

Phone Johnny on the Spot for Building Materials B'ham 111-112



THE time to build is today, that you may be comfortable tomorrow, as building time tomorrow generally means never. Fair prices and a service to please you. Best grades sand, gravel and building materials of all kinds.

Lawson-Erb Lumber Co. Phone 111-112 624 Forest

Institute History Told

By MURL H. DePOE The Battle Creek Sanitarium today comprising many units, represents years of concentration to duty and consecration to an ideal on the part of Dr. John Harvey Kellogg, its founder, and the handicapped men and women who have long served with him. Living on modest salaries this group of men has made possible this health retreat.

for a few years, but its success rapidly declined with that of others of its kind, and at the end of ten years the trustees were ready to close its doors to save further accumulation of debt. At this time in his career Dr. Kellogg, then a recent graduate from Bellevue Hospital College of New York, was asked to take charge of the place, and consented to do so on the condition that he should be permitted to eliminate the empirical element and to reorganize the work upon a scientific basis. From that time until now, the institution has been under the present management.

Wiped Out By Fire in 1902 on the night of February 18, 1902, occurred what at first seemed to be a very great calamity which fell with stunning effect on the friends of the enterprise. The imposing main building with the hospital and closely adjoining buildings were consumed by fire. Coming as it did in the midst of a winter's night, the hardships augmented. In a few hours the institution was to be human appearances, wiped out of existence. Over three hundred patients were in the main building through which the fire swept with great rapidity and fierce fury, but under the hand of Providence and through the calm control of attendants, every patient was removed from the building and a great loss of human life thus averted. This was possible by the fact that outside fire escapes which could be reached from every room had been carefully provided. But although the buildings were gone and the material equipment destroyed, it was soon discovered that the Battle Creek Sanitarium still survived. Its principles had been too deeply planted and the work too firmly established to be consumed. Its friends were perplexed to know how to proceed with the rehabilitation of the building and a discussion of the situation it was decided to rebuild upon the same site. Some twenty years later it had been established. The task of rebuilding was bravely begun and carried toward completion in spite of great difficulties. Plans were drawn for a far more suitable and up-to-date building than the old one had been. The new main building was finished at a cost of about \$750,000 and dedicated with appropriate exercises on May 31, 1903.

New Main Building A large 15 story addition adjoining the new six story main building has recently been completed at a cost of over three million dollars. A colossal colonnade, two stories in height, with arched pavilions at each end extends the full length of the building. The main lobby, two stories high with mezzanine floor, is unusually beautiful. The service, business, administrative and medical offices are on the first floors of the main buildings.

Battle Creek College a Pioneer For more than forty years the Sanitarium has been engaged in educational work, beginning with a school of nursing which was started in 1880, one of the pioneer schools of nursing in this country. Some twenty years later a school of home economics was opened with a full curriculum of studies in this then new science. After another period of preliminary development, a school of physical education was started. All these schools have since been in continuous operation and have each year graduated classes in their several professional specialties. Battle Creek nurses, dietitians, and physical directors are well known not only in all parts of this country but also to a considerable extent in foreign countries, filling important positions in government and city hospitals, hotels, colleges, and public health work as well as in private professional service. In September, 1925, the board of trustees voted the addition of a sufficient number of departments for the creation of a Central Arts College, and at the same time extended the privileges of the College to young men as well as to young women. The student enrollment exceeded 600 during 1925-1926, and reached its peak in 1927. In March, 1926, the college became fully accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools.

Heads Movement The race betterment movement, which has grown out of the work of the Sanitarium, was initiated by the first national conference on Race Betterment, held at Battle Creek in 1911. This meeting brought together a large number of the most eminent scientists of this country, who for the first time entered upon a serious consideration and discussion of the question. The meeting was presided over by the venerable Dr. Stephen Smith, of New York City, the founder of the American Public Health Association, then over 90 years of age and still in active service as a leading member of the New York State Board of Charities. The late Dr. Charles W. Eliot, of Harvard University, served as honorary chairman. Honorary presidents were the Right Hon. Sir Horace Plunkett, of Dublin, the well known Irish statesman, and Hon. Woodbridge N. Ferris, then governor of Michigan. Prof. Irving Fisher and Senator Robert Owen were vice presidents. Among the members of the central committee were Hon. Gifford Pinchot, Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, Senator Charles E. Townsend and a score of other scientists and publicists. The proceedings, consisting of 58 important papers, besides discussions, made a valuable record of the work which was one of the most important collections of authentic facts and statements that had appeared on the subject of race deterioration and race betterment, its causes and remedies. A second conference was held in San Francisco in connection with the Panama-Pacific Exposition, in 1915. Since that time the various conferences and congresses were in session in connection with the Exposition during the same week, but the press of San Francisco gave greater attention to the Race Betterment Conference than to the other sixty-five conventions combined. Attention from the press was not limited to the San Francisco newspapers by any means, every session being reported by the Associated Press and the United Press for distribution to newspapers throughout the country. In all, the newspaper publicity amounted to more than a million lines, appearing in the leading newspapers of the United States.

