# BLOOMFIELD HILLS VILLAGE HEALTH ORDINANCE No. 7

**COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CODE**

**Department of Health**
**Village of Bloomfield Hills**
1927

HAROLD R. ROEHM, M. D.
Health Officer

**Ordinance No. 7**

AN ORDINANCE to provide for the control and reduction of communicable diseases within the Village of Bloomfield Hills; to provide for certain powers and duties for the Village Health Officer in reference thereto and to provide a penalty for the violation of the terms thereof.

IT IS HEREBY ORDAINED BY VILLAGE OF BLOOMFIELD HILLS:

Chapter 1.

**Definitions**

**Section 1.** The term "communicable diseases" as used herein is hereby defined to be such diseases as are communicable through the conveyance of the infectious agent of the disease, and are hereinafter named in Chapter 1, Section 2, hereof.

An **infectious agent** is a living micro-organism capable, under favorable conditions, of inciting a communicable disease. The words "germ," "micro-organism" and "infectious agent" are used interchangeably.

The **incubation period** of a communicable disease is the interval which usually elapses between the time of entrance of the disease-producing organism into the body of a susceptible person and the manifestation of the first symptoms of the disease.

The **period of communicability** is the time during which a person affected with a communicable disease is capable of transmitting the infectious agent to others.

A **contact** is a person who has been sufficiently near to an infected person or thing to make possible the transmission of that infectious agent to him.

A **carrier** is a person who, without symptoms of a communicable disease, harbors and disseminates the infectious agent of that disease.

**Cultures** are growths of micro-organisms in or upon artificial media. The material for culture is obtained from body fluids, secretions or excreta and is used for the purpose of determining the presence of the infectious agent.

By the term **quarantine** is meant the confining of persons, animals or materials within a designated area and excluding other persons, animals or materials from such area.

By the term **isolation** is meant the separation of persons suffering from a communicable disease, or carriers of the infectious agent, from other persons in such places and under such conditions as will prevent the direct or indirect conveyance of the infectious agent to susceptible persons.

**Disinfection** is the process of destroying the vitality of the disease-producing organisms by physical or chemical means.

**Concurrent disinfection** signifies the immediate disinfection or destruction of all infected or presumably infected materials.

**Terminal disinfection** signifies the measures taken to destroy or remove infectious material after the removal of the patient, or termination of the isolation, at the time when the patient is no longer a source of infection.

**Cleaning** signifies the removal by scrubbing and washing of organic matter on which and in which micro-organisms may find favorable conditions for prolonging their life and virulence, also the removal by the same means of micro-organisms adherent to surfaces.

By the term **renovation** is meant, in addition to cleansing, the treatment of the walls, floors and ceilings of rooms or houses, which may be necessary to place the premises in a satisfactory sanitary condition.

**Immunes** are such persons who, by reasons of having had the disease or by artificial methods have been made relatively insusceptible to the disease.

**Section 2.** The following diseases are hereby declared to be communicable through the conveyance of the infectious agent of the disease. For the convenience of administration, communicable diseases are divided into two groups:

**Group A**

1. Actinomycosis.
2. Anchylostomiasis (hookworm).
3. Anthrax (Wool Sorters' Disease, malignant pustule).
4. Botulism.
5. Chickenpox (Varicella).
6. Cholera (Asiatic).
7. Dengue.
8. Diphtheria (membranous croup).
9. Dysentery (amebic).
10. Dysentery (bacillary).
11. Epidemic Cerebrospinal Meningitis.
12. Epidemic or Streptococcus (septic) sore throat.
13. Erysipelas.
14. Favus.
15. Food poisoning.
16. Glanders.
17. Influenza.
18. Leprosy.
19. Lethargic Encephalitis.
20. Malaria.
21. Measles (Morbilli).
22. Mumps (Epidemic Parotitis).
23. Ophthalmia, Neonatorum (suppurative conjunctivitis of the new born).
24. Paratyphoid fever.
25. Plague.
26. Pneumonia (bronchial).
27. Pneumonia (lobar).
28. Poliomyelitis, acute anterior (infantile paralysis).
29. Rabies.
30. Rocky Mountain Spotted or tick fever.
31. Rubella (German measles).
32. Scarlet Fever (Scarlatina).
33. Smallpox (Variola).
34. Tetanus.
35. Trachoma (contagious granular conjunctivitis, granular lid).
36. Trichinosis.
37. Typhoid Fever.
38. Typhus Fever.
39. Vincent's Angina.
40. Whooping Cough.
41. Yellow Fever.

