THE BEST FURNITURE VALUES

There is but one dealer who offers positively the best values in Furniture, Rugs, Stoves, etc., and for a great many reasons—like direct factory carload buying for cash, large sales, small expense, suburban location, etc. D. K. Smith, of Royal Oak, is that dealer.

No other dealer in this country sells Furniture, etc., at so small a margin over factory cost as he does.

While other dealers may not tell you so, yet they know that he does, and have requested him to raise his prices, telling him that it is foolishness for him to sell at prices so much lower than other dealers do.

Fetch along the Special-Sale advertisements of other dealers and get their prices, and come to us and see how much lower we sell even their advertised leaders than they do.

A $50,000.00 stock to select from. Free delivery to your door. Complete outfits our specialty, but small orders also desired.

D. K. SMITH

ROYAL OAK

A City Business at a Suburban Store's Expense.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, in the Circuit Court for the County of Oakland in Chancery. Cassius M. Toms, et al. Plaintiffs, vs. The unknown wife of Philo Phillips, et al., Defendants. At a session of said court held at the Court House in the City of Pontiac, in said county, on the 2nd day of January, 1917. Present, Honorable George W. Smith, Circuit Judge. In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the unknown wife of Philo Phillips, Andapasa Colvin, Luther Phillips, the unknown wife of Lafayette Phillips, Orrin Fopplston, Stephen Baldwin, Darius Hoxsie and John E. Baker, their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns, are necessary and proper parties to the above entitled cause and it further appearing to the court that the said defendants are dead or their residence unknown except the said John E. Baker. On motion of Andrew I. Moore, Attorney for said plaintiffs, it is ordered that the appearance of the said defendants, their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns, be entered in this cause within three months from the date of this order and that in case of their appearance or the appearance of any of them, that they respectively cause their answer or answers to the bill of complaint in this cause to be filed and a copy thereof to be served upon the attorney for plaintiffs within fifteen days after service upon them or such of them as shall appear respectively or their respective attorneys, of a copy of said bill and notice of this order and that in default thereof, that said bill be taken as confessed by them, the said defendants, their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns. It is further ordered that within twenty days from the date of this order the said plaintiffs cause a copy of this order to be published in the Birmingham Eccentric, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in the Village of Birmingham, said County of Oakland, and that such publication be continued therein once in each week for at least six successive weeks or that they cause a copy of this order to be personally served on each of the said defendants, their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for their appearance.

GEORGE W. SMITH,
Circuit Judge.

Countersigned,
MAUDE E. MIDGELEY,
Deputy County Clerk.
ANDREW I. MOORE,
Attorney for Plaintiffs,
Pontiac, Michigan.

To the within named defendants: This suit is brought to quiet the title to the following described parcels of land:

The west thirty acres of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-two (22), town two north, range ten east. Also the east part of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-two (22), town two north, range ten east; commencing at the northeast corner of said lot, and running thence south two (2) degrees east, twenty (20) chains and seventy-nine (79) links; thence south eighty-nine (89) degrees west ten (10) chains twelve (12) links; thence north one-half (1-2) degree west twenty (20) chains and seventy-nine (79) links; thence north eighty-nine (89) degrees east nine (9) chains and fourteen (14) links to the place of beginning, containing twenty acres of land.

Which said premises are more particularly described as follows:

Parcel A. Beginning at a point in the center of the Lone Pine road, from which the quarter section corner, on the east boundary of section 22, town two north range ten east, bears north 89 degrees, 20 minutes east, 311.5 feet; thence south 1 degree 30 minutes east, 1425 feet; thence south 38 degrees, 45 minutes west, 396.55 feet; thence north 1 degree 30 minutes west, 1429.04 feet to the center line of the Lone Pine road; thence north 89 degrees 20 minutes east along the center line of the Lone Pine road, 396.5 feet to the place of beginning containing thirteen (13) acres of land more or less.

