WORLD'S EVENTS TERSELY *and* BRIEFLY TOLD

European War News

A dispatch to the London Morning Post from the north of France says: "There are signs that the Germans have reached the limits of their available re-enforcements. They are said to have a casualty list of 150,000 in connection with the last battle of Ypres alone, and their extraordinary heavy losses altogether have upset their plans for a renewed onslaught.

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News that the Salandra ministry is to be retained has swept all over Italy and united all factions in a great cry for war. A demonstration, such as Rome has not seen since the days of the revolution, occurred. The crowds surged through the city, acting much as if war had been declared already.

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Complete victory for the Russians in southeastern Galicia and Bukowina is announced in an official statement issued at Petrograd. The Austrians have been routed along the entire Dniester front of one hundred miles, it states. The Russian have taken 20,000 prisoners.

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In a battle fought 11,000 feet over the English channel a Zeppelin was severely damaged by a fleet of British aeroplanes and driven out to sea.

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General von Mackensen's victorious armies are within striking distance of the Galician fortress of Przemysl.

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Several thousand subjects of enemy countries of a military age were sent to internment camps in England, the majority of them being men who voluntarily surrendered.

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A border clash between Italian and Austrian troops was reported from Bogna. The Italians drove the Austrians back.

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A Zeppelin airship was destroyed near Alost while engaged in a battle with the allied air squadron. The wrecked airship fell 3,000 feet and the entire crew of sixty was instantly killed. Two allied aeroplanes were destroyed by the Zeppelin and the pilots killed.

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Internment of the 40,000 Germans and Austrians in Great Britain was begun by Scotland Yard at London and the special "war constables," working under the direction of the home office. Many of the women and children and men too old for military service will be deported.

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The damage caused by the riots which have taken place all over British South Africa since the sinking of the Lusitania is estimated at more than $5,000,000. Hardly a shop or hotel owned by a German has escaped.

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Lieutenant von Muecke and a landing party of 50 men from the German cruiser Emden, which escaped when their ship was sunk in the Indian ocean on November 10, have arrived at Damascus, Syria, after six months of adventurous wandering. All have been awarded the iron cross.

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The British ship Goliath has been torpedoed in the Dardanelles. It is believed 599 lives have been lost; 180 were saved. Announcement of the fate of the Goliath was made in the house of commons at London by Winston Spencer Churchill. Mr. Churchill also announced that a British submarine sunk two Turkish gunboats and a Turkish transport in the Sea of Marmora.

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"A brilliant success has been achieved north of Arras," says an official statement issued by the war office at Paris. After a furious conflict, in which the Germans fought gallantly and lost heavily, the French took complete possession of Carency. Berlin admits that the French occupy Carency.

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Viscount Haldane, lord high chancellor of England, intimated in the house of lords at London that the government was considering the necessity of departing from the voluntary system of military enlistment and resorting to general service throughout the kingdom.

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The Germans have been driven from the west bank of the Yser canal in Belgium, and are making a stand in their main positions on the east bank north of Ypres. This development was admitted by Berlin before the French announced the victory.

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Forty-seven women were killed and more than three hundred wounded in a revolt which broke out in Trieste. Crowds of citizens, women predominating, assaulted the government's palace, shouting: "Death to Francis Joseph!"

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Six thousand Armenians have been massacred at Van, in Armenia, Asiatic Turkey, according to a dispatch received in official quarters in London from the Russian consul at Urumiah, Persia.

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Combined successes of the French and British in the northwestern theater of war have inflicted a serious check on the Germans from the region north of Ypres, in Belgium, as far south as the La Bassee canal in France.

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Information has been received at Geneva that aviators of the allies have inflicted damages amounting to more than $2,000,000 to the tanneries at Strassburg, which are working on material for the German army.

Washington

Record-breaking cargoes passing through the Panama canal in March, according to war department statisticians at Washington, would have filled approximately 1,000 freight trains of 20 cars each.

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Miss Constance D. Leupp, the suffrage and settlement worker, was married to Laurence Todd of California, a newspaper man, at Washington.

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The contract to build the first American dirigible was awarded at Washington by Secretary Daniels to the Connecticut Air Craft company of New Haven.