**Group B**

1. Chancroid.
2. Gonorrhea.
3. Syphilis.
4. Tuberculosis.

Chapter 2

**Reporting of Communicable Diseases**

Section 1. It shall be the duty of every physician to report to the Clerk of the Village of Bloomfield Hills the full name, address and all of the information necessary for the isolation and treatment of every person under his professional care, known or suspected by him to be affected with any of the diseases mentioned in Group A, in Chapter 1, Section 2, of this ordinance within twelve hours from the time the case is first seen by him. Such report shall be made by telephone or, if so required by the Health Officer, report shall be made in writing. All cases found in Group B mentioned in Chapter 1 Section 2, in this ordinance shall be reported to the Village Clerk in writing on forms provided by the Health Officer. Cases coming within Group B shall not be reported by telephone.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of every householder, in case a physician is not in attendance, and every hotel or lodging house keeper, manager, superintendent or person in charge of any correctional institution, and every public or private hospital, dispensary, clinic, laboratory, asylum, charitable institution, or captain master or person in charge of any vessel in the Village of Bloomfield Hills, to report to the Clerk of the Village of Bloomfield Hills the full name, age and address of every person who is affected with or suspected to be affected with any of the diseases mentioned in Chapter 1, Section 2, of this ordinance, within twelve hours from the time that the information comes to his attention.

Section 3. Cases of Ophthalmia neonatorum shall be reported to a physician and to the Village Clerk within six hours from the time the disease is suspected by the caretaker of the child, as required by State law.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of every physician or other informed person to report to the Village Clerk the full name, age and address of every person who has been bitten (a) by rabid animal, (b) by animal suspected being rabid, within twelve hours from the time such fact comes to his knowledge.

Chapter 3

**Period of Incubation and Quarantine for Certain Diseases**

Section 1. For the purposes of this ordinance, the maximum period of incubation for the following communicable diseases is hereby declared to be as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Chicken pox | 21 days |
| Measles | 14 days |
| Mumps | 21 days |
| Poliomyelitis | 14 days |
| Scarlet Fever | 7 days |
| Smallpox | 20 days |
| Typhoid fever | 21 days |
| Paratyphoid fever | 21 days |
| Whooping cough | 14 days |

Section 2. For the purpose of this ordinance, the minimum period of quarantine for the following communicable diseases is hereby declared to be as follows:

Diphtheria. Until two successive negative cultures have been obtained from the nose and throat at intervals of not less than forty-eight hours, the first of such cultures being taken not less than eight days from the onset of the disease.

Scarlet Fever. Until twenty-eight days after the development of the disease and until all discharge from the nose and throat and ears of suppurating glands has ceased.

Smallpox. Until 14 days after the development of the disease and until scabs have all separated and the scars completely healed. Isolation for the above mentioned diseases may be established at the discretion of the Health Officer or his representative.

Section 3. For the purpose of this ordinance, the minimum period of isolation for the following communicable diseases is hereby declared to be as follows:

Chickenpox. Until ten days after the appearance of the eruption and until the crusts have fallen and the scars are completely healed.

Epidemic Cerebrospinal Meningitis. Until two weeks after the temperature has become normal, or until two successive cultures from the naso-pharnyx at intervals of not less than two days shall be free from meningococci.

Measles. Until at least seven days after the appearance of the rash.

Mumps. Until one week after the disappearance of the swelling.

Poliomyelitis. Until three weeks from the date of the onset of the disease.

