

Council Proceedings

Regular adjourned meeting of Village Council, April 2, 1917.

President: T. W. Harris. Clerk: Thos. E. Harris. Trustees present: Brown, Bailey, Trumbull, Harris, Daines.

Trustees absent: Brown. Trumbull moved, Parks seconded that the petition of H. B. Clements & Others for a sewer on Pierce street, be received and referred to Sewer committee.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried. Trumbull moved, Parks seconded that the matter of a septic tank for the school at corner of Maple avenue west and Martin street be referred to Sewer committee.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried. Trumbull moved, Bailey seconded that we receive bids up to 8 o'clock Monday evening, April 9, 1917, for the sewer bond issue voted at the regular election March 12, 1917.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried. Brown presented himself at this time, 9 p. m.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried. Bailey seconded that the matter of crosswalks on Oakland avenue be referred to Street committee.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried. Brown moved, Daines seconded that water pipe be laid on the east side of Woodward avenue from Oak street to the house now built and owned by Mr. C. E. Jones.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried. Daines moved, Parks seconded, to adjourn.

THOS. E. HARRIS, Clerk.

W. B. HARRIS, Pres. Pro Tem.

Regular meeting of Village Council, April 9, 1917.

President: W. D. Clizbe; Clerk: Thos. E. Harris.

Trustees present: Brown, Bailey, Trumbull, Harris, Daines. Parks: Minutes of previous meetings of March 26, April 2, 1917, read and approved.

Parks presented himself at this time.

Brown moved, Harris seconded, that the bills be paid as read:

H. O. Field	\$ 2.25
Standard Oil Co.	14.50
Miner Grocery	26.74
Birmingham Hardware	7.41
Wellsen Wright	1.12
J. Bailey	2.40
Levi Allen	45.00
Guy Miller	22.50
Geo. Scott, Jr.	27.50
Chas. J. Shain	.65
Lawson & Erb	1.50
Grand Trunk	161.07
Huston Hardware	20.14
Frank Noid	15.00
H. C. Wilson	30.00
Birmingham Grocery	2.25
Pittsburg & Ohio Milk Co.	31.75
Geo. Haynes	27.62
Fred Goodwin	27.62
John Gavelick	20.00
Det. Edison Co.	20.00
Mich. State Tel. Co.	9.77
Dr. J. S. Campbell	125.50
Jas. McCullum	4.83
Mike Caspitor	4.83
Geo. Harry	9.75
John Dick	9.75
Geo. Borgie	4.83
Wal. Hunt	12.00
Geo. Scott, Jr.	43.83

Yea: Parks, Brown, Bailey, Trumbull, Harris.

Nays: None. Motion carried.

Trumbull moved, Brown seconded, that the school board be allowed to build a septic tank to within 15 feet of the corner of Martin street.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried.

Moved by Trustee Harris, supported by Trustee Trumbull that the following resolution be adopted and accepted:

Whereas, the Birmingham Service Company has made application to this council for permission to construct a single track spur line or switch which shall extend from the main line of the Railroad to the yards and warehouse of said Birmingham Service Company and which will, if constructed, cross Bowers street at a point about 15 feet easterly from said main line, and whereas, in the judgment of this council, permission to cross Bowers street as aforesaid should be granted on certain terms and conditions which have been agreed to by the said Birmingham Service Co., and

Whereas, a contract between this village and said Birmingham Service Co. has been submitted and appears to be in proper legal form and to embody all of the terms and conditions of such agreement. Therefore be it

Resolved that the President and clerk be and they are hereby empowered and directed to execute in duplicate said agreement, to deliver one copy thereof to said Birmingham Service Co. and to file the other copy in the office of the village clerk.

Roll call.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried.

Brown moved, Parks seconded that the bills for sewer bonds be laid on the table to next Monday night.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried.

Harris moved, Bailey seconded that the superintendent of public utilities salary be raised to \$125.00 per month.

Yea: Parks, Bailey, Brown, Trumbull, Harris.

Nays: None. Motion carried.

Harris moved, Parks seconded to adjourn to Monday, April 16, 1917.

THOS. E. HARRIS, Clerk.

W. D. CLIZBE, President.

Regular meeting of Village Council, April 16, 1917.

President: W. D. Clizbe; Clerk: Thos. E. Harris.

Trustees present: Brown, Harris, Trumbull, Bailey. Trustees absent: Daines, Parks. Bailey moved, Harris seconded that the letting of a lot at the southern end of Leeward avenue for garden purposes be referred to ways and means committee.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried.

Moved by Brown, seconded by Harris that the salary of superintendent of public utilities be \$125.00 per month.

Yea: Brown, Bailey, Trumbull, Harris.