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The United States Supreme court at Washington postponed until October 12 next argument on all cases not yet heard. It will meet Monday to render decisions and then will announce the date of other decision days. The court probably will adjourn about June 21.

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President Wilson's note to Germany was forwarded from Washington by Secretary Bryan. The president after stating that the United States government "has observed with amazement" the recent acts of German authorities on the high seas, which culminated in the sinking of the Lusitania, by which over one hundred Americans lost their lives, declares: "Manifestly, submarines cannot be used against merchantmen, and the imperial German government will not expect the United States to omit any word or any act necessary to the performance of its sacred duty of maintaining the rights of the United States and its citizens and of safeguarding their free exercise and enjoyment."

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Personal

Judge James Phelan, one of the most prominent jurists of Michigan, died at Detroit of pneumonia.

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Foreign

Sir Edgar Speyer has sent a letter to Premier Asquith at London resigning his privy councilorship and requesting also the revocation of his baronetcy. The letter declares that Sir Edgard was led to take this step after nine months of charges of disloyalty to the British government by the newspapers.

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Joao Chagras, the new president of the Portuguese cabinet, who was shot on a train while traveling from Oporto to Lisbon, died of his wounds. Fighting in Lisbon was renewed. Warships bombarded the capital and more than one hundred persons have been killed.

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The American line steamship Dominion, which sailed from Philadelphia May 1, with passengers and a general cargo, arrived at Liverpool.

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Mexican Revolt

Gen. Antonio Villa, brother of Gen. Francisco Villa, was shot in the head and mortally wounded in a duel in Chihuahua. Colonel Pulido, a well-known Mexican commander, was killed and several others were struck by flying bullets.

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Domestic

President Wilson delivered a patriotic address at New York on the American flag and the protection it carries for Americans at a luncheon given in his honor by the citizens' committee for the reception of the Atlantic fleet. The navy of the United States, the president said, "expresses our ideals. The great thing about America is that it wants no territory and questions no other nation's honor. We stand for humanity and for the things that humanity wants."

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Ralph Guthrie is dead and Charles Nobel is dying as result of injuries received when their automobile went off a bridge over Edwards river near Aledo, Ill.

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Russell Pethrick, twenty-two years old, grocery delivery boy, confessed to the police at Chicago that he killed Mrs. Ella Coppersmith and her two-year-old son, John, 7100 Lowe avenue, in their home May 6.

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At the business session of the National Conference of Charities and Corrections at Baltimore, Md., Rev. Francis H. Gavisk, chancellor of the Catholic diocese of Indianapolis, was elected president.

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Ruth Soper is not the wife of Rev. James Morrison Darnell, wherefore he is guilty of violating the Mann act in bringing her from her home in Minnetonka, Minn., to Kenosha. That was the verdict returned by the jury in the U. S. district at Milwaukee.

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Harold W. Ault, eighteen-year-old son of Charles H. Ault, a manufacturer of Newark, N. J., shot and killed his twenty-year-old wife in the Hotel St. Regis at New York and then ended his own life.

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"You can't be Germans or descendants of Germans in the United States; you must be Americans," Rt. Rev. P. J. Muldoon, bishop of the Rockford diocese, told 400 German-American members of the Illinois Catholic Union, who met at Aurora, Ill., in their twenty-third annual convention.

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Gifford Pinchot, former chief of the bureau of forestry, arrived in New York on the steamship St. Paul from Belgium, where he has been acting as commissioner of the Belgian Relief.

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A heavy frost at Plainfield, Wis., killed strawberries, apples, currants, blueberries and all fruit. No damage, however, was done to gardens or field crops. Ice formed on tubs of water.

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One rain too many has cost half a million dollars in known losses to fruit in northern California, brokers and Sacramento valley growers said.

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The Kansas state crop report gives the condition of wheat as 92.8, against 96.5 a year ago, it was announced at Topeka.

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

GAME LAWS SOMEWHAT BETTERED BY LAST SESSION OF LEGISLATURE.

NEW MEASURE IS ENACTED

Governor Ferris Signs Teacher's Pension Bill—State Superintendent Wheeler Would Bar Fine Dresses for Gratduates.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing, Mich.—Every legislature in recent years has changed the game and fish laws in various ways and the law making body of 1915 was no exception in this regard. Although the recommendations of State Game Warden Oates were not following in every particular his suggestions were accepted in many instances and it is claimed that the general game laws have been somewhat improved.