Typhoid or Paratyphoid fever or Dysentery. Until the fever has disappeared for one week, and if the patient's occupation involves the handling of milk, dairy products or other food, until all signs of the disease and all secondary complications incited by the agent of these diseases have disappeared, and until two successive specimens of the feces and urine of the patient, taken at intervals of not less than seven days, have been examined at a laboratory approved by the Health Officer and found to be free from this specific organism.

Whooping Cough. Four weeks, or until one week after the last characteristic cough.

Section 4. Whenever it is the belief of the Health Officer that the health of the public will be better safeguarded, special periods of quarantine or isolation may be required.

Chapter 5

**General Provisions for Controlling Communicable Diseases**

Section 1. For the purposes of the control of communicable diseases within the Village of Bloomfield Hills, the Health Officer shall use the following general means:

Diseases: Cholera (Asiatic) plague, smallpox.

Report of case, quarantine of patient at home or in hospital, supervision, examination or immunization, or both, of contacts, education, concurrent or terminal disinfections, warning by placard, provision if necessary for adequate number of guards, reinspection and such special measures as may be necessary.

Section 2. Diseases: Anthrax, diphtheria, dysentery (amebic and bacillary), epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis, glanders, measles, poliomyelitis, scarlet fever, Paratyphoid fever, typhoid fever.

Report of case, quarantine or isolation of patient at home or in hospital, examination or immunization, or both, of contacts, education, concurrent and terminal disinfection, reinspection and with the approval of the Health Officer or his representative, susceptible contacts may be transferred to suitable homes during the period of quarantine of the patient. While the patient is in quarantine or isolation at home, a placard shall be posted at the home.

Section 3. Diseases: Erysipelas, rubella, trachoma, ophthalmia neonatorum, chickenpox.

Report of case, isolation of case at home or hospital, education, concurrent and terminal disinfection, and such special measures as may be necessary.

Section 4. Diseases: Influenza (epidemic), pneumonia (lobar or broncho), epidemic or streptococcus (septic) sore throat.

Report of case, isolation of case at home or hospital, concurrent disinfection, education, contacts required to avoid public assemblies and instructed to use unusual care in the disposal of discharges from the nose and throat. At the discretion of the Health Officer a warning placard may be posted at the place where the patient is isolated.

Section 5. Diseases: Actinomycosis, anchylostomiasis, favus, leprosy, lethargic encephalitis, mumps, rabies, tetanus, tuberculosis.

Report of case, education of case and contacts, concurrent and terminal disinfection, reinspection and special measures as may be deemed necessary by the Health Officer.

Section 6. Disease: Chancroid, gonorrhea, syphilis.

Report of case, treatment of case until cured by a physician or by special clinic of the County Department of Health, apprehension of person source of infection for purposes of treatment, education and concurrent disinfection. At the discretion of the Health Officer the patient may be quarantined either at home or at hospital and a placard posted at the place of quarantine.

Section 7. Diseases: Dengue, malaria and yellow fever.

Report of case, isolation of case under screen during prevalence of mosquitoes, education of case and contacts, anti-mosquito activity and reinspection.

Section 8. Diseases: Rocky Mountain spotted or tick fever, typhus fever.

Report of case, isolation of case, education of case and contacts, anti-vermin activity and reinspection.

Section 9. Diseases: Whooping Cough.

Report of case, education, patient not permitted in public assemblies, public conveyances or crowds. With the approval of the Health Officer or his representative, susceptible contacts may be transferred to suitable homes during the acute illness of the patient. At the discretion of the Health Officer a warning placard may be posted at the place where the patient is isolated.

Section 10. Diseases: Botulism, trichinosis, food poisoning.

Report of case, education, investigation of food supply. At the discretion of the Health Officer or his duly appointed representative, the infected or decomposed food may be declared garbage and destroyed.

Section 11. Whenever a case of smallpox, cholera (Asiatic), diphtheria, dysentery, epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis, glanders, measles, plague, poliomyelitis, scarlet fever, para-typhoid fever, typhoid fever or smallpox exists in any house, apartment or rooms, a placard shall be posted upon such house or apartment or rooms in which case the room is quarantined or isolated, near the entrance thereof.

