

MOST IMPORTANT NEWS OF WORLD

SIG HAPPIENINGS OF THE WEEK CUT TO LAST ANALYSIS.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN ITEMS

Kernals Culled From Events of Movement In All Parts of the World—Of Interest to All the People Everywhere.

European War News

The Amsterdam Telegraaf says that 40 Germans were killed in the British air raid on St. Nazaire, Westraan, Belgium, on Friday. Two sheds and three aeroplanes were burned.

British monitors and destroyers bombarded the Belgian coast between Heyst and Bridges, according to a Reuters dispatch to London from Flushing.

Bucharest, the capital of Rumania, has been bombarded by a German airship, the Berlin war office announced.

The British steamer Dredon of the Currituck line has been sunk, Lloyd's announced at Liverpool.

A great Russian success is reported by Petrograd in the Dvora. Two thousand prisoners are said to have been captured.

The British troops have captured the villages of Marval and Les Beufs, together with several lines of trenches on a six-mile front between Combles and Martigny, south of the Aisne river, says the official report from British headquarters issued in London. This front was penetrated to a depth of more than a mile.

The French made another smashing raid into 15 miles of the German lines on the Somme front and the important base of Combles is practically surrounded, according to the Paris war office. The town of Rancouet was captured and Freycinet entered.

Flying nearly 100 miles beyond the German border, Flight Warrant Officer Baron bombarded the important works at Ludwigsfeld in the Palatinate on the Rhine and at Mandelheim. The official Paris reports say the bombardment caused a large fire and several explosions at Mandelheim.

Amid scenes of great enthusiasm, a large force of Greeks and Italians departed from Spolonia for the front to join the allies. They were wildly cheered by large crowds. The war spirit is flaring now as a result of the demobilization.

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Twelve Zeppelins, which raided London and the southeast counties of England, killed 30 persons and injured 110 others, according to a British official statement issued at London. Two of the Zeppelin airships, both of a new pattern, were shot down in Essex. The crew of one was killed, but the crew of the other, consisting of 22 men, was captured.

An enemy transport, loaded with troops, was sunk in the Mediterranean by a German submarine, the admiralty announced at Berlin. The transport sank in 45 seconds.

The Greek forces transferred from Kavala to Germany will be lodged at Goerlitz, a town of Prussia Silesia, says the Overseas News agency at Berlin. The force is composed of 400 officers and 6,000 men.

Prince Alexander Hofmann, in an article published in the Neues Zürcher Zeitung, appeals to the pope and President Wilson to bring about an "honorable peace." The prince argues it would be most evident that the war cannot be ended in the old style by a defeat of one belligerent.

Domestic

Many notable bachelors, composing the advancing guard of delegates to the American Workers' association annual convention, are in Kansas City.

Fire destroyed the entire business district and more than half of the industrial plant of the town of Phoenix, N. M., causing a loss of more than \$1,000,000. One person is known to have perished. Eighty-two buildings were destroyed.

Jacob Binkley, aged fifty-six, a farmer of Elmwood, Allen County, Ohio, his wife and two sons, while driving across the Pennsylvania mainline, were struck by a west-bound passenger train. The father, mother and two of the sons were killed. Two sons were hurt.

In a recent explosion in the home of Richard G. Ward, secretary of the Electrical Workers' Union at Chicago, wrecked the rest of the building and caused a panic among neighbors. The bomb was attributed by the police to labor trouble.

American business men aided by the federal government, it is believed, will be able successfully to withstand the shock of European competition after the war. In the opinion of Charles Hamlin, governor of the federal reserve bank at New York:

Creditors of the Industrial Savings bank, an old-time private institution of Chicago, caused to be filed in federal court an involuntary petition for the appointment of a receiver. The institution's liabilities total about \$1,300,000, with assets half that amount.

Fifteen persons were injured, some seriously, when two subway trains crashed together in a rear-end collision at New York.

Twenty-three Scotch and one Irish bride arrived at New York on the liner California and were at the pier by 2:30 Scotch and one Irish bride.

Joseph Castellane, his bride of an hour and fifteen-year-old Russell Stephenson were instantly killed by a Nickle Plate train near Hammond, Ind. The three were returning from the wedding to the bride's parents.

Four persons were killed when an automobile in which they were riding collided with a Vandalia passenger train near Terre Haute, Ind. All of the victims lived in Charleston, Ill. The dead are: Fred C. Conley, Forest Dale Conley, Orland Lang and Fred J. Gage.

