AFTER SIX YEARS OF SUFFERING

Woman Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Columbus, Ohio.—"I had almost given up. I had been sick for six years with female troubles and nervousness. I had a pain in my right side and could not eat anything without hurting my stomach. I could not drink cold water at all nor eat any kind of raw fruit, nor fresh meat nor chicken. From 173 pounds I went to 118 and would get so weak at times that I fell over. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and ten days later I could eat and it did not hurt my stomach. I have taken the medicine ever since and I feel like a new woman. I now weigh 127 pounds so you can see what it has done for me already. My husband says he knows your medicine has saved my life."—Mrs. J. S. Barlow, 1624 South 4th St., Columbus, Ohio.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound contains just the virtues of roots and herbs needed to restore health and strength to the weakened organs of the body. That is why Mrs. Barlow, a chronic invalid, recovered so completely.

It pays for women suffering from any female ailments to insist upon having Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Tabloid Aeroplanes.

The British reason, quite logically, that the smaller the aeroplane and the faster it can fly the less danger of its being hit by shots fired from earth. So the British airmen favor an unusually small machine, which they call the "tabloid." A very light frame is fitted with an 80-horse power motor, which will drive the frail machine through the air at the rate of 100 miles an hour. The engine is covered with armor. The aviator seeking to drop a bomb on the enemy approaches his target at a height of 5,000 feet. When straight above it he turns the nose of his machine straight down and drops at terrific speed. When within 500 feet of the target he drops his bombs as quickly as possible and then shoots skyward at a tremendous pace. —American Boy.

British Columbia's estimated 1916 revenue is $5,944,015; expenditures, $11,200,000.

Thousands Tell It

Why daily along with backache and kidney or bladder troubles? Thousands tell you how to find relief. Here's a case to guide you. And it's only one of thousands. Forty thousand Americans people are publicly praising Doan's Kidney Pills. Surely it is worth the while of any one who has a bad back, who feels tired, nervous and run-down, who endures distressing urinary disorders, to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial.

A Michigan Case

Mrs. Alice Barnum, W. Caroline St., Fenton, Mich., says: "Kidney trouble came on me gradually with pains in my back and hips. I got dizzy and nervous and nights was restless. Mornings, I was hardly able to do my work. When I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I got a supply and they soon gave me relief. That happened several years ago and I have had little kidney trouble since."

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

ASTHMA

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. 25 cents and one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Northrop & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N.Y.

A GIFT OF J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY

Every Woman Wants Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years.

The best method for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. The extraordinary cleansing and semi-idical power of Paxtine will astonish you. Sold by druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

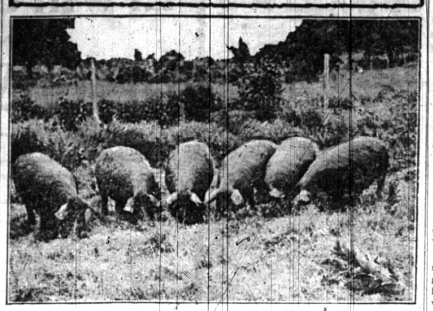
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

"ROUGH on RATS" Finds Rats, Mice, Bugs. 15c. at druggists. 15c and 25c.

BLUE GRASS BEST FOR FATTENING HOGS



ON BLUE-GRASS PASTURE AT MISSOURI COLLEGE.

(By F. B. MUMFORD, Dean of Missouri College of Agriculture, Columbia, Mo.)

Probably no state in the United States has so large an area of blue grass pasture as Missouri. Certain advantages in this state have led many men who farm, and particularly those contributing large bodies of land, to follow grazing on permanent pastures. When the price of land was low and the value of grain less than at present, blue-grass farming was more profitable than rotative farming. A change of conditions makes more skillful handling of grass lands necessary.

Investigations carried on at the Missouri experiment station for five years, comparing blue grass with tea other rotations, including the best forage crops known for Missouri, show that the average return per acre which can be accredited to blue-grass forage for fattening hogs is $22.50 per acre, estimating pork at 6 cents a pound, and corn fed at 60 cents a bushel. A rotation of rape, clover, and corn yielded an annual income of $22.42 per acre. A succession of corn in which cowpeas were planted at the last cultivation gave an annual income per acre of $19.48.

The figures indicate that it is not necessary for men who farm to plow up all the land devoted to blue-grass pastures in order to make it pay a good income even on the basis of high land values at the present prevailing in this state.