Section 12. Whenever requested by the physician or other interested person, or whenever, in the opinion of the Health Officer, the public health requires it, the Health Officer may order any person affected with any communicable disease listed in Chapter 1, Section 2, of this ordinance to be placed in a proper isolation hospital provided by the County or if any other hospital designated by the Health Officer for that purpose and cared for therein, which care shall be at the expense of the person himself, his parents or other person who may be liable for his support unless patient is declared to be indigent.

Section 13. School children suffering from a communicable disease or from a suspected communicable disease, and the children specially exposed to such case of communicable disease shall be excluded from school at the direction of the Health Officer.

Section 14. Any person who is a carrier of the disease germs of Asiatic cholera, bacillary dysentery, diphtheria, epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis, typhoid fever, paratyphoid fever, shall be subject to the special rules and regulations of the Health Officer.

Chapter 5

**Special Provisions for Controlling Certain Diseases**

Section 1. It shall be the duty of the Health Officer to provide at public expense for all persons in need of the same, who are not able to pay for it:

(a) Vaccination against smallpox.

(b) Typhoid immunization. Provided that whenever, in the opinion of the Health Officer, the public health will be safeguarded thereby, general immunization against smallpox or typhoid fever may be required.

(c) Tetanus antitoxin.

(d) Diphtheria antitoxin.

Section 2. When a case of anthrax, cholera (Asiatic), diphtheria, plague, scarlet fever, smallpox or such other diseases as the Health Officer may require, is reported to the Village Clerk, it shall be immediately investigated by the Health Officer or his representative. If the case is reported as a suspicious case, diagnostician shall be sent to examine and report on the case. If he is unable to make the diagnosis at once, the patient shall be put in quarantine until a diagnosis can be made.

Section 3. When a case of diphtheria is reported to the Village Clerk, the Health Officer or his representative shall take a culture from the nose and throat of every person who resides in the household or has been in intimate contact with the patient. Contacts under five years of age should at once receive immunizing doses of diphtheria antitoxin. The remaining contacts should receive diphtheria antitoxin only upon the onset of either symptom.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of every physician when he is attending a person affected with syphilis, gonorrhea or chancroid, to instruct such person in the precautions to be taken in order to avoid the communication of this disease to others, and to inform him of the necessity of continuing treatment until cured; and further, to hand to him a circular of information and advice issued or approved by the Health Officer.

Section 5. Whenever a case of smallpox occurs, the case shall be immediately quarantined at the residence if practicable, or at the discretion of the Health Officer or his representative the case shall be removed promptly to a communicable disease hospital. Every inmate of the household where such case occurs, and every person who has had contact with such case of his secretions or excretions, shall be vaccinated (unless immune) within three days of his first exposure to the disease. When vaccinated, the name and address of such person shall be taken, and such person shall be kept under observation; such observation shall continue until successful vaccination results, or for at least twenty days. If such person refuses to be vaccinated, he shall be quarantined until, in the opinion of the Health Officer, his release will not imperil the public health.

Chapter 6

**Movement of Infected Persons or Things Restricted**

Section 1. No person shall bring into the Village of Bloomfield Hills any person affected with a communicable disease or any person or article which has been exposed to such disease (mentioned in Chapter 1, Section 2, of this ordinance) without an arrangement previously made with the Health Officer of the Village of Bloomfield Hills.

Section 2. No person shall, in the Village of Bloomfield Hills, carry, move or cause to be moved in any manner whatsoever, through any public street or place any person affected with any communicable disease, or any person or article that has been exposed to such disease, nor shall any person remove or cause to be removed in the Village of Bloomfield Hills any such article or person from any building or vessel to any other building or vessel or to the above without permission from the Health Officer or his representative.

Chapter 7

**Sanitation, Cleansing or Disinfection**

Section 1. Spitting upon floors of public buildings or buildings used for public assemblages or upon the floors or platforms or any part of any railway or ferry boat or other public conveyance is forbidden. Expectoration may be made into gutters or receptacles prepared for the same.