Senator Odell's bill makes a number of changes in connection with the laws relative to inland fishing. This bill had for its purpose the consolidation of all laws relating to fishing in inland water into one general act, and to repeal all other laws whether local be general, in conflict with the Odell bill.

The general laws brought under the provisions of the Odell bill includes the law which regulates the size, number and manner of taking brook trout and other species of trout from the inland streams. It also takes in the general law permitting the spearing of certain kinds of fish through the ice during the months of December, January, February and March, and voids the general law prohibiting the use of certain kinds of apparatus in taking fish from the inland waters of this state. The general law relative to the protection of bass is made a part of the Odell bill.

Among the new features it provides that a hook and line shall be construed to be a single line and single hook or hooks attached while held in the hand under immediate control.

The brook trout season is changed from May 1 to September 1, whereas the old law permitted the taking of trout until September 15. It does not change the number or size of trout that may be taken from the inland streams, but provides that all trout found in the inland waters shall be construed to be brook trout, without regard to the scientific name or technical description of the specie.

The season, number and size of black bass has not been changed but the law provides that hereafter no person can have in his possession any black bass at a time when the taking of them is prohibited.

It provides that suckers, mullet, red-sides and grass pike may be taken with spear or dip-net in the inland streams during the months of March and April in each year. No artificial light, however, can be used in connection with spearing. The new law prohibits the use of all kinds of set lines, except that five lines, to be termed "bush lines," may be used for the purpose of taking all kinds of fish except brook trout and bass through the ice during the months of January and February of each year, and will permit the use of spears through the ice during the months of January and February for taking all kinds of fish except trout and bass. This law does not repeal any local act which prevents the spearing of fish during any season of the year other than that provided for in the act.

Another of the new provisions in the law is that bluegills, sun-fish, rock-bass, calico-bass, perch and yellow eyed pike and carp shall not be taken unless they are of certain length. Bluegills, sun-fish, perch and crappies must be five inches in length. Rock-bass and white bass must be six inches in length and wall-eyed pike must be at least ten inches long. It will be unlawful to take more than 25 of any one of the species in a day and none can be sold or offered for sale.

The possession of any kind of a net, except dip nets and minnow seines, for the purpose of netting fish, is prohibited. The bill also provides that it shall be prima facie evidence of guilt for any person to have in his possession any net, except a dip net or minnow seine, jack or artificial light of any kind, dynamite, giant powder or explosives in his entrance for the purpose of taking fish, within a radius of one-half mile from any inland lake or stream. The bill makes it lawful to use a minnow seine 20 feet in length for the purpose of taking minnows, chubs or shinners for bait in lawful fishing.

Male non-residents over 18 years of age must obtain an angler's license to fish in any o the waters of Michigan. This feature, however, does not take effect until 1916, and for the balance of the year the present law will be in effect. No changes were made in the commercial fishing laws.

In the new game bill introduced by Senator Hilsendegen, provision is made that no water fowl can be taken except from September 1 to December 15, and all spring shooting of water fowl is eliminated in accordance with the provisions of the new federal law. Killing protected game birds and animals from automobiles is prohibited.

Under the terms of the new bill each hunter is limited to one deer. The opening of the rabbit season has been changed from September 1 to October 1. Squirrel and quail are protected until 1920 and wood duck are protected until 1918. Sheldrake, merganizers and tern may be killed by permit from the state game warden when it can be shown that they are destroying fish in the inland waters.

The use of ferrets, guinea pigs and other rodents for the purpose of taking rabbits, is prohibited, except by farmers on their own land.

The hunters license law for all kinds of game animals and birds, except deer and beaver, was amended and hereafter any person above the age of 17, except farmers and their minor children, while hunting on their own lands, will be obliged to obtain a license in order to hunt or trap in this state. County clerks, their deputies, and others to be appointed to handle hunters' licenses may receive ten per cent of the amount collected.

A law was also passed that provides that no person shall fish for perals, clams or mollusks before securing a license. The residence license fee is $1 and non-residents will be required to pay $50. Operations of this nature are prohibited during March, April and May.

