

# Happenings of the World Tersely told

## European War News

A Zepplin airship was brought down by French guns in the vicinity of Brabant-Rot, in the Meuse, according to an official announcement at Paris.

German naval aeroplanes attacked the allied aeroplanes at Fuyes, southeast of LaPanne, it was officially announced at Berlin. The German machines returned safely to their base.

An official statement issued at London says: "An attack on the German depot at Don was made by 24 of our aeroplanes. Extensive damage was done to the stores and railways."

In raids over the province of Brescia and toward Milan, Austrian aeroplanes killed four persons and wounded five. Only slight damage was done, says a dispatch from Rome.

An entente allies' submarine passed the Dardanelles, reached the Bosphorus and torpedoed one tug and its transports laden with munitions, according to an Athens dispatch to London.

The British conquest of Kamrun is now complete, as officially announced at the colonial office in London. The German stronghold at Mora has just been captured.

The American ship China, which left Shanghai, China, for San Francisco, was held up on the high seas by a British auxiliary cruiser and 38 Germans were taken off.

The Russians have occupied Vladivostok in the Caucasus and pressed forward ten or twelve miles westward. On the left flank, after the occupation of Kolp, the Russians pushed on to Mash and Achil. From Kosh to Mash they fought several battles and occupied Mash by storm. The thirty-fourth division of the Turkish army was captured.

Four persons were killed, at least a dozen others injured and heavy property damage was caused by an explosion in the split rock plant of the Smet-Solvay company at Syracuse, N. Y. The plant engaged in the manufacture of synthetic electric acid, which is used in explosives.

## Washington

The house military affairs committee at Washington completed the first draft of the land defense bill. It provides for an increase in the regular army to 147,000 men with 7,000 officers in a skeleton organization that in time of war could be expanded to 400,000 men. The bill also contains provisions of the bill Chairman Hays declared that in ten years the United States would have a reserve of upward of 1,000,000 men.

A petition asking the impeachment of Judge George A. Carpenter of the Eastern District of Chicago has been filed with the house judiciary committee at Washington. Representative Thibault of Massachusetts filed the petition. It charges that Carpenter, who is now in the office of C. F. Sweeney of Boston, who charged Judge Carpenter with improper practice in connection with the Rock Island railroad receivership.

The senate at Washington by a vote of 55 to 18 ratified the long pending and persistently opposed Nicaragua treaty, whereby the United States would acquire a 99-year option on the Nicaragua Canal route and a naval base in the Gulf of Fonseca for \$2,000,000.

A full-grown American eagle sawed a high in an exhibition at the White House and attracted considerable attention. It is the gift of Judge G. W. Patrick of Colorado to President Wilson.

All diplomatic and consular officials abroad have been notified in a circular communication from the state department at Washington that the United States has a right to carry defensive armament.

## Personal

Premier Aristide Briand of France is soon to be married. The bride is engaged to Mile. Munier, daughter of the millionaire French ship owner.

Dr. Henry B. Favill of Chicago, one of the most prominent physicians of the west, died at Springfield, Mass., the victim of pneumonia.

## Foreign

More than 120 persons were hurled into an abyss in the Salsburg Alps by an avalanche. There are already fifty-five known dead as the result of the snowslide, but it is believed that another thirty still missing, says a dispatch from Berlin.

It became known in Rome that Pope Benedict for the last two weeks has been suffering from a slight attack of grippe. The pontiff continues his audiences.

Millions of dollars' damage has been done by the gale which swept over the British Isles, North Sea and the coast of Holland.

The parish church at Newport, near Quebec, was destroyed by a fire, the loss estimated at \$300,000. It is feared the church is buried in the ruins.

The house of commons at London passed new votes of credit to the amount of \$2,100,000,000. This is expected to carry the budget to the end of the month, but the final budget must be printed by means of votes of credit since the outbreak of the war to \$2,300,000,000.

Thomas Roosevelt arrived at St. Thomas, D. W. I., from New York on the steamer Olinia. In the absence of the governor, who is absent on a tour of the island, Roosevelt is acting as governor.