Section 2. In order to prevent the conveyance of infectious material to others, all persons are required in coughing or sneezing properly to cover their nose and mouth with a handkerchief or other protective tissue.

Section 3. No person, firm, corporation or owner in charge of or in control of any lavatory or washroom in any hotel, lodging house, restaurant, factory, office building, school building, railway or trolley station or public conveyance, such refined hand or water shall provide in or about such lavatories any towel for common use. The term "common use" in this Regulation shall construed to mean for use by more than one person without cleansing.

Section 4. The use of common drinking cups and common utensils in any public place or public institution, hotel, saloon, lodging house, theatre, factory, store, school or public hall or in any railway or trolley car or ferry boat, or in any railway, or trolley car or ferry house or station, or the furnishing of any such common drinking cups or eating utensils for common use in such places is prohibited. The term "common use" in this ordinance shall be construed to mean for use by more than one person without adequate cleansing.

Section 5. Adequate cleansing of rooms, furniture and belongings, when deemed necessary by the Health Officer or his representative, shall immediately follow the recovery, death or removal of persons affected with communicable disease. Cleaning shall be secured by the thorough removal of dust and other contaminating material in such a way as to prevent its entry into other rooms or buildings, by washing with soap and water, scouring, airing and exposure to sunlight. Such cleaning shall be performed by and at the expense of the occupants of said premises. If, after forty-eight hours from the time the occupants of said premises have been notified regarding the cleansing of the rooms, furniture and belongings, the requirements of the Health Officer have not been complied with, a placard in words and form substantially as follows may be placed upon the door of the infected premises:

"These premises have been occupied by a person infected with a communicable disease. They must not be occupied until the orders of the Health Officer directing its cleansing have been complied with."

This notice must not be removed under penalty of the law, except by the authorized representative of the Health Officer.

Section 6. Adequate renovation of premises, when deemed necessary by the Health Officer or his representative, shall immediately follow the recovery, death or removal of any person affected with a communicable disease. Such renovation shall be secured by removing old paper from the walls and ceilings, repainting, recalcimining or repapering the walls and ceiling and woodwork, as may be ordered by the Health Officer or his representative. Such renovation shall be performed by and at the expense of said occupants of premises or his agent, under the direction of the Health Officer or his representative.

Section 7. Adequate disinfection of premises, furniture and belongings, where deemed necessary by the Health Officer or his representative, shall immediately follow the recovery, death or removal of any person affected with a communicable disease. Disinfection of rooms shall be secured by the use of such disinfectants and in such quantities and in such manner as the Health Officer may require. When gaseous disinfection or fumigation is used, all rugs, carpets, upholstered furniture and such textile fabric in the room as cannot, in the opinion of the Health Officer or his representative, be washed or soaked in a disinfectant solution, may be removed for a disinfection by steam. Then all cracks and crevices and openings into the room shall be pasted over with paper, after which the fumigation shall proceed. Such disinfection shall be performed by and under the direction of the Health Officer or his representative, and shall be performed at the public expense unless otherwise provided pursuant to law.

Section 8. Furniture, bedding, clothing, carpets, rugs and other articles which may have been contaminated with infected material from any case of anthrax, cholera (Asiatic), diphtheria, scarlet fever, plague or smallpox, and which are of such a nature or in such condition that they cannot, in the opinion of the Health Officer or his representative, be properly cleansed, disinfected or sterilized, shall, upon his orders, be destroyed in the manner designated by him, provided, however, that such property shall be appraised by two disinterested persons appointed by the Health Officer, in order that compensation may be considered therefor by the Village Commissioners.