Hereafter the deer hunting licenses will be distributed by the state game warden and a permit to ship one deer out of the state will be printed on the back of the non-resident license coupon. A self-sealing metal tag will be supplied with each hunting license, which must be attached to the carcass as soon as it is killed. The metal tag will bear the same number as the license with which it is issued and will be a means of identification in case the deer is lost, and will also prevent persons killing deer and hanging them in the woods until they have a chance to sell them.

Governor Ferris has signed the teachers' pension bill introduced by Senator Leonard Verdier of Grand Rapids and it will become operative August 18. Ten days after the law goes into effect Governor Ferris must appoint the retirement fund board consisting of the superintendent of public instruction and five others. The law provides that at least one of the members of the board shall be a woman teacher in the public schools. The state treasurer is made ex-officio treasurer of the fund and the moneys collected are subject to the same provisions of law as regulate the deposits of state funds.

All teachers, except those, who, being under contract when the act takes effect, do not elect to come under its provisions, shall contribute to the retirement fund according to the following provisions: First a teacher who shall have taught five years or less, in this state or elsewhere in the public schools, shall contribute one-half percentum of his or her annual contractual salary, but not more than five dollars during any year, provided, that the retirement fund board may increase the contributions to one percentum, but not to exceed $10 in any one year.

Second, a teacher who shall have so taught more than five years, but less than fifteen years, shall contribute one percentum of his or her contractual salary, but not more than $10 during any year, provided, that the retirement fund board may increase the contribution to two percentum, but not to exceed $20 during any year.

Third, a teacher who shall have taught fifteen years or more, shall contribute two percentum of his or her annual contractual salary, but not more than $20 during any year, provided the retirement board may increase the contribution to three percentum, but not to exceed 30 in any year.

Under the terms of the act a teacher who has taught for a period aggregating thirty years, of which fifteen years, including the last five years of service preceding the application for retirement, shall have been spent in the public schools of this state shall, upon retirement after December 1, 1915, be entitled to an annuity of a sum equal to one-half the average annual contractual salary paid during the last five years of service. No such annuity, however, shall be more than $500 or less than $300 per year. A teacher who has taught for twenty-five years may be retired on the same salary and under the same conditions as teachers who have worked for thirty years. Teachers physically unfit or mentally incapable for continuing their work may be retired after fifteen years of service in this state and receive an annuity of as many thirtieths of the full annuity provided for thirty years' service, as the teacher has taught years in the public schools.

Four alleged strike breakers who figured prominently in the copper strike in the upper peninsula two years ago will have to serve time in the Marquette prison for manslaughter, as the result of ruling by the supreme court. The four men are James Cooper, Arthur Davis, William Groff and Edward Polkinghorne.

Following their conviction for manslaughter, Judge Flannigan, before whom the cases were tried, set aside the verdict of guilty and granted the men new trials. An appeal from the decision of the circuit judge was made by Special Prosecuting Attorney Geo. Nichols of Ishnia, and Judge Flannigan's decision was reversed and the men remanded to the custody of Warden Russell of Marquette prison. The convicted men must serve from seven to fifteen years.

"Don't fuss up," is the word State Superintendent of Public Instruction Keeler is sending out to the June graduates. Superintendent Keeler wants to see the June commencement exercises devoid of all frills this year and the dress of male and female graduates as modest as possible. By this he does not advocate overalls for the boys and gingham dresses for the girls, but nothing bordering along the refinery line. There's a reason. Mr. Keeler is of the opinion that the time has been reached in Michigan when the children of the rich should condescend to allow their children graduates to dress more in keeping with those who are not rich in this world's goods to afford finery for such occasions. He says that with all the domestic science teaching being done in the schools that he thinks it not a bad idea for the girls this year to make their own dresses. By so doing they can demonstrate to their parents and the public at large that domestic science as taught in the schools of the state is a stable thing and one to be looked up to. Now is a good time to try it out.

MASONS IN STATE MEETING AT KAZO

OFFICERS ARE SELECTED AND HIGH DEGREES ARE CONFERRED.

LODGE ROOM IS DEDICATED

For the First Time in Forty Years Royal and Select Master Masons Convene in Kalamazoo.