SHELTER ESSENTIAL FOR A SHEEP FLOCK

Dry Floor, Good Roof, Abundance of Fresh Air and Feed Space Are Important.

It is impossible to suggest any very definite sheep barn plans without knowing under just what conditions the barn is to be built, but Prof. H. Hackedorn of the Missouri College of Agriculture makes some general suggestions. He says: "In planning barns or sheds for a breeding flock of sheep, a space of 10 or 12 square feet per ewe will give sufficient room. The essentials of shelter for sheep are (1) dry floor, (2) good roof, (3) an abundance of fresh air, (4) avoid drafts (5) avoid narrow doors and passages so ewe heavy with lamb will not be injured, and (6) provide sufficient feeding-trough space so all the sheep can eat at the same time.

"We find that a shed 25 or 30 feet wide and as long as necessary to house the flock gives very good results at the Missouri agricultural experiment station. It should open on the south and may be built with a feed trough and feed alley along the north side. Economy of rack space may be secured by the use of movable racks so arranged as to make as many lots as are needed in the shed. These partition racks can be moved out of the way whenever a wagon is driven in to be loaded with manure. The shed should be high enough to afford plenty of loft room. As we feed baled hay, a loft five feet high at the eaves gives us room enough to store a winter's supply for the flock, but if loose hay is put in and fed correspondingly, more loft room must be provided."

BLACKLEG IS MOST INFECTIOUS DISEASE

Trouble Is Caused by Seed-Forming Organism Gaining Entrance Through Wounds.

(By A. HAUINER, Idaho Experiment Station.)

Blackleg is a specific infectious disease of young cattle, caused by a spore or seed-forming organism that gains entrance to the tissues through small wounds in the skin. Cattle between the ages of six months and two and one-half years are most susceptible.

The main noticeable symptom is the occurrence of a large gaseous swelling beneath the skin of the hind quarters, the shoulder or the lower portion of the neck. The swelling crackles when the hand is passed over it, and if cut into the muscle is dark and a yellowish bloody fluid escapes. Associated with this symptom are others common to bacterial infections, viz.: Elevation of body temperature, loss of appetite and rumination, dullness, and difficult breathing.

The best method of handling is to burn or bury deeply the carcasses of dead animals, disinfect the spots where they died, remove healthy stock from infected pastures and vaccinate the susceptible cattle.

CARING FOR DAIRY VESSELS

Wash With Hot Water Into Which Some Good Alkaline Powder Has Been Added—Avoid Soap.

Wash all dairy vessels in warm water first, then in water as hot as the hands will stand. Into this hot water put some good alkaline wash powder. Do not use soap, it may leave a taste.

PLOW GARDEN PATCH IN FALL

Land So Treated Will Stand Much Wet Weather Next Spring—Light Soil Likely to Drift.

Plow all poorly drained or heavy gardens and potato patches in the fall. Land so plowed will stand much more wet weather the next spring than spring plowed soil.

It is seldom a good plan to plow light soil in the fall especially in regions where the wind is likely to cause the land to drift.

CARE OF WIRE CUTS AND OTHER INJURIES

Practical and Timely Hints Given by an Expert of Missouri College of Agriculture.

(By L. S. BACKUS, Missouri College of Agriculture.)

First aid is most important.

Quick healing leaves smaller scars.

Don't use dust or lime to stop bleeding.

Bleeding that can be stopped with powders will soon stop itself anyhow.

Frequent washing irritates wounds, prevents prompt healing and may cause proud flesh.

Small concealed stab wounds such as those from nails are the most likely to cause death. Find them and keep them clean and well disinfected.

Swab out deep cuts with pure tincture of iodine as soon as it can be secured and they will take care of themselves then if the normal pus discharge is removed.

A long continued discharge from a wound indicates an abscess pocket, a bone injury, or the presence of a snag or something else that should not be in the wound. Call a veterinarian.

As soon as bleeding has been stopped, wash the wound with a pint of warm water to which two teaspoonfuls of creolin, lysol, carbolic acid, or some similar disinfectant has been added.

A wound should be healed in about three weeks. If it is doing well, the swelling will gradually go down, and the discharge will be odorless, thin, and bloody at first, and thicker and whiter later.

Antitoxin will prevent lockjaw after nail or other puncture wounds. If not so prevented, very few of the lockjaw cases ever recover. The hard crust formed forms over the surface of a wound favors lockjaw by shutting out the air.

