Happenings of the World Tersely Told

Mexican War News

Calling the notes sent by the United States to Mexico not only discourteous but haughty, and declaring that if Mexicans have been murdered in this country and their slayers unpunished, the department of foreign relations of Mexico issued a statement representing its views on the United States' reply to Carranza's note requesting the immediate withdrawal of troops from Mexican territory. The text declares Americans incite trouble by persisting in remaining in the Mexican danger zone.

• • •

The 23 troopers of the Tenth cavalry and Leon H. Spilsbury, Mormon scout, were brought to the international bridge at El Paso and delivered to General Bell.

• • •

General Trevino, commanding the de facto government forces in Chihuahua, informed the war department at Mexico City by telegraph that the American troops had commenced a retirement northward and had abandoned several towns.

• • •

Minister of War Obregon at Mexico City said no impediment would be placed in the way of the American authorities if they desired to remove the bodies of the American troopers killed at Carrizal to American territory for burial.

• • •

Supplies have been provided along the Mexican border for an army of 200,000 men for the next 30 days, according to an announcement at New York by the quartermaster's department of the United States.

• • •

Gen. Jacinto Trevino, commander of the army in the north, received an order at Chihuahua, Mex., from "First Chief" Carranza directing him to immediately release the American prisoners of war. The prisoners were placed on a special train and sent to Juarez.

• • •

Domestic

Six men were killed instantly, one was injured probably fatally and five others were seriously burned about the body at Emporium, Pa., in a powder explosion at the Aetna Explosive company's plant.

• • •

Sixteen thousand teachers faced David Bancroft Johnson, president of the National Educational association, when he opened the organization's annual convention in Madison Square garden at New York.

• • •

It was announced at Bridgehampton, N. Y., that Charles E. Hughes will inaugurate his campaign for the presidency in the second week in August. He will start a tour which will take him to the Pacific coast.

• • •

One person was killed and five were injured when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul passenger train at Farson, Ia. Mrs. Danford Dudgeon of Stockport, Ia., was killed.

• • •

John L. Duncan of Spencer, Ind., state legislator, who came to Terre Haute, Ind., to attend the wedding of his son, died there suddenly. The wedding was held in the evening.

• • •

"America first, translated into what you do," was the new patriotic rallying cry sounded by President Wilson in an address to the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World in Independence square at Philadelphia. "America first means nothing," he said, "until you translate it into what you do."

• • •

Mrs. Katherine Vance Harrison, child wife of Charles Harrison, son of James Harrison and nephew of United States Senator Culberson, was found guilty of the murder of W. L. Warren, hotel proprietor, and sentenced to five years in the state prison by a jury at Fort Worth, Tex.

• • •

Mayor James Marsh of Battle Creek, Mich., was elected president of the Michigan League of Municipalities. Grand Rapids was selected as the meeting place next year.

• • •

The business section of Pharr, Tex., headquarters for the third brigade of the New York National Guard, was practicaly wiped out by fire. The fire is said to have been of incendiary origin. Army equipment was not damaged.

• • •

While bathing at a private beach on the $200,000 estate of his father, John W. Barrell, only son of Finley Barrell, wealthy board of trade member of Chicago, was seized with cramps and, although saved from drowning, died from a hemorrhage.

• • •

President Wilson, speaking to members and guests of the New York Press club at the Waldorf-Astoria, indicated plainly that he is opposed to war in Mexico unless it is absolutely necessary.

• • •

Charles E. Hughes had William H. Taft as his luncheon guest at Bridgehampton. Mr. Taft declared that he had enlisted for the campaign and would go upon the stump in the autumn.

• • •

Charles E. Hughes, Republican presidential nominee, announced at New York, at the end of an interview with Theodore Roosevelt, which lasted more than two hours and a half, that he and the former president were in "complete accord."

European War News

Berlin says German aviators shot down fifteen allied flyers on the western front in one day.

• • •

The Berlin official report admits gains of the allies both north and south of the River Somme. Fricourt was taken by the British, and the French captured a fortified stone quarry east of Curlu. South of the Somme the French penetrated the second line of German defenses, capturing the village of Franx and the Mametzcourt woods, according to the French reports. The French captured 6,000 and the British 3,500 prisoners. The French hold Thiaumont fortification.