Chapter 8

**Provision for the Control of Dangerous or Careless Persons Affected with Communicable Diseases**

Section 1. If any person affected with or suspected of being infected with a venereal disease or disease mentioned in Chapter 1, Section 2, of this ordinance, in the judgment of any person of physician, may be a menace to the public health, said physician or complainant shall immediately report the name and address of said person to the Health Officer, whereupon the Health Officer or his representative shall investigate the report, and if by suitable examination of the alleged case he shall determine that the person is a menace, as alleged, the Health Officer shall take such procedure as will prevent said person from continuing a menace to the public health. All persons known to be common prostitutes or reasonably suspected and believed to be such, or any inmate of a house of ill fame, or any man found to be associating with or consorting with a common prostitute or an inmate of a house of ill fame, shall be deemed to be suspected cases, and shall be subject to arrest and examination at such places and times as the Health Officer may direct. If any person reasonably suspected by the Health Officer or his representative of being infected with any of the said diseases, refuses to submit to the examination, such refusal shall be prima facie evidence that such person is so infected and shall justify the quarantining and isolation of any such person.

Section 2. If any person affected or suspected of being affected with any disease mentioned in Chapter 1, Section 2, of this ordinance shall violate any provisions of this ordinance by which the public is safeguarded against such disease, and in the judgment of any group or of a physician attending him, said patient or suspected person is a menace to the public health, and physician or complainant shall immediately report the name and address of said person to the Health Officer, whereupon the Health Officer or his representative shall investigate the report, and if the person is a menace, as alleged, the Health Officer shall take such procedure as will prevent said person from continuing a menace to the public health. The expense for such procedure shall be borne by the patient insofar as he is able to pay.

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**Miscellaneous**

Section 1. No person suffering from a communicable disease or who is a carrier of the infectious agent of such disease, shall be employed in the handling of milk or milk products or the handling of foods for public consumption.

Section 2. No person infected with any of the diseases mentioned in Chapter 1, Section 2, Group B, in the infective stage shall engage in the occupation of nurse, nursemaid, domestic servant, barber, hair dresser, chiropodist, manicurist, beauty parlor operator or any other occupation in which he may infect others. No person affected with gonorrhea in the infective stage shall engage in any occupation which involves intimate contact with children.

Section 3. The Health Officer or his representative is hereby given authority to inspect all bacteriological or clinical laboratories in which material from persons affected with communicable diseases is examined in the Village of Bloomfield Hills. He may advise the person in charge of such laboratory as to the methods employed in the examination of said material, and such person in charge of the laboratory shall make such report to the Village Clerk as the Health Officer may require.

Chapter 10

**Duties of Undertakers with Respect to the Bodies Dying of Certain Communicable Diseases**

Section 1. It shall be the duty of every undertaker taking charge of the preparation for burial of the body of any person, to ascertain from the surgeon, physician of a communicable disease, and if such person died of anthrax, cholera (Asiatic) diphtheria, epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis, glanders, plague, scarlet fever, smallpox, typhus fever, it shall be his duty to cause it immediately to be wrapped in a sheet saturated with disinfectant solution and promptly thereafter placed in a coffin or casket which shall then be immediately and permanently closed. This regulation shall not be construed to prohibit the embalming of any such body, but the undertaker shall cause such embalming to be done immediately upon taking charge of the body, except when a coroner's investigation is required. Immediately after embalming he shall cause such body to be wrapped in a sheet and placed in a coffin, or casket as hereinabove directed.

Section 2. After handling, embalming or preparing for burial the body of a person dead of any of the communicable diseases enumerated in Chapter 10, Section 1, of this ordinance, such parts of the body, garments and utensils or other articles of the undertaker or his assistants as may have been liable to contamination with infected materials shall be immediately cleansed and disinfected or sterilized in a manner approved by the Health Officer.

Chapter 11

**Enforcement of this Ordinance**

Section 1. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this ordinance or refusing to comply with any of the rules and regulations issued by the Health Officer under the provisions of this ordinance shall be punished by a fine of not less than $25.00 and not to exceed $100.00 or imprisonment in the Oakland County Jail for a period not to exceed ninety days or both, such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

Section 2. This ordinance as to matters to which it relates in the Village of Bloomfield Hills shall supercede all rules and regulations or Ordinances heretofore enacted inconsistent therewith.