Bleeding from a leg can always be stopped by tying a small rope loosely about the wound, then twisting it with a stick or small rod. Tighten till bleeding stops. Apply bandages and remove the cord if possible. If bandages cannot be applied, prevent serious bleeding by pressing the fingers against the cut blood vessels until a veterinarian can be called.

STUDY THE MARKET DEMANDS CAREFULLY

Farmer Must Strive to Produce Only Best Animals and Meet Needs of Consumer.

(By S. T. SIMPSON, Missouri College of Agriculture.)

We must study the market demands and select good sires of the types that will enable us to meet them. If we find that the butcher or packer likes an animal of extreme beef type because that animal yields a high percentage of the high-priced cuts, the sires must be selected accordingly. If we find that the horse buyer takes the big, drafty, sound horse in preference to the chunk when his order calls for horses for heavy work, we must secure sires that will get colts of that type. If we ship or sell to a market which demands bacon hogs, then the boar should be the best obtainable individual of a bacon breed which is in good demand in that market.

In any case, we must strive to produce only the best animals and to be sure that they are uniformly good and that there are among them no misfits or inferior specimens which do not meet the consumers' needs.

Selecting Breeding Stock.

In selecting breeding stock, the records of the near ancestors are the ones to be studied most closely. The more remote the ancestor, the less its influence on the individual.

Wheat Bran for Chicks.

Give the young growing fowls all the pure wheat bran they will consume.

Fatherly Pigeon.

The older a male pigeon grows the more fatherly he becomes.

Finding Himself

By CECILE RUSHMORE

(Copyright, 1916, by W. G. Chapman.)

"I am not the girl for you, and I shall not spoil your life by trying to make myself believe that I am," spoke Huldah Brill.

"But maybe you love—like me a little, Huldah?" flustered honest Bryan Wylie anxiously.

He was so dead in earnest that a sharp pang struck the heart of the girl. At that moment, had he pressed his suit, so appealing and eloquent was his manner and expression, he would have won. Resolutely, however, she turned from the temptation.

Hers had been a hard, practical experiency. Young as she was, Huldah had seen only the seamy side of life. Her uncle and aunt, with whom she lived, had led a sordid, loveless existence. Their system, the atmosphere about them had stifled and chilled the ingenious instincts latent in the soul nature of their adopted charge.

So, when Bryan Wylie continued to show her attentions, and, in his well-meaning and blundering way, spoke of an engagement, Huldah closed her heart stubbornly to sentiment. She felt that her experience had made her not like other girls. She recognized fidelity, sterling worth in this sincere suitor just on the threshold of a business career. If he made no progress she would be a burden. If he scored a success, there were brighter, prettier girls who would fitly adorn the social circle in which he would move.

"Then — then," submitted Bryan, after a pause, "what am I to do?"

Huldah tried to laugh lightly, but it

He Did Not Appear to Be in Love With His Business.

was a hollow mockery. There were actual tears in her eyes. It was with extreme difficulty that she composed and dominated her turbulent mind.

"Bryan," she said, seriously at last, "I am so much older than you in worldly wisdom, I will give you advice like a sage."

"It isn't advice I want," mourned the young man apathetically—"it's love, your love, no one's else. If I can't have that, of course, I cannot stay here. It would be too trying."

"Yes, Bryan," advised Huldah deliberately, "go away and find yourself."

"Am I lost, then?" propounded Bryan, with a ghost of a smile.

"I think you are," asserted Huldah. "You have surrendered to your environment too readily. You have looked no farther than this dead, dull community. You have taken the first business position presented. You are ready to fix yourself for life to the first girl who takes your fancy. Don't you see you are not doing justice to yourself? You are worthy of the right kind of a wife."

"You are my only kind!" vehemently declared Bryan.

But Huldah was obdurate. With all her hard, practical sense if she had stopped to analyze the situation, she would have realized that she was perpetrating a mutual injustice—she would have recognized that it was actual love for Bryan that caused her to distrust her own ability to make him happy, and, therefore, ordinary rules did not apply.

So Bryan Wylie went away disconsolate, and Huldah returned to a daily dreary grind of her monotonous life, thinking only of duty. Within a year both her uncle and aunt died. Their estate was trivial. When it was all over, the family lawyer handed Huldah a few hundred dollars, and she went to the city.