• • •

"Thiaumont work," an important position to the northeast of Verdun, which was captured by the Germans recently, was retaken by the French in a terrific all-day fight, says a statement issued at Paris.

• • •

The capture of Kolomea and Obertine, announced in Petrograd dispatches, marks another vital step in the crushing advance of the Russians in Galicia and Bukovina. Kolomea, with its railroads, is the most important seizure since Czernowitz.

• • •

The admiralty announced at Vienna that the Italian coast near Giulianuova has been bombarded by a flotilla of Austro-Hungarian torpedo boats.

• • •

The Russians claim a great victory in East Galicia and have resumed their tally of prisoners. Petrograd announces the Russians have broken through and are well on their way to Kolomea.

• • •

Foreign

Ten persons were seriously wounded and 50 arrested in the pro-Liebknecht riots in Potsdam Platz, Berlin, the Amsterdam correspondent of the Central News of London asserted. Most of the participants were socialists.

• • •

Sir Roger Casement was found guilty of high treason in the high court of justice at London. The jury was out only 50 minutes. Immediately after the verdict was returned Casement was sentenced to death.

• • •

As a result of a trial or charges of high treason, gross insubordination and resistance to authorities, Karl Liebknecht, the Socialist leader, got 30 months and was dismissed from the army, says a dispatch from Berlin.

• • •

Washington

The house at Washington passed the Kent bill to create a national parks service by creating a bureau in the department of the interior, with headquarters at Washington, to have in charge the 14 existing national parks.

• • •

Secretary Baker announced at Washington that orders have been sent to all department army commanders to suppress all news concerning troop movements.

• • •

It was announced at Washington that President Wilson may intercede in behalf of Sir Roger Casement, now under sentence of death following his conviction for complicity in the recent Irish revolt.

• • •

The state department at Washington received official confirmation of the looting by Carranza soldiers of the American consulate at Nogales, Sonora.

• • •

Those who have sons, husbands or sweethearts called to the colors with the National Guard are promised in a statement issued by the army medical department at Washington that there will be no repetition of Spanish war health conditions among the troops and that the men will have every precaution afforded by science, thought and money.

• • •

The war department, it was learned at New York, has been able to obtain for immediate delivery through the courtesy of the British government, 250 Lewis machine guns made by the Briggs-Sunbury Ordnance company for use in Europe.

• • •

The senate at Washington passed the urgent deficiency bill carrying approximately $25,500,000, most of it to meet military expenses of the Mexican crisis. The bill now goes to the president for his signature.

• • •

The urgent deficiency bill, providing $27,500,000, most of it for military expenses growing out of the Mexican situation, was passed by the senate at Washington without objection.

• • •

One American soldier was killed and another wounded in an engagement reported to Washington by Rear Admiral Caperton behind United States marines and Santo Domingo rebels.

• • •

The post office appropriation bill carrying approximately $322,000,000 was passed by the senate at Washington.

• • •

The American rejoinder to Austria regarding the Austrian submarine attack on the American steamer Petrolite, made public at Washington by the state department, describes the act as "a deliberate insult to the dignity of the United States" and requests an apology, punishment of the submarine commander and payment of indemnity.

• • •

An immediate declaration that a state of war exists between the United States and Mexico was demanded in an impassioned speech delivered in the house at Washington by "Uncle Joe" Cannon. The former speaker declared "the status in Mexico should be recognized at once."

• • •

Rear Admiral Winslow, commander of the Pacific fleet, informed the navy department at Washington that more than 300 American refugees would be immediately started to the United States from the Mexican west coast.

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

THE PERE MARQUETTE'S FATE IN THE HANDS OF THE STATE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

ARMY CHAPLAINS PLENTIFUL

The Prospects of War With Mexico Keeps the State's Chief Executive Busy As Problems Arise.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—The fate of the Pere Marquette railroad now rests with the Michigan railroad commission. If the plan presented for a complete reorganization as presented by the security holders is adopted, the road will pass out of the hands of the receivers. If the reorganization project fails through, attorneys for the road are afraid that the ultimate result will be dismemberment of the lines with serious loss to the industrial interests of Michigan.

In his closing argument before the state railroad commission, Seward L. Merriam: "It will save the Pere Marquette from being cut up into branch lines thereby doing irreparable harm to the shipping interests of the state."