### Diese Abtheilung ist für die Familienglieder, welche am liebsten Deutsch lesen.

## Vom Schauplatz des europäischen Völkervertriebes

Auf dem Balkan hat sich die Lage außer in Albanien nicht verändert. Die Annahme, daß die Grenztruppen die günstige Internierungslagerung ergeben wollen, eine man sich Optimismus erlaube, ist gänzlich unbegründet. Die letzten Nachrichten gehen davon aus, wenn auch natürlich langsame Fortschritte in Albanien ein Wahrheitszeichen sind. Die ganze nächste Hälfte Albanien wird in den Händen der deutschen Truppen verbleiben. Die letzten Nachrichten über die Lage in Albanien sind sehr trübend, aber von autoritativer Quelle, die natürlich nicht allgemein sein will, vernehmen, daß England keine Zeit verlor, die englische Lage mit uns zu teilen. Die englische Lage ist sehr trübend, aber von autoritativer Quelle, die natürlich nicht allgemein sein will, vernehmen, daß England keine Zeit verlor, die englische Lage mit uns zu teilen.

In England wird die Stimmung nicht weniger trübend, als in Deutschland. Die englische Lage ist sehr trübend, aber von autoritativer Quelle, die natürlich nicht allgemein sein will, vernehmen, daß England keine Zeit verlor, die englische Lage mit uns zu teilen.

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## LETTER FROM THE STATE CAPITAL

THE "WETS" MOVING TO MEET THE STATE WID-PLANS OF THE ANTI-SALOOINISTS.

## PERE MARQUETTE POVERTY

Mr. Ferris' View of Mr. Bryan-The State's Printing Cost a Large Sum-The Tax Money Is Slow.

By Gurd M. Hayes.

Laing-Officials of the Michigan Anti-Saloon League were not surprised when it was learned that the liquor interests are planning to counter attack in the state wide prohibition campaign in the form of another constitutional amendment to change the local option vote from the county to the township and city. For some time those who have charge of the prohibition campaign had expected a move of this kind and the saloon men have made their hand with Secretary of State Vaughan and are anxious to approve the form of a position for the purpose of initiating an amendment to the constitution for a smaller local option unit. This method of attack was employed by the liquor interests of Ohio a few years ago with great success. In that campaign the saloon men succeeded in defeating the prohibition amendment, but by eliminating the vital provisions of the local option law, reclaimed as much territory as they had lost. The saloons had been banished by local home rule law.

At the present time more than half the country is under the local option law. However, in most cases it has been the vote in the rural districts of these counties that has resulted in the prohibition law. The liquor men should the liquor men succeed in defeating state wide prohibition at the election next November and are anxious to have a smaller local option amendment to reduce the local option unit, thousands of saloons would spring up in cities and villages and the liquor men would be allowed as a result of the heavy "dry" majorities rolled up in the rural sections of these counties.

As the result of the rural strategy on the part of the liquor men of the state is obvious. Unless some document can be offered to the "wets" in the dry counties, the liquor interests are in a desperate situation. However, they have sounded, or they are preparing to sound the call to arms. Now there is a community of interest between the ex-saloonist in the "dry" county and the prosperous booze merchant in the metropolitan.

After Back Taxes. Auditor-General Fuller has received a letter from the United States district attorney at Warren, Michigan, reporting that in order to show their sincerity Wayne county liquor men are planning to contribute to the anti-prohibition campaign this spring. The liquor men are to be paid by update "wets" who claim the Wayne county brewers are willing that the remainder of the state should be "dry" if they can continue unopposed.

Pleading Poverty. Seward L. Merriam, general counsel for the state, has received a report last week and entered a vigorous protest against the action of the county board of directors in the case of the Pere Marquette who are engaged from \$25,500,000 to \$26,000,000. "The state needs this additional money for the maintenance of its public works," said Merriam. The Pere Marquette needs, as every one must know who is at all acquainted with its condition at least \$1,000,000 each year for the maintenance of its property in order to bring its facilities up to the standard where the public and its property are concerned. The county board of directors is to be congratulated for their action in this regard. It is to be regretted that the Pere Marquette is not in a position to pay for the maintenance of its property. The county board of directors is to be congratulated for their action in this regard.