Huldah found a cheap, but pleasant, room in the home of a poor widow, lady, and marked out a prospective business career. Her idea was to find office work. She wrote a fair hand, was bright and intelligent, could pick up stenography and in time graduate into a good class office assistant. She was doomed to disappointment at first, however. Her lack of knowledge of typewriting stood in her way. She sought employment in less pretentious fields.

One day she was passing a five-and-ten-cent store, when she noticed in its window a sign: "Lady Assistant Wanted." The store was on a side street, one door removed from a main thoroughfare, and did not present any charm of locality or attractiveness as to the window display. However, Huldah entered the place, wearied with seeking a position and glad to take anything that would introduce her into city business ways.

A man, apparently the proprietor of the place, stood behind a counter figuring over some bills. He did not appear to be in love with his business, judging from the indifferent expression on his face. He looked up.

"What is it, miss?" he asked, and then, explosively: "Oh, Huldah!"

She would have retreated, but it was too late. The storekeeper was Bryan Wylie, and he came out animatedly to greet her. Her quick eye noted that he was a disappointed man and she lingered. He told her so himself, after she had consented to sit down and chat over old times.

Her dreary tale was soon recited. That of Bryan was quite as depressing. He had come to the city, had found work and saved some money. A chance had offered to invest in the present store. He had done so, to his cost.

"No trade, no capital. If I had it, I've made a bad mess of it all," he admitted bitterly. "I'm going to try and sell out and go back to a salary. Huldah, it gives me new life to meet an old friend like you!"

"If I could help you out, I would be glad, Bryan," spoke Huldah frankly.

He jumped at the suggestion. He could pay six dollars a week.

"Remember," she said, "you and I are to forget everything but business."

"You may. I can't," he answered her frankly. "I shall always love you, but no word of it shall pass my lips to offend you."

Huldah entered upon her duties. She was at the store at eight in the morning and left at six in the afternoon. Bryan got a chance to work temporarily as a traveling salesman in the suburbs. Huldah advised him to accept the position, and let her see what she could make out of the little store.

"Why, Huldah!" he exclaimed, as he returned from his first trip; "what does this mean?"

For, marvelously, magically, the space had been doubled and took in two entrances, one on the main street.

"I had a chance to get a lease of the store back of this and risked it," explained Huldah. "The people you buy from were willing to double the stock on long terms of payment, and we are keeping three clerks, and last week we made one hundred dollars clear."

"We? You?" cried the delighted Bryan. "Oh, Huldah! I am a sad failure, and you are a wonderful success in business. Huldah, you told me once to go to the city and 'find myself.' I couldn't outside of the ordinary humdrum worker; but you, Huldah—you have found me, indeed!"

The store thrived, and when Bryan returned to the city after his trips it was like some sweet home-coming. One day he said to Huldah:

"I spoke about your finding me. Please don't let me get lost again!" and that broke the ice toward further discussion. Huldah forgot the restriction concerning the subject of love, for she was convinced at last that Bryan needed her and would never tire of her dear presence.

British Museum.

In the early years of the British museum, whose treasures have been locked up from the general public till after the war, the days of opening were fewer than now. Three days a week were considered enough. Economy ruled then also. No generous grant of public money aided the foundation of the museum. A public lottery provided the sinews of war. By this means £95,000 was raised, £20,000 of which went to Sir Hans Sloane's executors, £10,000 to the earl and countess of Oxford for the Harleian manuscripts and £10,000 to lord Halifax for Montagne House. When the patentees paid for by the proceeds of the lottery had done their duty in the removal of the curiosities, Montagne House was thrown open with great ceremony on January 15, 1759.—London Chronicle.

Law Compels Bible Reading.

Three states in the Union have enacted laws compelling the daily reading of the Bible in the public schools namely: Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. The Pennsylvania law requires the reading of at least ten verses and the New Jersey law requires at least five. — Northwestern Christian Advocate.

La Guayra Not Beautiful.

La Guayra is the gateway of Venezuela. Through this little port passes everything, from cowhides shipped to New York to diplomats bound for Caracas. La Guayra is the warden of the shipping, the connecting link between the capital and the world.

Since La Guayra's principal excuse for existence is found in the ships that come and go, it is altogether fitting and proper that the life and architecture of the town should center on the water front. At its widest the city is only a few blocks wide and it is built on the sloping beach in a long curve that fronts throughout its length on the busy wharves. The impression given is that of some great outdoor theater, engrossed in the doings below.