Kalamazoo—Officers were elected Tuesday afternoon by the grand council of Royal and Select Master Masons of Michigan in convention here.

This is the first session of the grand officers in the new building and the first time that body has met in Kalamazoo in 40 years.

The only retiring officer was Most Illustrious Grand Master John F. McCallum, of Sault Ste. Marie. H. Brur Lee, of Petoskey, was made grand stewart.

Those elected were: Most Illustrious grand master, Horace S. Maynard, Charlotte; deputy grand master, Clarence A. Howard, Three Rivers; grand principal conductor of work, Frank V. Hale, Hudson; grand treasurer, Charles M. Norton, Lansing; grand recorder, Charles A. Conover, Coldwater; grand chaplain, Rev. John Claflin, Eaton Rapids.

Grand lecturer, Arthur H. McCloud, Detroit; grand captain of the guard, Charles E. Conover, Grand Rapids; grand conductor of the council, Frank Seaddon, Crystal Falls; grand steward, H. Burr Lee, Petoskey; grand sentinel, James A. McGregor, Detroit.

Many delegates and all the state grand officers attended the dedication of the blue lodge rooms Wednesday.

The grand chapter, Royal Arch Masons, met Tuesday afternoon with about 400 delegates in attendance.

At the evening meeting the degree of high priesthood was conferred on Arthur H. McCloud, of Detroit.

EIGHT STORES ARE BURNED

Flushing Suffers Heavy Fire Loss Early Sunday Morning.

Flushing—Eight stores in Flushing, were destroyed by fire early Sunday morning and three others were damaged by fire and water.

The stores which were destroyed and including the Flushing public library, were all in a long one-story cement building, which was erected by Ira T. Sayre three years ago. The loss is estimated at $25,000, partially covered by insurance.

The blaze was discovered at about 3:30 o'clock in the bakery of J. H. Dubbs, but the cause is unknown. The Flint fire department was called about an hour later and kept the fire from spreading to any great extent.

Mr. Sayre estimates his loss on the building at $8,000, with $1,200 insurance. Other losses are: J. H. Dubbs, confectionery and bakery and photograph gallery, loss, $3,000, insurance, $500; Miss Catherine Shillinger, millinery, dressmaking and personal belongings, loss, $1,700, insurance, $500; Reo, Hulleck grocery store, loss, $4,500, insurance, $2,000, Flushing public library, loss $800, insucance, $250; George Hodgkinson, meat market, loss, $500, no insurance.

Election Fraud Cases Dismissed.

Pikeville, Ky.—It was announced in the circuit court here Tuesday that the convictions of 100 men and two women who were charged with vote-selling and buying some time ago, will be set aside.

It was also announced that the remaining indictments, numbering close to 1,000, against citizens of this county in which the same charge is made, will not be taken up by the court.

This announcement follows a recent ruling by the court of appeals of Kentucky that two witnesses to a specific act were necessary to convict a person for alleged election bribery.

About 1,100 indictments were originally found against 800 men, while a number of women were also indicted for selling votes in the election for school trustees.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Winona, Minn.—Jurge Arthur H. Snow, 73 years old, a native of Michigan, graduate of the University of Michigan, law student in Detroit, classmate of the late President Mc-Kinley, and judge of the third judicial district of Minnesota for 18 years, died of cancer at his home in Winona, Minn., at 9:30 o'clock Saturday morning.

A big American eagle was caught in a muskrat trap at Grayling. The bird measured seven feet from tip to tip. It caught only the tip of one toe in the trap, but was held.

Athens—A cable message received from Tenedos announces that the Anglo-French armies have captured the hights of Krithia, on the Gallipoli peninsula. The Allies immediately organized their defenses and hold the position. Fighting continues on the hills back of Kilid Bahr and Maitos, the Allies making slow but steady gains.

London—Reports of a serious revolution in Portugal, led by a naval squadron, which bombarded the city of Lisbon from the River Tagus, with heavy loss in life and property, were followed late Saturday night by a dispatch from Hisbon, via Madrid, reporting that the revolution had been crushed.

Washington—Levi P. Morton, former vice-president of the United States, former governor of New York and one-time ambassador to France, celebrated his ninety-first birthday anniversary Saturday.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Detroit Stockyards Quarrantined. Hoof and Mouth Disease.