Attorney General Fellows opposed the present plan, declaring that the proposed scheme provided for a capitalization greatly in excess of the value of the road.

General Manager Alfred of the Pere Marquette outlined a plan for improvements covering the next five years involving an expenditure of $8,142,665. Alfred explained that the expenditure of this sum was contingent upon the acceptance of the reorganization project. Under the plan outlined by the general manager of the Pere Marquette $60,000 will be expended in Lansing for new trackage and freight sheds.

Flint will benefit to the extent of $100,000 where it is proposed to build more tracks and erect a new coaling station. The largest single item is $650,000 to be expended at Grand Rapids for new yards.

It is proposed to build a new bridge at Saginaw costing $110,000 and the proposed improvements at Port Huron will cost $100,000. In addition to these items it is planned to purchase new equipment and purchase a number of all steel cars.

Would Be Chaplains.

While the governor is receiving hundreds of applications for appointments in the military service, he has received but one request from a member of the national guard who wants to be excused from duty. In this particular case the governor declines to take any steps that will relieve the young man from service in the national guard. His only excuse, according to the letter received by the governor is the fact that he has a good job. "When a man enters the military service the state or nation has first duty is to the military organization, particularly at a time like this," said the governor. "While I can conceive of a case where I would gladly ask the war department to permit a man to remain at home, I believe that every able bodied member of the guard should remain at his post."

A number of years ago when there was a possibility that the Big Rapids military company would be called out for strike duty, Governor Ferris' son was a member of the organization. When members of his family requested him to take steps to relieve his son from the duty, the governor refused. Inasmuch as he declined to take any steps to keep his son from performing military duty, it is not believed that he will intercede for any one else, unless there is an excellent reason for so doing.

Men Who Want Army Service.

The governor is amazed at the number chaplains in the national guard. He has received approximately 50 requests from ministers to be appointed for military service. While the governor has nothing to do with the appointments the names of the applicants are being tabulated in the order in which they are received and will be referred to the war department.

Secretary Austin of the state pardon board has received a number of letters from paroled prisoners who are anxious to enter the military service and who request permission to enlist and leave the state. However, any man who has ever been convicted of a felony is not eligible to enlistment.

Liberal With Lapeer.

The board of state auditors has fixed the rate of maintenance for the Lapeer Home & Training School at 51 cents per capita per day. This is an increase of two cents over the past year, but the state auditors and the members of the board of control were of the opinion that the increased cost of building materials and food stuffs necessitated an increase. The per capita rate of the Epileptic Farm Colony at Wahjamega was set at $1.05 per capita. On a basis of 1,200 patients Lapeer will draw $223,380 from the treasury during the year. Now that the farm has been practically doubled in area the money ought to be ample for all needs.

Patridge Scarce.

State Game Warden Warden William R. Oates says that the cold weather this spring has killed thousands of young partridge in Michigan and he believes this game bird will be as scarce this year as it was last fall. The partridge season will open October 1 and these birds may be killed until the first day of December. A hunter is entitled to kill six in one day, but is prohibited from shooting more than 25 during the entire season.

State Pay For Soldiers.

Governor Ferris will not call a special session of the legislature for the purpose of providing state pay for the members of the Michigan national guard until there is a positive declaration of war or the troops have been ordered to the border. Last week the governor received the suggestion that instead of calling a special session of the legislature that the local boards of supervisors raise the additional funds. While he does not believe such action would be constitutional, he has referred the matter to the attorney general for an opinion.

During the last session of the legislature some of the members of the house killed a bill to reimburse a number of Spanish war veterans for hospital expenses which the Michigan soldiers were compelled to pay from their personal funds, and in the event he deems a special session necessary, the governor will first determine the sentiment of the individual members of the house and senate.

Not Too Soon Say Veterans.

Veterans of the Spanish-American war are urging the governor to use his influence with the war department to keep the Michigan troops at Grayling until they are fully equipped and ready for service in the field. "The idea of having the Michigan troops sent to the border ahead of any other state looks well in print and there might be a little temporary honor in being the first militia outfit on the scene of action, but to send the men out before they have been prepared for a hard campaign, is a foolhardy proposition," declared a Spanish-American war veteran who held a commission in 1898.