Parcel B. Beginning at a point in the center of the Lone Pine road from which the quarter section corner on the east boundary of section 22, town two north, range ten east, bears north 89 degrees 20 minutes east, 708.3 feet; thence south 1 degree 30 minutes east, 1429.05 feet; thence south 88 degrees 45 minutes west, 563.55 feet; thence north one degree 10 minutes east, 1436.50 feet; thence north 89 degrees 20 minutes east, 496.94 feet to the place of beginning, and containing 17.428 acres of land more or less.

Parcel C. Beginning at a point in the center of the Lone Pine road, from which the quarter section corner on the east boundary of section 22, town two north, range ten east, bears north 89 degrees 20 minutes east, 1205.24 feet; thence south 1 degree 30 minutes west, 1378.8 feet; thence south 88 degrees 55 minutes west, 435 feet; thence north 2 degrees 33 minutes east, 1385.58 feet; thence north 89 degrees 20 minutes east, 601.26 feet to the place of beginning, containing 19.593 acres of land more or less.

State of Michigan, County of Oakland, ss.

I, Maude E. Midgley, Deputy Clerk of said County of Oakland, and Clerk of the Circuit Court for said County, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing copy of order of publication in case of Cassius M. Toms, et al., vs. The unknown wife of Philo Phillips, et al., with the original record thereof, now remaining in my office and that it is a true and correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of such original record.

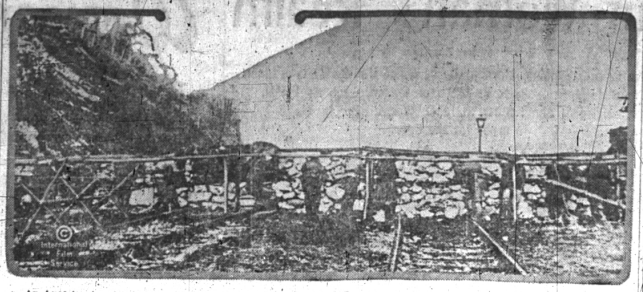
In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the seal of said Court and County, this 2nd day of January, A. D. 1917.

MAUDE E. MIDGLEY,
Deputy Clerk.
(Seal) 12Jan-23Feb

Songs Inspire Shower of Crockery.

Street singing is an especially Neapolitan institution, and when for the first time one hears beneath his window the more often than not offkey versions of the snappy, lilting, inexpressibly infectious Neapolitan songs he is enchanted and throws pennies freely. After a week or so of it as a steady diet, day and night, he inclines much more to heavy crockery.—National Geographic Magazine.

AUSTRIAN BARRICADE ACROSS A RAILWAY



An Austrian barricade built across railroad tracks on the Italian front.

RADIUM IS USED WITH SUCCESS IN ADVANCED CASES OF CANCER

Important Palliative Results Have Been Obtained, but It Cannot Be Relied Upon to Effect a Permanent Cure in Late Stages of Inoperable Tumors, Is the Message of Science to the Public.

New York.—Although radium has produced very important palliative results in advanced cases of cancer, and has even, in a considerable number of cases, apparently caused a complete disappearance of the disease, yet it cannot be relied upon to effect a permanent cure in the late stages of inoperable tumors, and therefore the importance of early diagnosis of cancer is again emphasized. Such is the essential message from science to the public on the present status of the radium treatment, according to Dr. James Ewing of Cornell University Medical college who took part in a symposium on this disease held this afternoon at the American Museum of Natural History under the auspices of Section K (Physiology and Experimental Medicine) of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Other papers of special scientific interest were presented by a number of the foremost students of the cancer problem.

Doctor Ewing spoke from his experience with the radium treatment of cancer at the Memorial hospital with which he is connected as director of Cancer Research and which is receiving, through the generosity of Dr. James Douglas, a large part of the radium now produced under improved processes by the United States Bureau of Mines in co-operation with the National Radium Institute.

Remarkably Little Scarring.