The old castle on the hillside is falling in ruins, even the bulring is not in as good repair as it might be, but the great concrete breakwater, one of the most daring of engineering works in South America in its day, is kept groomed up to the minute. The day of castles is past, but the usefulness of the breakwater that makes the harbor is only beginning. The long concrete dike runs out to sea for 2,000 feet, rising half a dozen yards above the waves that beat its sides, turning what was one of the most dangerous of anchorages into one of the safest.

The little city itself is neither beautiful nor particularly pleasant to dwell in. The streets are narrow, the houses mean, except for a few on the principal business street. The heat is always intense and the well-to-do in La Guayra generally live in one of the cooler seaside hamlets up or down the coast. The picturesque peak of Picacho towering back of the town is largely responsible for the heat, for besides decorating the landscape, the mountain acts as a reflector for the sunlight.

Wherever you go in Guayra your road is pretty sure to lead back to the wharves. Almost always there is a ship there, loading or unloading, the swarthy porters hustling the bales of hides, the bags of coffee and cacao, with a stolid indifference to the heat that almost knocks the idle onlooker down.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoe for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how we get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES

Boys' Shoes Best in the World $3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

W. L. Douglas President

W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

Magneto Repairing STARTING, LIGHTING AND IGNITION. Guaranteed work at prices you'll be glad to pay. 24-hour Out-of-Town Service. Detroit Magneto Exchange, 97 W. Adams, Detroit

An Eye to Business.

"This play is the worst ever. I am going to demand my money back."

"Wait until after the next act, old man. Ten years elapse between acts 1 and 3, and you can demand interest on your money for that length of time."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Where Are the Boys?

The Minden Magazine, the organ of the Lancashire Fusiliers, observes in a recent issue: "We are not, of course, allowed to say where we are, but we may venture to say that we are not where we were, but where we were before we left here to go to where we have just come from."

CLEAR RED PIMPLY FACES

Red Hands, Red Scalp With Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. Nothing better, quicker, safer, surer at any price for skin troubles of young or old that itch, burn, crust, scale, torture or disfigure. Besides, they meet every want in toilet preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Didn't Want Much.

One Saturday night a lady who possessed a fruit and vegetable shop hurried to serve her last customer, a very red-faced woman.

She asked for a penny's worth of vegetables, and wanted a piece of everything.

When she had been given what she desired, she politely asked if they could be wrapped in a piece of paper and tied with a string.

The shopkeeper turned to her, quite calm, and said:

"Wait a minute, and I will run across to the butcher's for a bone, and I think that will complete your Sunday dinner."

A GRATEFUL ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mr. F. C. Case of Welcome Lake, Pa., writes: "I suffered with Backache and Kidney Trouble. My head ached, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing. I felt heavy and sleepy after meals, was always nervous and tired, had a bitter taste in my mouth, was dizzy, had floating specks before my eyes, was always thirsty, had a dragging sensation across my loins, difficulty in collecting my thoughts and was troubled with shortness of breath. Dodds Kidney Pills have cured me of these complaints. You are at liberty to publish this letter for the benefit of any sufferer who doubts the merit of Dodds Kidney Pills."

Mr. F. C. Case.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Dodds Dyspepsia Tablets for Indigestion have been proved. 50c. per box.—Adv.

Incidental Embellishment.

"Remember," said the man who takes life seriously, "that riches have wings."

"Well," replied Mr. Dustin Stax, "the fact that a fried chicken has wings doesn't prevent me from enjoying it."

The Style of It.

"Read my palm, please."

"Ah, you want a hand-picked future, do you?"

Urban Realty Mortgage Company

$200,000.00 Paid-up Capital

46-48 W. Congress St., Detroit

YOU NEED

to aid nature occasionally when your liver is sluggish, your stomach disordered or your bowels inactive. Let this safe, mild, dependable remedy regulate these organs and put them in a sound and healthy condition.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

WHY NOT TRY **POPHAM'S ASTHMA MEDICINE**

Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00. Trial Package by mail 10c.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props. Cleveland, O.

WINCHESTER

"LEADER" AND "REPEATER" SHOT SHELLS

For the high flyers, or the low flyers, "Leader" and "Repeater" shells have the reach, spread and penetration. Their great sale is due to these qualities, which insure a full bag. Made in many gauges and loads.

BE SURE TO ASK FOR THE W BRAND