"Many of the boys are unaccustomed to camp life. They need to break in their new shoes, but most important of all they should have time to learn camp sanitatation. Hundreds of the men now at Grayling have not been treated with typhoid prophylacde. They are going into a country where they may get bad water and every man should be given the typhoid serum before leaving Grayling. It is better to move slowly now than to repent hasty action later.'.

Another Parole Given.

The governor has placed on parole one James Lawson, sentenced March 20, 1897, from Tuscola county to serve a term of life imprisonment for the crime of murder. In the fall of 1896 Thomas E. Stevens, Howard H. Hawley and James Lawson left Detroit and went to Millington township, Tuscola county, to rob one James Brown who was supposed to have considerable money in his possession. During the robbery, Brown was shot, and the three men were arrested, convicted and sent to Jackson for life. Stevens's sentence was commuted to 16 years and he was released at the end of 8 years' service in 1905. Hawley was paroled July 5, 1912, leaving Lawson the only one incarcerated.

County Officers' Jobs.

County officials who are members of the national guard need have no fear that the governor will appoint some one else to their jobs in the event they are ordered south for duty. His attention was called to the case of Probate Judge Clark Higbee, of Kent county who was given an indefinate leave of absence by the board of supervisors when it was learned that a democratic attorney in Grand Rapids planned to apply for Higbee's job on the ground that the office would be vacant if the judge left the state with the national guard. The governor says, "County officers who leave with the national guard will have all the protection the law affords and we will stretch a point if necessary. I will make no appointments in such cases unless the law is absolutely mandatory upon this point."

A Jitney Law.

In all probability the new legislature will be asked to pass a law placing jitney bus lines under the control of the state railroad commission. In the absence of any state regulation many municipalities have encountered considerable difficulty in regulating the jitney bus business by local ordinances. One member of the legislature, who was in Lansing recently on business with one of the state departments said he intended to have a bill providing for jitney regulation drawn and ready for introduction at the opening of the next session.

It is believed that the jitney men will organize to fight the passage of a bill but with the backing of the railroad commission, it is practically certain that some sort of a regulatory measure will be adopted.

Nominating Petions.

Loren Dickinson of Charlotte, one of the candidates for the republican nomination for governor, filed another batch of nominating petitions with the secretary of state. Mr. Dickinson was the first candidate under the wire with nominating petitions several weeks ago, and as yet none of the other candidates have qualified.

Postmaster Now.

Major William P. Nisbett, of Big Rapids, quit his post as private secretary to Governor Ferris to take up his duties as postmaster at Big Rapids. E. Clark Austin, who has been executive clerk will become private secretary, and Albert W. Parnell, of Hougton, will become the executive clerk.

First Aid Kits.

On the recommendation of Dr. John L. Burkart, secretary of the state board of health, the board of state auditors has authorized the purchase of a "first aid" kit similar to the regular army outfits. The kit will be kept in Secretary Burkart's office in the capitol and will be used in emergency cases when state employes are injured or become suddenly ill. Recently one of the women clerks suffered an attack of ptomaine poisoning and a hurry-up call was sent for Dr. Burkart.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

By MARY GRAHAM BONNER

SURPRISE PARTY.

"The Elves were asked to a Surprise Party," said Daddy, "which was being given by the Fairies yesterday morning just at dawn."

"Was it given by the Dawn Fairies?" asked Nancy.

"I've forgotten just which ones they were," said Nick.

"Well, first to answer Nancy's question—yes, the Surprise Party was given by the Dawn Fairies, and second, for Nick's question, the Dawn Fairies are those who are playing and frisking about just at Dawn and when Mr. Sun shines hard disappear from view—for they never want to be seen.

"The Dawn Fairies were full of their schemes and plans for many a day before they could actually decide just which day to choose for the Party. Finally they had arranged everything and they sent their invitations a day ahead to all the Elves in Elfland.

"The invitations were carried by six beautiful Fairies in soft rose-colored dresses. They looked just like the lights of pink and rose that are seen in the sky very early some mornings. These Fairies put the invitations in Peonies and in Roses and in the dark blue Iris Flowers that the Elves have always admired so much.

"The Elves were so pleased to each receive a Flower with an invitation hidden in its petals and at once they began to get their bright green Party suits ready for the great occasion.