According to the speaker the use of radium in cancer has within the last ten years established itself as an excellent method of dealing with benign and malignant tumors of the skin which, when properly applied, it usually removes promptly and with remarkably little scarring. In the major types of cancer of the accessible mucous membranes radium has also achieved considerable success. It has been chiefly tested in uterine cancer in which disease it has accomplished radical improvement of many inoperable cases and several apparently complete cures as attested by post-mortem examination, after the patients had died from other causes. A number of foreign surgeons state that their results are better than with surgery and they employ radium in both operable and inoperable uterine cases. The leading American surgeons who are using radium obtain equally good results, but take the opposite position that they prefer to operate in suitable cases.

According to the speaker, much the same situation exists in regard to many other forms of accessible cancer, while a few authorities even report apparent success with such difficult cases as those of the lip, tongue, rectum, etc. "It has become apparent," said Doctor Ewing, "that success depends very largely upon the skill and accuracy of application, upon a knowledge of the anatomical character of the particular tumors treated, and above all, upon attacking the disease before it is too far advanced."

Limitations of Radium.

Referring to the limitations of radium therapy as "numerous and formidable," Doctor Ewing pointed out that "the supply of this metal is small and generally restricted to a few institutions. The requisite skill to apply it safely and effectively and to choose suitable cases is still more restricted. Beginners often do more harm than good and it is easy to discredit the agent entirely. The methods are badly in need of standardization. Underdosage may destroy superficial tumor cells only and leave the deeper ones to grow in the inflamed tissues. Overdosage causes the destruction of normal or diseased tissues, resulting in fistulas, hemorrhage and severe infection. With repeated doses tumor cells appear to become less and normal tissue more susceptible. Excessive scarring often results and prolonged exposure to large amounts often causes a peculiar and severe form of general intoxication. Several workers have had fatal results from their attempts to cure advanced cases. Finally, radium has only a local effect, extending at most to a depth of six to ten centimeters, and if it has any constitutional influence this cannot be relied upon to deal with extensive local or generalized cancer. Under these circumstances, a general recommendation to the public to resort to radium for all types and stages of cancer is decidedly inadvisable."

Future of Radium.

With reference to the future of radium, Doctor Ewing did not venture a forecast, but pointed out that very great significance must be attached to its selective action on many kinds of tumor tissue. In spite of rapid improvement in the technique of application, the speaker believed that on the whole the methods are still comparatively crude, although he had little doubt that exact dosage and accurate adjustment of the apparatus can be worked out to a much greater degree than is now accomplished. "For inoperable cases," Doctor Ewing said, in conclusion, "the value of radium, although great, is perhaps already overestimated. To what extent it may establish itself in the treatment of operable cases it remains for the future to decide."

Dr. Joseph C. Bloodgood of Johns-Hopkins University spoke from the surgeon's point of view on cancer in the human being, dwelling especially upon the importance of the pre-existing lesions which may develop into cancer and in the treatment and removal of which lies the chief opportunity of preventing this disease. Doctor Bloodgood made it clear that cancer in its early stages is easily cured. "The disease," he said, "usually springs from a pre-existing lesion allowed to go unattended. Chronic irritation of a sore may also contribute. In external cancer the warning is visible or can be felt. Unfortunately, pain is rarely present. A mole, a wart, a small area covered with a scab, a small lump or nodule beneath the skin, an unhealed wound, all of these may indicate potential cancer. The appearance of these defects should mean a call upon the physician for examination as to the probability of incipient cancer. Nothing is lost by taking the precaution if symptoms are not found and, on the other hand, the risk is too great to allow the warnings to go unheeded. The question in this case is decided by the physician, and in many cases a minor operation removes a probable cause of the disease."

Always Gives Warning.

