent tax lists then suggested to be cancelled. The governor further in his message requested that again pointed out the necessity of revision of the tax laws.

**Three Third Messages**  
 On Mar. 3, Governor Comstock requested a joint convention of the two branches of the Legislature in order that he might again appear in person and deliver a third message. On this occasion he stated that the mail tax law be amended to permit the release of about \$250,000 to the counties to be applied against a 1933 debt then amounting to nearly \$2,000,000.

He again urged the revision of the tax laws and the submission of an amendment to the state constitution to permit a lower than the average rate of taxation for personal property and intangibles and the adoption of a graduated income tax measure. He also at that time urged it as his opinion that a constitutional convention should be called for a complete revision of the state constitution.

In keeping with the foregoing administration program from time to time numerous bills were introduced and promoted by administration members and better acquainted with his Legislature he would further reveal his administration program. On Jan. 5 he stated it as his

judgment that the most important measures for early consideration included direct welfare relief and a provision for public works to give employment to heads of families out of work, old age pensions, state aid for primary schools, primary education reform, revision of workmen's compensation laws to include occupational diseases, complete revision of the tax system, and last but by no means least, he emphasized economy in every branch of state government.

A little less than a month later Comstock appeared before the House and Senate in a message in which he requested the cancellation of taxes levied in 1927 and the extension of time to delinquent taxpayers of 1928 and subsequent years which amounted to a virtual cancellation of delinquent taxes for current support of municipalities and schools as well as a repudiation of the debt represented by the so-called calamity bonds held by municipalities on the average rate of taxation for the delinquent tax lists then suggested to be cancelled. The governor further in his message requested that again pointed out the necessity of revision of the tax laws.

**Three Third Messages**  
 On Mar. 3, Governor Comstock requested a joint convention of the two branches of the Legislature in order that he might again appear in person and deliver a third message. On this occasion he stated that the mail tax law be amended to permit the release of about \$250,000 to the counties to be applied against a 1933 debt then amounting to nearly \$2,000,000.

He again urged the revision of the tax laws and the submission of an amendment to the state constitution to permit a lower than the average rate of taxation for personal property and intangibles and the adoption of a graduated income tax measure. He also at that time urged it as his opinion that a constitutional convention should be called for a complete revision of the state constitution.

In keeping with the foregoing administration program from time to time numerous bills were introduced and promoted by administration members and better acquainted with his Legislature he would further reveal his administration program. On Jan. 5 he stated it as his

judgment that the most important measures for early consideration included direct welfare relief and a provision for public works to give employment to heads of families out of work, old age pensions, state aid for primary schools, primary education reform, revision of workmen's compensation laws to include occupational diseases, complete revision of the tax system, and last but by no means least, he emphasized economy in every branch of state government.

A little less than a month later Comstock appeared before the House and Senate in a message in which he requested the cancellation of taxes levied in 1927 and the extension of time to delinquent taxpayers of 1928 and subsequent years which amounted to a virtual cancellation of delinquent taxes for current support of municipalities and schools as well as a repudiation of the debt represented by the so-called calamity bonds held by municipalities on the average rate of taxation for the delinquent tax lists then suggested to be cancelled. The governor further in his message requested that again pointed out the necessity of revision of the tax laws.

**Three Third Messages**  
 On Mar. 3, Governor Comstock requested a joint convention of the two branches of the Legislature in order that he might again appear in person and deliver a third message. On this occasion he stated that the mail tax law be amended to permit the release of about \$250,000 to the counties to be applied against a 1933 debt then amounting to nearly \$2,000,000.

He again urged the revision of the tax laws and the submission of an amendment to the state constitution to permit a lower than the average rate of taxation for personal property and intangibles and the adoption of a graduated income tax measure. He also at that time urged it as his opinion that a constitutional convention should be called for a complete revision of the state constitution.

In keeping with the foregoing administration program from time to time numerous bills were introduced and promoted by administration members and better acquainted with his Legislature he would further reveal his administration program. On Jan. 5 he stated it as his

judgment that the most important measures for early consideration included direct welfare relief and a provision for public works to give employment to heads of families out of work, old age pensions, state aid for primary schools, primary education reform, revision of workmen's compensation laws to include occupational diseases, complete revision of the tax system, and last but by no means least, he emphasized economy in every branch of state government.