Nays: None. Motion carried.

Brown moved, Harris seconded that the bills be paid as read:

Levi Miller	\$35.75
Wal. Hunt	40.83
Jas. McCullum	26.00
Harry Johnson	4.75
Geo. Borgie	23.25
Geo. Scott, Jr.	19.50
Geo. Harry	22.75
Mike Caspitor	19.50
Levi Allen	45.00
Geo. Scott, Jr.	19.50

Yea: Brown, Bailey, Trumbull, Harris.

Nays: None. Motion carried.

Communication of Albert Samson referred to ways and means committee.

The president appointed Dr. H. B. Haynes as health officer of this village.

Parks moved, Bailey seconded that the appointment of Dr. H. B. Haynes as health officer be approved.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried.

Brown moved, Bailey seconded that the ways and means committee be appointed to look after the matter of garbage disposal.

Yea: 5. Nays: None. Motion carried.

Brown moved, Harris seconded to adjourn to Monday, April 30, 1917.

THOS. E. HARRIS, Clerk.

W. D. CLIZBE, President.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The Baldwin High School is ready for the plasterers. The work of finishing the school for occupancy, September 1, should proceed rapidly.

The Mead Company of St. Louis, Mo., will furnish the gymnasium equipment for the Baldwin Building. The equipment for domestic science, manual training, and various laboratories will be furnished by the E. H. Shelton Co., Pittsburg & Ohio Milk Co.

Work has commenced on the septic tanks at the Baldwin Building. David Fleming has the contract for this work.

Senior class day exercises will be held Thursday evening, June 21, in the Methodist Church. Commencement will be held Friday evening, June 23, in the Methodist Church. Rev. Lloyd C. Douglas, of Ann Arbor, will deliver the commencement address.

Steady progress is being made in preparation for the opera, "The Pied Piper of Hamelin," which will be given under the direction of Miss Minnie Carter, supervisor of music, the latter part of May.

A fine flag has been placed in the high school session room as a gift from the pupils.

The base ball schedule for the B. H. S. is as follows:

April 27, Rochester at Birmingham.
May 2, Pontiac at Birmingham.
May 5, Colgate Institute at B'ham.
May 9, open.
May 11, Royal Oak at Royal Oak.
May 19, Colgate Institute at Windsor.

May 25, Royal Oak at Birmingham.
May 28, Pontiac at Pontiac.
June 1, Rochester at Rochester.
June 6, open.
June 9, open.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank the many friends and neighbors for their assistance during the illness and death of our son and brother, and also for the beautiful floral offerings. We deeply appreciate the kindness shown us.

MRS. ELA ROY AND FAMILY.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH NOTES.

REV. F. F. KRAFT, Rector.

Services for the third Sunday after Easter:

Morning service at 10:30.
Bible School at 12 noon.
A cordial welcome awaits you always at St. James'.

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GOOSE RAISING ON ROUGH PASTURE LAND

The Canary Islands represent one of those lands whose history is all in the past, says the Christian Science Monitor. The first mention of them comes through the elder Pliny, who tells how the Romans learned of their existence through Juba, king of Mauritania, and he gives an account of an expedition which the king made to the islands about the year 50 B. C. Pliny talks of "Canaria," so called from the multitude of dogs of great size, and speaks of its palms and pine trees, while he mentions also Siluria, probably Tenerife, the land "covered with clover." Then after the Canary Islands, save that they may possibly be the Isles of the Blessed of Ptolemy and Plutarch, sink back into the unknown for over twelve hundred years.

GOOSE ON A NEW ENGLAND FARM.

Pasturage is essential to the successful raising of geese, according to Farmers' Bulletin No. 707, recently issued by the United States department of agriculture.

The industry is at present on the basis of small flocks raised on general farms. If any, farms being devoted entirely to goose raising. In some producing sections, however, the fattening of geese is conducted as a special business. For this business the geese are usually raised from general farms, usually over a large area, and are fattened for several weeks before being killed.

Geese can be raised in small numbers successfully and at a profit, says the bulletin, on farms where there is low rough pasture land with a natural supply of food. Geese are generally quite free from disease and all insect pests, but occasionally are affected by the diseases common to poultry. Grass makes up the bulk of the feed for geese. It is a large source of food, and it is important that the grass be raised to the point where there is low rough pasture land with a natural supply of food.

Geese are generally raised where they have a good grass range or pasture, as they are good grazers and, except during the winter months, usually pick up most of their living. The pasture may be supplemented with light feeds of the common or home-grown grains or wet mash daily, the necessity and quality of this feed depending on the pasture. Geese do not need feed until they are twenty-four to thirty-six hours old, when they should be fed a mixture of the mash recommended for chickens or ducklings.