"They all arrived just at Dawn, but they couldn't see a sign of a Fairy. What could it mean, they asked each other. Surely they had not mistaken the day? That would have been a dreadful thing to have done! But no, they were sure they had looked at their invitations so many times they could never have made a mistake in the day.

"And so they chatted among themselves. At last one little Elf said:

"'Why aren't we all silly? This is to be a Surprise Party. Maybe the Surprise will be that the Fairies are somewhere around and we have to find them. Let's look. Anyway, I'm sure we haven't made a mistake in the day.'

"The Elves began scampering about looking for the Fairies, and still they couldn't find them, though as they remembered now that it was to be a Surprise Party they were not worried about having made a mistake in the day.

"At last, coming slowly through the woods, the Elves saw one hundred big Spiders marching along. Then the Elves stood back to watch what would happen. And after the one hundred Spiders had passed along a little distance, what astonished the Elves see behind them but a long twisted web which was made very much like a

Ground Covered With Rose Leaves.

rope. The one hundred Spiders had now gone far enough, for right behind this rope which the Spiders had made was a Spider Web Chariot.

"In the Chariot was the Queen of the Dawn Fairies and all about her were the rest of the little Dawn Fairies, looking very exquisite in their soft, dainty costumes. On their heads they had crowns of Silver and Roses, and their wands of Silver, with clusters of Roses. When they shook their wands, Rose petals fell to the earth, and little buds sprang open into big Rose blossoms each time.

"'Oh, Fairies,' shouted the Elves, 'we are so glad you've come. We got here much too soon, so eager were we to come, and then we were afraid it was not right at this day. Oh, we became very impatient.'

"The Fairies laughed, and their laughs sounded like the tinkling of silver bells.

"By this time they had waved their wands so often that the ground was covered with Rose leaves and the Fairies said:

"'Now for our Rose Carnival.' And in the least possible little second, gorgeous Castles made of Rose petals and Spider Webs were put up all over the ground by the Dawn Fairies and the one hundred Spiders. When the ground was covered with these gorgeous Castles and the Spiders had crawled down on some of the window ledges of the Castles they had made and were sleeping soundly, the Dawn Fairies and Elves danced and sang.

"And later, long after Mr. Sun had been up and shining, for one time a little Girl passed by the spot where the Surprise Party had been given, and she said to herself:

"This looks like a Rose storm. I wonder if the Fairies have been here today?'"

Singing Notes of Gladness.

It is worth while to be a singing bird in this world in which are so many harsh and discordant sounds and so many cries of pain. Even a bird's songs put a little more music into the air. It is yet more worth while to be a singing Christian, giving out notes of gladness amid earth's sorrows. For most of us it is not easy to be always glad; yet we should learn our lesson so well that, whether amid circumstances of sorrow or of joy, the song shall never be interrupted.—Westminster Teacher

MANY AGENCIES AT WORK

Most Active Fight Against Tuberculosis Is Being Carried on at Numerous Points.

Statistics made public by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis show that nearly 3,000 agencies are now listed in the fight against tuberculosis in the United States, an increase of 1,000 per cent since 1904, when the national warfare on this disease was started. These figures are taken from a new tuberculosis directory issued by the association.

The list includes 557 sanatoria and hospitals, 158 tuberculosis boarding houses, 90 hospitals for the insane and 35 penal institutions making special provision for tuberculosis, 455 dispensaries, 310 open-air schools, and 1,324 antituberculosis associations and committees. To these are added 158 Canadian institutions and associations, making a total of 3,087. The directory also gives a summary of municipal and state legislation on tuberculosis.

When the national association was formed in 1904 and the first list of agencies was printed, only 183 organizations and institutions were found. The second edition of the directory in 1908 reported 649 different agencies; and 1,440 were listed in the third edition published in 1911. On the basis of the latter figures, the number of agencies in the antituberculosis movement has increased 115 per cent in the last five years.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is guaranteed to remove freckles and money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Up to the Audience.

Mr. Seymour Hicks relates with great relish the following yarn:

When he was going to Richard III, the hump-backed king, a well-known dramatist remarked to him:

"Seymour, I hear you are going to play Richard?"

"Yes, I am," replied Mr. Hicks.