A little less than a month later Comstock appeared before the House and Senate in a message in which he requested the cancellation of taxes levied in 1927 and the extension of time to delinquent taxpayers of 1928 and subsequent years which amounted to a virtual cancellation of delinquent taxes for current support of municipalities and schools as well as a repudiation of the debt represented by the so-called calamity bonds held by municipalities on the average rate of taxation for the delinquent tax lists then suggested to be cancelled. The governor further in his message requested that again pointed out the necessity of revision of the tax laws.

**Three Third Messages**  
 On Mar. 3, Governor Comstock requested a joint convention of the two branches of the Legislature in order that he might again appear in person and deliver a third message. On this occasion he stated that the mail tax law be amended to permit the release of about \$250,000 to the counties to be applied against a 1933 debt then amounting to nearly \$2,000,000.

He again urged the revision of the tax laws and the submission of an amendment to the state constitution to permit a lower than the average rate of taxation for personal property and intangibles and the adoption of a graduated income tax measure. He also at that time urged it as his opinion that a constitutional convention should be called for a complete revision of the state constitution.

In keeping with the foregoing administration program from time to time numerous bills were introduced and promoted by administration members and better acquainted with his Legislature he would further reveal his administration program. On Jan. 5 he stated it as his

judgment that the most important measures for early consideration included direct welfare relief and a provision for public works to give employment to heads of families out of work, old age pensions, state aid for primary schools, primary education reform, revision of workmen's compensation laws to include occupational diseases, complete revision of the tax system, and last but by no means least, he emphasized economy in every branch of state government.

A little less than a month later Comstock appeared before the House and Senate in a message in which he requested the cancellation of taxes levied in 1927 and the extension of time to delinquent taxpayers of 1928 and subsequent years which amounted to a virtual cancellation of delinquent taxes for current support of municipalities and schools as well as a repudiation of the debt represented by the so-called calamity bonds held by municipalities on the average rate of taxation for the delinquent tax lists then suggested to be cancelled. The governor further in his message requested that again pointed out the necessity of revision of the tax laws.

**Three Third Messages**  
 On Mar. 3, Governor Comstock requested a joint convention of the two branches of the Legislature in order that he might again appear in person and deliver a third message. On this occasion he stated that the mail tax law be amended to permit the release of about \$250,000 to the counties to be applied against a 1933 debt then amounting to nearly \$2,000,000.

He again urged the revision of the tax laws and the submission of an amendment to the state constitution to permit a lower than the average rate of taxation for personal property and intangibles and the adoption of a graduated income tax measure. He also at that time urged it as his opinion that a constitutional convention should be called for a complete revision of the state constitution.

In keeping with the foregoing administration program from time to time numerous bills were introduced and promoted by administration members and better acquainted with his Legislature he would further reveal his administration program. On Jan. 5 he stated it as his

judgment that the most important measures for early consideration included direct welfare relief and a provision for public works to give employment to heads of families out of work, old age pensions, state aid for primary schools, primary education reform, revision of workmen's compensation laws to include occupational diseases, complete revision of the tax system, and last but by no means least, he emphasized economy in every branch of state government.

A little less than a month later Comstock appeared before the House and Senate in a message in which he requested the cancellation of taxes levied in 1927 and the extension of time to delinquent taxpayers of 1928 and subsequent years which amounted to a virtual cancellation of delinquent taxes for current support of municipalities and schools as well as a repudiation of the debt represented by the so-called calamity bonds held by municipalities on the average rate of taxation for the delinquent tax lists then suggested to be cancelled. The governor further in his message requested that again pointed out the necessity of revision of the tax laws.

**Three Third Messages**  
 On Mar. 3, Governor Comstock requested a joint convention of the two branches of the Legislature in order that he might again appear in person and deliver a third message. On this occasion he stated that the mail tax law be amended to permit the release of about \$250,000 to the counties to be applied against a 1933 debt then amounting to nearly \$2,000,000.

He again urged the revision of the tax laws and the submission of an amendment to the state constitution to permit a lower than the average rate of taxation for personal property and intangibles and the adoption of a graduated income tax measure. He also at that time urged it as his opinion that a constitutional convention should be called for a complete revision of the state constitution.