Deer Garbification. A Washington, D. C. report says that the deer population in the state is increasing rapidly. The deer are causing considerable damage to the crops and are being killed in large numbers. The state is considering measures to control the deer population.

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## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock. CATTLE: Receipts, 2,887. Best heavy steers, \$13.00; best light steers, \$12.00; mixed steers and heifers, \$10.00; heavy light butchers, \$9.00; light butchers, \$8.00; best cows, \$7.00; mixed cows, \$6.00; mixed calves, \$5.00; mixed calves, \$4.00; mixed calves, \$3.00; mixed calves, \$2.00; mixed calves, \$1.00; mixed calves, \$0.50; mixed calves, \$0.25; mixed calves, \$0.125.

Wool. Receipts, 100,000 lbs. Best heavy wools, \$1.50; best light wools, \$1.40; mixed wools, \$1.30; mixed wools, \$1.20; mixed wools, \$1.10; mixed wools, \$1.00; mixed wools, \$0.90; mixed wools, \$0.80; mixed wools, \$0.70; mixed wools, \$0.60; mixed wools, \$0.50; mixed wools, \$0.40; mixed wools, \$0.30; mixed wools, \$0.20; mixed wools, \$0.10; mixed wools, \$0.05; mixed wools, \$0.025.

Grain. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy grain, \$1.00; best light grain, \$0.90; mixed grain, \$0.80; mixed grain, \$0.70; mixed grain, \$0.60; mixed grain, \$0.50; mixed grain, \$0.40; mixed grain, \$0.30; mixed grain, \$0.20; mixed grain, \$0.10; mixed grain, \$0.05; mixed grain, \$0.025.

Oil. Receipts, 100,000 barrels. Best heavy oil, \$1.00; best light oil, \$0.90; mixed oil, \$0.80; mixed oil, \$0.70; mixed oil, \$0.60; mixed oil, \$0.50; mixed oil, \$0.40; mixed oil, \$0.30; mixed oil, \$0.20; mixed oil, \$0.10; mixed oil, \$0.05; mixed oil, \$0.025.

Iron. Receipts, 100,000 tons. Best heavy iron, \$1.00; best light iron, \$0.90; mixed iron, \$0.80; mixed iron, \$0.70; mixed iron, \$0.60; mixed iron, \$0.50; mixed iron, \$0.40; mixed iron, \$0.30; mixed iron, \$0.20; mixed iron, \$0.10; mixed iron, \$0.05; mixed iron, \$0.025.

Coal. Receipts, 100,000 tons. Best heavy coal, \$1.00; best light coal, \$0.90; mixed coal, \$0.80; mixed coal, \$0.70; mixed coal, \$0.60; mixed coal, \$0.50; mixed coal, \$0.40; mixed coal, \$0.30; mixed coal, \$0.20; mixed coal, \$0.10; mixed coal, \$0.05; mixed coal, \$0.025.

Timber. Receipts, 100,000 cords. Best heavy timber, \$1.00; best light timber, \$0.90; mixed timber, \$0.80; mixed timber, \$0.70; mixed timber, \$0.60; mixed timber, \$0.50; mixed timber, \$0.40; mixed timber, \$0.30; mixed timber, \$0.20; mixed timber, \$0.10; mixed timber, \$0.05; mixed timber, \$0.025.

Meat. Receipts, 100,000 head. Best heavy meat, \$1.00; best light meat, \$0.90; mixed meat, \$0.80; mixed meat, \$0.70; mixed meat, \$0.60; mixed meat, \$0.50; mixed meat, \$0.40; mixed meat, \$0.30; mixed meat, \$0.20; mixed meat, \$0.10; mixed meat, \$0.05; mixed meat, \$0.025.

Butter. Receipts, 100,000 pounds. Best heavy butter, \$1.00; best light butter, \$0.90; mixed butter, \$0.80; mixed butter, \$0.70; mixed butter, \$0.60; mixed butter, \$0.50; mixed butter, \$0.40; mixed butter, \$0.30; mixed butter, \$0.20; mixed butter, \$0.10; mixed butter, \$0.05; mixed butter, \$0.025.