"No man ever yet had a cancer on the lip or tongue without first experiencing some warning," continued the speaker. "The defect may be a burn from continued smoking or an irritation from ragged teeth. The probabilities of a cure are excellent when men heed such signals of possible danger and are treated at once. Tobacco users are more subject to cancer than those who do not use it. There is no means of preventing cancer of the breast, the appearance of a lump or a discharge from the nipple being the first sign, but when such lumps are at once removed on their discovery, half will be found benign, that is, not cancerous. The removal of benign lumps undoubtedly prevents cancer in many cases, since modern medicine clearly recognizes the danger of benign lumps turning to malignant disease of the breast. The chances of permanent recovery in true breast cancer vary with the exact type of the disease, but are excellent if it is recognized early and completely removed. The chance of recovery grows less and less as the delay is more and more protracted until cancer is incurable from the extent of the local or general involvement. Cancer of the stomach is a more difficult proposition, but even in such cases there is usually a warning. Abnormal sensations of daily recurrence should not be neglected. So-called indigestion or what is styled 'colic' may be the warning. The chances are that it is not, but it may be so. If the pain, the sensations, the message from this part of the body come at time and time again, especially among people over thirty or forty years of age, a physician should surely be consulted."

Nothing to Be Ashamed of.

"The mortality from cancer," concluded the speaker, "could be reduced considerably if the average person knew how to take care of himself. It is not a 'blood disease.' It is not a disease which people have any reason to be ashamed of. So far as physicians can tell, it is not brought on by ill-health or food. It comes to healthy persons, the healthy man or the healthy woman; but if the simple, easily noticed warnings be heeded the task becomes comparatively easy and the 'only miracle we have to perform is to educate a million people where we now educate one."

A historical survey of the crusade against cancer through the education of the public was given by Curtis E. Lakeman, executive secretary of the American Society for the Control of Cancer. He said that the first widely known campaign of this kind was initiated by Professor Winter of Koenigsberg, Prussia, in 1891. As a result the cancer death rate of that vicinity had been definitely lowered and a large increase in the number of women applying for treatment in the early and operable stages of the disease had been noticed.

Old Man, Never Sick.

Shelby, N. C.—B. F. Jolly, a farmer and lifelong Democrat, was in Shelby recently. He was seventy-two years of age on January 1, and in all of this long life he has never taken a dose of medicine of any kind, never had a physician, never been under the influence of strong drink, and during the four years of war, when he served with the Confederate army, he never missed a roll call.

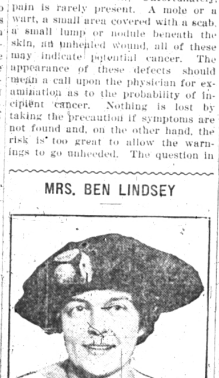
BALKS AT TRIP FOR "REMAINS"

Chicago.—Jerry Cohan, an undersized messenger boy, started north the other day from the Auditorium hotel office with a sealed message reading, "Bring remains of Mr. Rosenfield from Graceland cemetery to Mrs. Rosenfield, No. —— street."

Jerry began wondering what message carried him to a cemetery. Opening the message, he read it, then got off the car, and returned to the hotel, where he told Miss Flynn, "Say, I will carry anything but a 'stiff.' I balk at the 'stiff,'" and left the hotel for home.

Another messenger delivered the message and took the "remains," which had been cremated, to the proper person.

MRS. BEN LINDSEY



Mrs. Ben Lindsey, wife of Judge Lindsey of the Denver juvenile court, who will shortly star in the movies. She will act in a series of pictures built about her husband's work in his famous juvenile court.

MASONS CLOSE LONG MEETING

War Scare in Raleigh, N. C., in 1865, Prevented Observance of Ancient Ritual.

Raleigh, N. C.—After a lapse of 52 years, the longest Masonic "communication" on record came to an end one night recently, when John Nichols, master, formally "closed" a meeting of Hiram Lodge, No. 40, which began on April 17, 1865. Gov. Thomas W. Bickett, William W. Kitchen, formerly governor; Chief Justice Walter Clark and many other prominent Masons of the state attended.

Four days before the original convening of the lodge Raleigh had been surrendered to the Union army under Gen. William T. Sherman. News of the assassination of President Lincoln was received that evening after the lodge had gone into session.