In keeping with the foregoing administration program from time to time numerous bills were introduced and promoted by administration members and better acquainted with his Legislature he would further reveal his administration program. On Jan. 5 he stated it as his

judgment that the most important measures for early consideration included direct welfare relief and a provision for public works to give employment to heads of families out of work, old age pensions, state aid for primary schools, primary education reform, revision of workmen's compensation laws to include occupational diseases, complete revision of the tax system, and last but by no means least, he emphasized economy in every branch of state government.

A little less than a month later Comstock appeared before the House and Senate in a message in which he requested the cancellation of taxes levied in 1927 and the extension of time to delinquent taxpayers of 1928 and subsequent years which amounted to a virtual cancellation of delinquent taxes for current support of municipalities and schools as well as a repudiation of the debt represented by the so-called calamity bonds held by municipalities on the average rate of taxation for the delinquent tax lists then suggested to be cancelled. The governor further in his message requested that again pointed out the necessity of revision of the tax laws.

Mulholland's  
 Here Are Just a Few of the Many Items on Which Special Reductions Have Been Made. It Will Pay You to Buy Now.  
 Hundreds to Choose From  
 ALL  
**COTTON WASH FROCKS**  
 20% OFF



NEW ALL WOOL BATHING SUITS 20% off  
 SUN BACKS AND CONSERVATIVE MODELS

CHILDREN'S PLAY SUITS  
 Hats to Match  
 Included in this group you will find clever little outfits in Seersucker, Broadcloth and Percales in a wide variety of colors and patterns.  
 Sizes 1 to 16  
 PRICED FROM  
 69c to 1.25

CHILDREN'S DRESSES  
 Dainty  
 Cute little frocks for the little folks, in plain white and pastel shades. Regular \$1.00 values.  
 Sizes 2 to 7  
 SPECIAL AT  
 69c

Beginning To-morrow—An Exclusive Sale of  
**KOTEX**  
 In Special Economy Box  
 54 PADS 84c



A special sale to introduce this package in Birmingham. The Economy Box contains 54 pads (a plain gray box with removable Kotex label) of the new PATENTED EQUALIZER KOTEX. We recommend you take advantage of this offer!

Mulholland's  
 233 N. Woodward

Don't Miss It!  
 Friday and Saturday  
 AT THE  
**Kroger Store**  
 166 W. MAPLE

See the Rosier Pure Food Demonstration at the Kroger Store and get a free sample of the famous DeRosier Spread—the spread that makes such delicious sandwiches. Don't miss it!

**DeRosier's Spread**  
 the tastiest spread you ever tasted

**SPECIALS For this Week-end**

Velvet Pastry Flour	5-lb. bag	24c
RINSO	large pkg.	21c
Richelieu CATSUP	large bottle	15c
Kellogg's CORN FLAKES	large pkg.	12c

Standing ROAST BEEF Choice Steer. 1 lb. 17c

Young-Baby Beef POT ROAST 1 lb. 13c

Picnic HAMS Boned and Rolled 1 lb. 15c

GENUINE SPRING Leg-o-LAMB 1 lb. 21c

BROILERS 2-lb. Average 1 lb. 20c

A Large Assortment of COLD MEATS

**BIRMINGHAM FRUIT CO.**  
 124 N. WOODWARD  
 Free Delivery - 10 Deliveries Daily

In January there were many problems to be solved, those problems for the most part falling naturally under their general heading of efficiency and welfare matters generally. Intricately interwoven with these problems were the questions of finance and taxation, including the perplexing matter of tax delinquency and what to do with lands held under tax liens that about to be confiscated for tax past due and unpaid.

Banking and related fiscal problems involving the entire structure of the state, governmental aid, private, constitute the third great field of concern. Support of the public school system of the state, including the adoption of the 18-cent tax limitation amendment to the state constitution last November was the fourth.

Bear, horse and dog racing, the small loan law, garnishment exemptions, clash of interests between the railroads and the highway trucking interests, notary public commission rates and a hundred and one similar measures were incidental to the real problems of 1933 but for some reason successfully held the center of interest throughout. The people are out with a big question mark to learn the reason why the big issues were ignored and flimsy and inconsequential questions held sway.