Eggs. Receipts, 100,000 dozen. Best heavy eggs, \$1.00; best light eggs, \$0.90; mixed eggs, \$0.80; mixed eggs, \$0.70; mixed eggs, \$0.60; mixed eggs, \$0.50; mixed eggs, \$0.40; mixed eggs, \$0.30; mixed eggs, \$0.20; mixed eggs, \$0.10; mixed eggs, \$0.05; mixed eggs, \$0.025.

Flour. Receipts, 100,000 barrels. Best heavy flour, \$1.00; best light flour, \$0.90; mixed flour, \$0.80; mixed flour, \$0.70; mixed flour, \$0.60; mixed flour, \$0.50; mixed flour, \$0.40; mixed flour, \$0.30; mixed flour, \$0.20; mixed flour, \$0.10; mixed flour, \$0.05; mixed flour, \$0.025.

Wheat. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy wheat, \$1.00; best light wheat, \$0.90; mixed wheat, \$0.80; mixed wheat, \$0.70; mixed wheat, \$0.60; mixed wheat, \$0.50; mixed wheat, \$0.40; mixed wheat, \$0.30; mixed wheat, \$0.20; mixed wheat, \$0.10; mixed wheat, \$0.05; mixed wheat, \$0.025.

Oats. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy oats, \$1.00; best light oats, \$0.90; mixed oats, \$0.80; mixed oats, \$0.70; mixed oats, \$0.60; mixed oats, \$0.50; mixed oats, \$0.40; mixed oats, \$0.30; mixed oats, \$0.20; mixed oats, \$0.10; mixed oats, \$0.05; mixed oats, \$0.025.

Barley. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy barley, \$1.00; best light barley, \$0.90; mixed barley, \$0.80; mixed barley, \$0.70; mixed barley, \$0.60; mixed barley, \$0.50; mixed barley, \$0.40; mixed barley, \$0.30; mixed barley, \$0.20; mixed barley, \$0.10; mixed barley, \$0.05; mixed barley, \$0.025.

Rye. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy rye, \$1.00; best light rye, \$0.90; mixed rye, \$0.80; mixed rye, \$0.70; mixed rye, \$0.60; mixed rye, \$0.50; mixed rye, \$0.40; mixed rye, \$0.30; mixed rye, \$0.20; mixed rye, \$0.10; mixed rye, \$0.05; mixed rye, \$0.025.

Maize. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy maize, \$1.00; best light maize, \$0.90; mixed maize, \$0.80; mixed maize, \$0.70; mixed maize, \$0.60; mixed maize, \$0.50; mixed maize, \$0.40; mixed maize, \$0.30; mixed maize, \$0.20; mixed maize, \$0.10; mixed maize, \$0.05; mixed maize, \$0.025.

Sorghum. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy sorghum, \$1.00; best light sorghum, \$0.90; mixed sorghum, \$0.80; mixed sorghum, \$0.70; mixed sorghum, \$0.60; mixed sorghum, \$0.50; mixed sorghum, \$0.40; mixed sorghum, \$0.30; mixed sorghum, \$0.20; mixed sorghum, \$0.10; mixed sorghum, \$0.05; mixed sorghum, \$0.025.

Millet. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy millet, \$1.00; best light millet, \$0.90; mixed millet, \$0.80; mixed millet, \$0.70; mixed millet, \$0.60; mixed millet, \$0.50; mixed millet, \$0.40; mixed millet, \$0.30; mixed millet, \$0.20; mixed millet, \$0.10; mixed millet, \$0.05; mixed millet, \$0.025.

Buckwheat. Receipts, 100,000 bushels. Best heavy buckwheat, \$1.00; best light buckwheat, \$0.90; mixed buckwheat, \$0.80; mixed buckwheat, \$0.70; mixed buckwheat, \$0.60; mixed buckwheat, \$0.50; mixed buckwheat, \$0.40; mixed buckwheat, \$0.30; mixed buckwheat, \$0.20; mixed buckwheat, \$0.10; mixed buckwheat, \$0.05; mixed buckwheat, \$0.025.