"Ah, well," the other remarked, thoughtfully, "you'll be saved some trouble in the make-up. You won't have to wear a hump."

"Why not?" Mr. Hicks asked, rather surprised.

"Oh, your audience will have that," was the prompt reply.

Co-Operators.

Nearly 770,000 persons, largely successful farmers, are now aiding the United States department of agriculture by furnishing information, demonstrating the local usefulness of new methods, testing out theories, experimenting and reporting on conditions in their district—by helping, in short, in almost every conceivable way to increase the knowledge of the department and to place that knowledge at the service of the people.

IF YOU OR ANY FRIEND

Suffer with Rheumatism or Neuritis, acute or chronic, write for my FREE BOOK on Rheumatism—Its Cause and Cure. Most wonderful book ever written. It's absolutely FREE. Jesse A. Case, Dept. C. W., Brockton, Mass.—Adv.

In the ears of the modern girl the serenade of the auto horn beats the themes of all composers.

A man's friends are apt to avoid him for a few weeks after his return from his first trip abroad.

WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

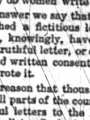
Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?"

In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untruthful letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.



An Unfamiliarity.

"I suppose you feel perfectly at home in your motor car by this time?"

"No," replied Mr. Chuggins. "The way my family and friends keep telling me that it wasn't much of a car in the first place and that I don't know how to run it anyway, makes me feel like a perfect stranger to it."

Boasting of an old love affair is a poor way to boost a new one.

Some men are long on dollars and short on common sense.

Achy Joints Give Warning

A creaky joint often predicts rain. It may also mean that the kidneys are not filtering the poisonous uric acid from the blood. Bad backs, rheumatic pains, aching joints, headaches, dizziness, and urinary disorders are all effects of weak kidneys and if neglected in time, there's danger of more serious trouble. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*, the best recommended kidney remedy.

A Michigan Case

Wm. Schnoor, 33 Jefferson St., Marine City, Mich., says: "For years I had rheumatism, and the pains in my limbs were so bad I couldn't get around. The kidney secretions were retarded and I knew that I was gradually getting worse. Finally I was taken to my bed and was almost frantic with pain. Two doctors failed, and I was in a critical condition when I started using Doan's Kidney Pills. They restored me to good health and I can't be too grateful."

Every Pain Tells a Story

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

For Piles Use Abell's Formaldo Balm. Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. For sale by all Druggists, or sent upon receipt of 25c postpaid. Send for free sample. HOME REMEDY CO. South Haven, Mich.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 28—1916.

The Wheat Yield Tells the Story of Western Canada's Rapid Progress

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The heavy crops in Western Canada have caused new records to be made in the handling of grains by railroads. For, while the movement of these heavy shipments has been wonderfully rapid, the resources of the different roads, despite enlarged equipments and increased facilities, have been strained as never before, and previous records have thus been broken in all directions.

The largest Canadian wheat shipments through New York ever known are reported for the period up to October 15th, **upwards of four and a quarter million bushels being exported in less than six weeks,** and this was but the overflow of shipments to Montreal, through which point shipments were much larger than to New York.

Yields as high as 60 bushels of wheat per acre are reported from all parts of the country; while yields of 45 bushels per acre are common.

Thousands of American farmers have taken part in this wonderful production. Land prices are still low and free homestead lands are easily secured in good localities, convenient to churches, schools, markets, railways, etc.

There is no war tax on land and no conscription.

Write for illustrated pamphlet, reduced railroad rates and other information to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. V. McKINNIS
178 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Canadian Government Agent

COLT DISTEMPER

You can prevent this loathsome disease from running through your stable and cure all the colts suffering with it when you begin the treatment. No matter how young, SPOHN'S is safe to use on any colt. It's wonderful how it prevents all distempers, no matter how colts or horses at any age are "exposed." All good druggists and turf goods houses and manufacturers sell SPOHN'S at 50 cents and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Public Opinion Indorses

this family remedy by making its sale larger than that of any other medicine in the world. The experience of generations has proved its great value in the treatment of indigestion, biliousness, headache and constipation.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

relieve these troubles and prevent them from becoming serious ills by promptly clearing wastes and poisons out of the digestive system. They strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Mild and harmless. A proven family remedy unequalled

For Digestive Troubles

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.