**Five Main Points**  
 Every successful legislative session is predicted upon a five-point suspension, to borrow a motor car term. Floating governs must all right in some cars but in the legislative chariot there must be a majority of purpose and a pre-terminated and agreed-upon course of procedure.

No matter how good a bill may be, unless it passes both the Senate and the House of Representatives by a majority vote and is then approved by the governor all time given its consideration has been lost.

The five points referred to are:  
 1. The personnel of the two houses and the executive office itself.  
 2. Organization—members must be assigned to committees where each can work to best advantage.  
 3. Records—each member must accurately keep the records and the journals so that what is done will stand the test of the courts.  
 4. Rules of procedure must be carefully followed in order that the mass of legislation may move steadily forward.

5. A carefully worked-out program must be agreed to by leaders of both houses in a joint conference with the governor.

Did the 1933 Legislature meet these requirements?  
 A large majority of the members of both houses were untrained and untrained legislators. Many had no proper conception of the problems before them and those who were experienced found themselves members of a minority party and at the tail end of committees. Chairmanship of practical, every important committee on both sides of the Capitol were assigned to novitiates who did their best but whose best was not good.

Comstock No Roosevelt  
 In marked contrast with the success of President Franklin D. Roosevelt with his congress was the failure of Governor Comstock. Roosevelt had a program which he promoted from the drop of the hat. He gave the Congress so much important matter that it had no time to think up devious and before the session with pet measures and political gettars.

**P1—ingham Legislator**—RVT  
 Comstock never showed any program. The only discipline he maintained over his party members was the threat of expulsion for those who kicked over the traces. The inevitable result was a stream of bills with knurling logs and driftwood while the straight timber was lost in the eddies. When the drive was over there was little workable lumber to be saved.

Comstock was a workman in his early days but evidently he never learned the first rule of the drive—"keep the stream open and the logs rolling and there will be no jams at the cross currents."

The Senate made the mistake of discharging men and women with years of experience in handling the technical side of the work. Their places were taken by campaign workers who knew and cared less for the work of the session.

**Patronage Head List**  
 Head list of the program? In contrast to the Senate, in the situation, there was none. Such as there was had not been submitted by the Governor even to the members of his own party. From the very outset, patronage was the threat of the public good. Petty quarrels marred the discussion of every important measure to the point where the majority of the Democrats of the House are found in the record in the closing hours of the session as forced to vote for a sales tax measure which the Governor had previously declared he would veto if passed.

One week of honest effort in laying out a program and in laying it carefully before his Legislature would have saved Governor Comstock a great deal of worry and would have assured Michigan a much better set of enactments.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Manley, Miss Mary June Haestreiter of Abbey road was hostess at dinner for a group of young friends Friday evening in honor of her eleventh birthday. Her guests included her house guests for the week-end, the Misses Margaret and Christine Sadler, Elizabeth Swisher and Florence Neal of Ann Arbor; Jean Shurell, Alice Lee Heilmuller, Jean Gilbert, and Fatty Schooley. Sunday Miss Haestreiter left for a fortnight stay at Camp Takona, near Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyle Sherman of Okla. are guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Mott of Filgrim road.

Edward M. Tyler of Baldwin entertained at an indoor of three out-of-town including Miss Anne Rutledge, Myland of Richmond, and the Misses Adeline and Myrtle Gillette, of Pittsburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

**Social Briefs**

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Manley, Miss Mary June Haestreiter of Abbey road was hostess at dinner for a group of young friends Friday evening in honor of her eleventh birthday. Her guests included her house guests for the week-end, the Misses Margaret and Christine Sadler, Elizabeth Swisher and Florence Neal of Ann Arbor; Jean Shurell, Alice Lee Heilmuller, Jean Gilbert, and Fatty Schooley. Sunday Miss Haestreiter left for a fortnight stay at Camp Takona, near Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyle Sherman of Okla. are guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Mott of Filgrim road.

Edward M. Tyler of Baldwin entertained at an indoor of three out-of-town including Miss Anne Rutledge, Myland of Richmond, and the Misses Adeline and Myrtle Gillette, of Pittsburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple avenue had as their guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Guest, of Long Island, N. Y., and Mrs. J. Elmer Harvey of Maple