The third Race Betterment Conference held in 1928, brought together more than 150 distinguished scientists from all parts of the United States. This conference was by far the most successful yet held, and all is the purpose of the Race Betterment

Foundation, a subsidiary of the Sanitarium, founded and endowed by Dr. John Harvey Kellogg to continue the conferences from time to time and to extend their scope. Golden Jubilee The fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the Sanitarium was observed by a three days' celebration in October, 1918. Ex-President Roosevelt had visited Battle Creek a year or two before in the interest of the candidacy of Charles Evans Hughes. These decorations were left intact for the many visitors from all parts of the world in Battle Creek for the jubilee. Among the speakers were nearly every one of the leading field. William Jennings Bryan spoke on "National Health and National Prospects" on the closing program.

Sanitarium Is Non-Sectarian Prior to 1897, when the original charter expired, the Sanitarium had been affiliated with a single religious denomination, although owned and managed by a private corporation. The new charter obtained in 1898, explicitly forbids the institution from sectarian influences and forever placed the Sanitarium, to quote Dr. Kellogg, "upon the broad basis of Christian philanthropy."

The whole investment with its resources is dedicated to the public welfare and as in the past the future is legally safeguarded so that no profits will accrue to the personal advantage of any individual. The largest demands upon constant improvements and expansion. No physician or other person has any share in the earnings of the institution. Moderate salaries and no fees explain the accomplishment. In addition more than \$100,000 is expended each year in caring for those who are unable to pay for medical attention. It is hoped that the time may come when much more can be done in this direction.

Rainbow of Hope Agitated Wife—"I'm positive that was a human being we ran over." Motorist in thick fog—"Then we're still on the road all right."

The WORLD and All By CHARLES R. DRISCOLL

BUT HAVE WE TIME? Several important tasks remain unaccomplished. The human race has been progressing at a tremendous rate. We are busy flying hither and yon across the earth and its waters. We build skyscrapers that give us great thrills to contemplate. We build and operate big factories for the curing or roasting of human ribs. But somebody neglects to tighten the nut on the airplane wheel, which happens to be near. A workman skips the valve to make a greater profit, or neglects to test the strands, properly, and down comes a weight of many tons of steel girders, crashing through concrete and killing everybody who happens to be near. We have still the human factor, and we are surprised and puzzled.

We know exactly how many tons of freight we can load with safety into a given steamship, and we know exactly how to keep the water out and the freight in. But we do not know how far a captain will go in mistaken loyalty to his owners, and we cannot tell when a ship's officer is lying on the witness stand.

The materials that go into the makeup of a vessel we know very well. But we know almost nothing about the human factors that finally determine whether the ship shall sink or own.

I wonder whether we have time to try to learn something about the human element. Can we afford to stop flying and racing and sitting on flagpoles long enough to investigate the strange and unknown factor which we call man?

Have we any time to think? No, not now. We still have a lot of problems of progress to figure out and apply. The non-stop flight around the globe that we made. We still have to build an office building taller than the Eiffel Tower. The bomb that we run nearly fast enough, and the airplane that will stand still in year in caring for those who are unable to pay for medical attention. It is hoped that the time may come when much more can be done in this direction.

Motorist in thick fog—"Then we're still on the road all right."

CHICAGO GOING SAT. - JUNE 8 Central Time Lv. Birmingham 10:31 P. M. Ar. Chicago 7:25 A. M. Returning, leave Chicago, Sunday June 9, 10:05 P. M. Cent. Time (11:05 P. M. Chicago Time.) Buy your tickets early from J. B. MINTON, Passenger Agent Grand Trunk Station Phone 199 GRAND TRUNK Railway System

The Ideal Vacation For Rest and Recreation The Beautiful "Great Lake of Bays" district 175 Miles North of Toronto, Ontario Goldie House Well known for its hospitality All Modern Conveniences Electric Lighted Throughout Swimming Golfing Boating Fishing Riding RATES: Special Family Rates and Regular Rates Given on Application.