Section 3. This ordinance is hereby declared to be immediately necessary for the preservation of public peace, health and safety, and shall be given immediate effect.

Approved June, 1927.

LUTHER ALLEN,
Village President.

Attest:
WILLIAM STORY,
Village Clerk.

The above ordinance will take effect on the 24th day of June, 1927.

WILLIAM STORY,
Village Clerk.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE-SALE

Default having been made in the terms and conditions of a certain mortgage made by Alf Lundgren, a single man, of the Village of Lake, County of Oakland and State of Michigan, to D. J. McNiel of the City of Detroit, State of Michigan, which said mortgage was dated the Eleventh day of October, A. D. 1926, and was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Oakland County, in Liber 449, pages 387-90, Oakland County Records on October 12, 1926, whereby the power of sale in said mortgage contained has become operative.

There is by reason of said default now due and unpaid at the date of this notice upon said mortgage principal and interest the sum of $5433.00 and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof; now therefore by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the Eleventh day of July, A. D. 1927, at twelve o'clock noon of said day, Eastern Standard Time, the undersigned will sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House in the City of Pontiac, that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Oakland is held, the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount due as aforesaid on said mortgage together with seven per cent interest, insurance premium and all legal costs allowed by law and provided for in said mortgage, including attorney fee, the following described premises situated in Township of Royal Oak, County of Oakland, State of Michigan, described as follows:

Lot numbered One Hundred Ninety-one (191) of Edna E. Taylor's Larkmoor Blvd. Subdivision of part of Sections 16 and 17, being in Town 1, North, Range 11 East, Royal Oak Township, Oakland County, Michigan, according to the plat thereof as recorded in Liber 9, page 8 of Plats, Oakland County Records.

Dated April 6, 1927.

D. J. McNIEL,
Mortgagee.

TORBERT & ALLERTON,
Attorneys,
Business Address:
605 Murphy Bldg.
Highland Park, Michigan. 61-11

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## Notice To Contractors

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Village Clerk, Birmingham, Michigan, until ten (10) o'clock A. M., Eastern Standard Time, on Monday, June 27, 1927, and will be tabulated and publicly read at Eight (8) o'clock P. M. of the same date, for the construction of the following approximate quantities of one course sidewalk.

4 ft. 0 in. wide by 4 in. thick—20500 sq. ft.
5 ft. 0 in. wide by 4 in. thick—15000 sq. ft.
Crosswalks 5 ft. 0 in. wide by 6 in. thick—3700 sq. ft.

Proposals will be on a square foot basis for the various types of construction.

The specifications under which the work will be done may be obtained upon application to the Village Manager.

A certified check for the sum of $300.00 will be required with each proposal as a guarantee of good faith and subject to the stipulations contained in the proposal form.

The Village reserves the right to reject any or all proposals, to waive defects in proposals or to accept any proposal that may be of advantage to the Village.

(Signed)
HAZEL E. LAWLER,
Village Clerk,
Birmingham, Michigan.

## NOTICE

BIDS WANTED FOR REMOVAL OF RUBBISH from Bloomfield Hills Village to the Public Dump at Ward Gravel Pit, Orchard Lake Road. Said bid to be in hands of Village Clerk not later than July 5th, 1927.

WM. STORY,
Clerk of Bloomfield Hills Village.

## Village Taxes Due July 1st, 1927

NOTICE is hereby given that Village Taxes for the fiscal year 1927 are due and payable at the office of the Village Treasurer July 1, 1927.

Payable without penalty up to and including July 31, 1927.

One per cent penalty from August 1 to September 1, 1927, inclusive. Four per cent penalty from September 1 to October 31, 1927, inclusive. No taxes accepted by Village Treasurer after October 31, 1927, as the tax roll will be in the hands of the County Treasurer at Pontiac for collection. All taxes unpaid after October 31, 1927, will bear the four per cent penalty plus three-quarters of one per cent for each additional month or fraction thereof.

Charles E. Plumstead
Treasurer, Village of Birmingham.