Preparation for Market. Before marketing the young geese the average farmer can feed advantageously a fattening range or pasture, while the geese are on grass range or confined to small yards, but it is doubtful whether it would pay him to confine them to feed ranges or pens and make a specialty of fattening unless he has a special market or retail trade for well-fattened stock.

Geese are usually killed and picked in the same manner as other kinds of poultry. Some markets prefer dry geese, while in other markets no difference is made in the price of scalded or dry-picked geese. When feathers are to be saved fowls should not be scalded, but should be picked dry before or after plucking. On the most farms where geese are raised the feathers are plucked from the live fowls at some time prior to molting.

About 1.1-1.2 pounds per pound is the average yield of feathers. Geese are worth from 30 cents to \$1 a pound, and the picking cost per goose is about 11 cents.

Breeds. Six breeds of geese have been admitted to the American standard of perfection, namely: Toulouse, Embden, Chinese, African, Wild Canadian and Egyptian. In addition to the standard breeds there is the so-called Mongrel goose, which is a hybrid made by crossing one of the varieties or the common goose with wild geese. Crosses of the varieties of geese, especially of the Toulouse and Embden, are occasionally made, but without apparent gain. The Toulouse, Embden, Chinese and African are easily the most popular breed of geese in this country, the first two greatly leading the other breeds. All economic breeds of geese are kept primarily for the production of flesh and feathers, and although their eggs are occasionally used for culinary purposes on the farm there is no demand for them for food purposes in the markets.

Incubation. Geese are fed a ration to produce eggs during the latter part of the winter or so that the goslings will be hatched by the time there is good pasture. They are allowed to make nests on the floor of the house, or in boxes, barrels or shelters are provided for that purpose. The eggs should be collected daily and kept in a cool place where the contents will not evaporate too freely; if kept for some time they may be stored in loose bran. The first eggs are usually set under hens, while the last ones which the geese lay may be hatched either under hens or under the geese if the geese broody. If the eggs are not removed from the nest in which the goose is laying she will usually stop laying sooner than if they are taken away. Some breeders prefer to raise all the goslings under hens, as geese sometimes become difficult to manage when allowed to hatch and rear their young. Hens used for hatching geese eggs must be dusted with insect powder and have good attention as, in the case of geese, the period of incubation is longer than in that of fowls. Goose eggs may be hatched in incubators and the goslings successfully raised in brooders, although this is not a common practice.

Period of Incubation. The period of incubation of goose eggs varied from 28 to 30 days. The first week is set under hens or in a box, and the rest of the week is set under a hen and ten to thirteen under a goose. They may be tested about

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GROWTH OF BANANAS.

The banana is a huge herbaceous plant, not tree, which grows from an underground rootstock and sends up a stem 15 or 20 feet high that throws out wide-spreading leaves and bears great clusters of fruit. The plant is perennial, propagating itself from year to year by suckers, some of which are transplanted to take root and other left to bear the next year. The fruit matures in three or four months after the plant flowers and after the fruit is ripe the plant dies to the ground and the younger shoots take its place. Bananas are planted in rows eight feet apart and the plants in adjoining rows alternate at a distance of nine or ten feet.

Feeding Geese and Goslings. Geese are generally raised where they have a good grass range or pasture, as they are good grazers and, except during the winter months, usually pick up most of their living. The pasture may be supplemented with light feeds of the common or home-grown grains or wet mash daily, the necessity and quality of this feed depending on the pasture. Geese do not need feed until they are twenty-four to thirty-six hours old, when they should be fed a mixture of the mash recommended for chickens or ducklings.

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Quality Is Our Motto

If you are looking for quality, we have the finest assortment of Meats in the city, so you will have no trouble finding what you want in this line.

We are open to the public for inspection at any time.

We make no deliveries unless Meat is paid for at the market.

Give us a trial.

Walters & Seager

Oakland Theatre

Pontiac, Michigan

High-Class Vaudeville

6 Acts 6

Monday and Tuesday of Each Week

Big Feature Photo Plays
Comedies Travelogues
Scenics

Balance of Week

Mammoth \$10,000 Organ

Symphony Orchestra
Finest Theatre West of New York
Seating 1,800

PRICES
EVENINGS, 15c, 25c BARGAIN MATINEES, 10c, 15c
LOGES RESERVED, 35c
3 SHOWS DAILY 3
2 P. M. 7 P. M. 9 P. M.
Starts promptly on time

PHONE 33 FOR ICE MILK CREAM ICE CREAM

AVOID ALL BOWEL TROUBLES

So-Called "Blackhead" Is Simply Indigestion Caused by Overfeeding Fat-Producing Food.

The so-called "black