Gen. John A. Logan, later vice president, who was in command of the city, learned that a division of negro troops had threatened to burn Raleigh. A major in a Maine regiment, a Mason, hurried to the lodge room and advised the master to send the brethren to their homes until a heavy guard of white troops, ordered by General Logan, could be thrown between the negro soldiers and the city.

Mr. Nichols was so excited by the news that he failed to "close" the lodge in due and ancient form. Now again elected master at the age of eighty-three years, after serving as guard master of the Grand Lodge of the state, he repaired his neglect

How's Business?

THIS ad. is directed at the man who has all the business in his line in this community.

¶ Mr. Merchant—You say you've got it all. You're selling them all they'll buy, anyhow. But at the same time you would like more business.

¶ Make this community buy more.

¶ Advertise strongly, consistently, judiciously.

¶ Suppose you can buy a lot of washtubs cheap; advertise a big washtub sale in this paper. Put in an inviting picture of a washtub where people can see it the minute they look at your ad. Talk strong on washtubs. And you'll find every woman in this vicinity who has been getting along with a rickety washtub for years and years will buy a new one from you.

¶ That's creative business power.

OUR AD. RATES ARE RIGHT —CALL ON US

Copyright, 1916, by N. A. C.

ORDER FOR PUBLICATION—Appointment of Administrator.

State of Michigan, the Probate Court for the County of Oakland. At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the City of Pontiac, in said county, on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1917. Present, Hon. Kleber P. Rockwell, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

WILLIAM J. McKINNEY, SR.,
Deceased.

Addie McKinney, widow of said deceased, having filed in said Court a petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to herself, or to some other suitable person,

It is ordered that the 19th day of February, A. D. 1917, at 2:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition. It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Birmingham Eccentric, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

KLEBER P. ROCKWELL,
(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.
JUDSON A. FREDENBURGH, Register of Probate
(Ban-Feb)

The Penalty for a Good Reputation

When an article has been on the market for years and has given complete satisfaction when used in thousands of homes it creates for itself a valuable reputation, yet at the same time this good reputation has its penalty.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound enjoys a splendid reputation, for it has been used for three generations. Its fair name and high repute have created a demand for it, and to supply this demand at a greater profit imitations and substitutes are offered.

Purchasers who know the original cannot be fooled by any "just as good" offering and it is worth the effort of any one who wants a reliable cough syrup to insist upon the original and genuine Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, which has proven so valuable for the relief of coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough.

"Baby Talk" Rebuked.

"Jack, look at the nice bow-wow," said a mother to her three-year-old son, out for a walk. Jack looked as directed, then up at his mother, and said solemnly, "I call that a dog."

Here's a Suggestion.

"Mebbe times wouldn't seem so tryin'," said Uncle Eben, "if dey could put some sport into de game of livin' an' give a cup or a medal or sumpin' fo' de champion economizer."

Erwin & Smith

Dealers in

Fresh and Salt Meats

Poultry, Etc.

ALL VEGETABLES IN SEASON

Great care is exercised buying only the choicest animals and meats and our customers can feel that they are always getting the best in the market.

Our deliveries are prompt.

We solicit a share of your patronage.

ERWIN & SMITH

STOUT SHOES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

You can depend on Pauli's Shoes for **Good Style Splendid Quality — at Prices Always Most Fair.**

We carry an excellent line of Shoes for the youngsters. Just the models they like.

Bring them in and let us fit them. We can please you in every way.

A FREE POULTRY TICKET
Given with each purchase of $1 or more.

HENRY W. PAULI
THE "WALK-OVER" STORE
PONTIAC

Time Table Changes

PONTIAC DIVISION
(Detroit United Railway)

Commencing
Monday, JAN. 22

Two-car Express Trains leave Birmingham for Detroit at 5:50 a. m., and half-hourly to 6:50 p. m.

These cars stop only at CAR HOUSE, WAITING ROOM, FRANK STREET and LINCOLN AVENUE, in Birmingham.

Express Cars leave Detroit at 6:05 a. m., and half-hourly to 7:35 p. m.

FOR LOCAL CARS INQUIRE OF TICKET AGENTS