Warren K. Billings was found guilty of murder in the first degree in connection with the bomb explosion at the preparedness day parade, July 22, at San Francisco, Cal., when ten people were killed and a half hundred wounded.

McFarron Davis, forty-seven, one of the victims of an automobile accident near Platte, Mo., four weeks ago, in which J. D. McFarron, superintendent of Chicago schools, was severely injured, died at the hospital.

Samuel R. Callow was run over and killed by an automobile driven by Iva Thorpe at Ephraim, a summer resort near Sturgeon Bay, Wis. The dead man belonged to a film company.

Mrs. Arthur A. Gelati, daughter of Dr. Ludwig Heikonen, roentgenologist and professor at the University of Calegio, shot to death her twenty-four-year-old daughter, Mary, and then killed herself in her home at Madison, Wis. Marital trouble prompted Mrs. Gelati's act. The couple had been separated since July 1913.

The Gulfoss, said to be the one of the first Icelandic ships to visit the shores of the western hemisphere since the days of Leif the Lucky, tied up in the harbor at New York with a cargo of herring.

At Peoria, Ill., practically destroyed the Majestic Theater building. The loss is estimated at \$75,000.

Federal officials selected Homer C. French and James Christian at Chicago as the supposed swindlers in one of the most daring crimes ever committed by the "million-dollar blackmail scoundrels." A. R. Wesley and Alton Williams were arrested in New York by swimmers posing as secret service detectives.

Politics

President Wilson delivered a speech almost devoid of politics before the National Grange Delegation at Washington, D. C., yesterday. The speaker, who addressed the audience that through the new tariff commission, the trade commission, the federal reserve act, the shipping bill and similar measures he expected business men in this country to open up a new era for the nation.

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Washington

It was announced at Washington that the deposits in postal savings banks in the District of Columbia were the largest monthly sum since the system was established. September 11 is a total of \$210,000. Depositors had agreed to contribute more than \$100,000.

Secretary Baker announced at Washington that the president would nominate Brigadier General Pershing, commander of the American expeditionary force in Mexico, to be a major general.

The state department at Washington took steps to furnish a dispatch from General Brigadier General Pershing, Australia, of the release there of the 38 citizens of the Teutonic powers who were seized illegally while on board the American steamer China.

Two British subjects, who were taken from their home and ship and sent as a party of 38 Christians soldiers were killed in a raid September 16 on Aguilera oil camp near Tuxpan, Mex., by bandits calling themselves Villistas.

Reports reached Washington, Tex., that a band of bandits under Alberto Carrera Terres has captured Victoria, capital of Tamaulipas.

Mr. Venizelos, the former premier, left Athens at five o'clock in the morning. The merchant ship Hesperia picked him up from a boat in the open sea. It is said that Mr. Venizelos will first go to Crete and then proceed to Salonic to which he will head a revolution against the king.

According to Colonel Bessey, there are a few members of the Michigan National Guard who did not go with the unit to fight in the government and constitutional.

Although armed with an automatic at the time, Smeds drew, Birne made no attempt to use his gun. The tip of his holster was still fastened when his body was still picked up.

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STATE RAILROADS HAVE GOOD YEAR

Earnings Increase \$15,787, 328.10 as Compared With 1915.

FREIGHT GAINS ARE LARGEST

Revenue For All Lines Operating in Michigan for Year Ending June 30, 1916, Reaches Total of \$85,196,268.41.

Lansing—Michigan steam railroads chief after the decision of their company commanders. These officials, it is stated, had the right to release the men from service.

Members of the guard who did not report to the militia, the chief ministerial officer at Grayling may thus sidestep the court-martial, but from the tone of the letter which Col. George Bersey received, the government means business.

Child Paralysis Kills 28.

Infantile paralysis caused 28 deaths in Michigan in August, according to the mortality report issued by Secretary of State Vaughan.

Other important cases of deaths were: Tuberculosis, 213; cancer, 220; stroke, 142; cerebral encephalitis among children, 21; and typhus of age, 402.

The total number of deaths registered last month was 3,522, a decrease of 120 as compared with July.

The total number of deaths reported last month was 7,210, a decrease of 64 as compared with July.

Men Will Not Get Money.

Camp Parris, Grayling—Funds raised by subscription, by the voting of public funds and by the drifts of companies to purchase comforts for guardsmen are not to be divided among the men on muster-out, according to a report of the war department.

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