The Sleep of Ease Sleep is the rebuilding time. In this time of repose the body acquires enough energy to carry it through the rest of the day. Restless Sleep Drains Energy Nervousness spoils sleep. But chiropractic calms the nerves by readjusting the spinal column that guard the nerve cords.

Te Poorten Chiropractic Health Service 210 WABEEK BUILDING BIRMINGHAM PHONE 2224 CHIROPRACTIC GETS RESULTS

Your Merchant You Saw His Advertisement in THE ECCENTRIC

Little Chats About Your Health No. 20 To Sufferers from "Indigestion" Perhaps more medicine is bought and used indiscriminately by the public to secure relief from indigestion than any other trouble. A well known physician says there are a dozen causes for the symptom known as indigestion among them being constipation, worry, ulcer, cancer, inflammation of the gall bladder, gall stones, adhesions, improper eating, etc. Knowing these facts would you trust yourself to say what should be done under the circumstances? Don't take chances. Whenever you feel that help is needed get efficient advice. Your doctor is the one to supply it. Let us fill your prescriptions. Your physician will recommend our service. Wilson Drug Co. 104 SOUTH WOODWARD BIRMINGHAM, MICH. PHONE 35 PRESCRIPTION SERVICE WE DELIVER

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING

NOTICE: A special meeting of the legal voters of School District No. 1 Fractional, Townships of Bloomfield, Troy, Royal Oak and Southfield, Oakland County, Michigan, called by the District Board of said District will be held in the Baldwin high school building in Birmingham, Michigan, in said District, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1929, at 7 A. M. Central standard Time (8 A. M. Eastern Standard Time) for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of said District the propositions to authorize the District Board:

- 1-To borrow the sum of Two Hundred Ten Thousand Dollars (\$210,000) and to issue the bonds of the District therefor bearing interest at the rate of not to exceed 4 1/2 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, both principal and interest to be payable at Birmingham, Michigan, said bonds to be dated June 15, 1929, and to mature: June 15, 1930, None June 15, 1934, \$10,000 June 15, 1938, \$10,000 June 15, 1942, \$30,000 June 15, 1931, None June 15, 1935, \$10,000 June 15, 1939, \$15,000 June 15, 1943, \$30,000 June 15, 1932, \$10,000 June 15, 1936, \$10,000 June 15, 1940, \$15,000 June 15, 1944, \$30,000 June 15, 1933, \$10,000 June 15, 1937, \$10,000 June 15, 1941, \$20,000 and to be numbered from 1 to 210, both consecutively and inclusively and to be in the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) each, funds from said bonds to be used for the purpose of building, equipment and architect's fees for an addition to the Barnum School in said District. YES NO
- 2-To borrow the sum of Thirty-five Thousand Dollars (\$35,000) and to issue the bonds of the District therefor bearing interest at the rate of not to exceed 4 1/2 per cent per annum semi-annually, both principal and interest to be payable at Birmingham, Michigan, said bonds to be dated June 15, 1929, and to mature: June 15, 1930, None June 15, 1932, \$5,000 June 15, 1934, \$5,000 June 15, 1936, \$5,000 June 15, 1931, None June 15, 1933, \$5,000 June 15, 1935, \$5,000 June 15, 1937, \$5,000 June 15, 1938, \$6,000 and to be numbered from 1 to 35, both consecutively and inclusively, and to be in the denomination of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) each, funds from said bonds to be used for building and equipping a swimming pool in the Barnum school in said District. YES NO

The polls of such special election shall be kept open 13 consecutive hours or from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M., Central Standard Time (8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Eastern Standard Time). Notice is further given that the District Board have estimated the amount of money to be raised (1) to defray the expense of building, equipment and Architect's fees for an addition to the Barnum school to be Two Hundred Ten Thousand Dollars (\$210,000), and (2) for building and equipping a swimming pool in the Barnum school to be Thirty-five Thousand Dollars (\$35,000). Dated this 15th day of April, A. D. 1929. RAY A. PALMER, Secretary.