Live Stock.

DETROIT—Cattle: Market steady and 10@25c higher; best heavy steers, $8; best handy weight butcher steers, $7.25@7.75; mixed steers and heifers, $6.50@7.25; handy light butchers, $5.50@6; best cows, $5.75@6.50; butcher cows, $5@5.50; common cows, $4.25@4.75; canners, $3@4; best heavy bulls, $5.50@6.30; bologna bulls, $4.50@5.25; stock bulls, $4.50@5.50. Veal calves: Market steady; best, $9; others, $7@8.50. Sheep and lambs: Market strong; best lambs, $9.50@9.75; fair lambs, $8.50@9; light to common lambs, $6@7.25; fair to good sheep, $5.75@7; culls and common, $3.50@5. Hogs: Supplies paid $7.70 for what he could use; other packers' price was $7.65 for everything.

EAST BUFFALO—Receipts of cattle, 3,500; heavy grades 10@15c lower; light butcher grades steady; prime shipping steers, $8.40@8.80; fair to good, $8@8.25; plain and coarse, $7.25@7.65; choice to prime handy steers, $8@8.40; fair to good, $7.35@7.60; prime fat heifers, $7.50@8; good butchers' heifers, $7.50@7.75; light do, $6.25@7; best fat cows, $7@7.35; good butchering cows, $6.25@6.50; cutters, $4.50@5; canners, $3@4; best bulls, $6.50@7; best butchering bulls, $6.50@6.75; good butcher bulls, $5.50@6.25, light bulls, $5.50@6.

Hogs: Receipts, heavy, $8.10@8.20; mixed and yorkers, $8.20@8.25; pigs, $7.90@8.10.

Sheep: Receipts, 9,000; lambs 15c lower; sheep to strong; top lambs, $10.50@10.70; ewes, $7@8.

Calves: Receipts, 1,300; market 25c higher; tops, $9.25@9.50; fair to good, $8@8.75; grassers, $4@6.

Grains, Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, $1.56; July opened without change at $1.31, advanced to $1.32, declined to $1.30¼ and closed at $1.31; September opened at $1.26½, advanced to $1.27½, declined to $1.26 and closed at $1.26½; No. 1 white, $1.52.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 77½c; No. 2 yellow, 2 cars at 78¼c; No. 4 yellow, 77c.

Oats—Standard, 1 car at 56c and 56½c bid on track; No. 3 white 55¼c; No. 4 white, 54½c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, $1.18.

Beans — Immediate and prompt shipment, $3.05; June, $3.10.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, $7.85; October, $8.30; prime alsike, $8.

Timothy—Prime spot, $3.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $18@18.50; standard timothy, $17@17.50; No. 2 timothy, $16@16.50; light mixed, $17@17.50; No. 1 mixed, $16@16.50; No. 1 clover, $14@14.50; No. 2 clover, $13@13; rye straw, $8@8.50; wheat and oat straw, $7@7.50 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 lbs, jobbing lots: Best patent, $7.90; second patent, $7.70; straight, $7.30; spring patent, $6.10; rye flour, $6.70 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb. sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $26; standard middlings, $32; coarse cornmeal, $32; cracked corn, $33; corn and oat chop, $30 per ton.

General Markets.

Strawberries—24-quart cases, $3@3.25; 24-pint cases, $1.50@1.80.

Apples—Baldwin, $3.75@4; Steele Red, $4@4.50; Ben Davis, $2@3.50 per bbl; western apples, $1.75@2 per box.

New Cabbage—$3.50 per crate.

Bermuda Potatoes—$6@6.25 per bbl and $2.25 per bu.

Tomatoes — Florida, $4@4.50 per crate and 90c per basket.

Southern Potatoes—Florida, $5.50 per bbl and $2 per bu.

Maple Sugar—New, 14@15c per lb syrup, $1@1.10 per gal.

Dressed Calves—Common, 10@11c per lb; fancy, 12½@13c.

Potatoes—Carots, 35@38c per bu; in sacks; from stores, 45c per bu.

Onions—Texas Bermudas, $1.50 for yellow and $1.65 for white, per crate.

Poultry—Broilers, 1 to 1½ lbs, 32@35c; hens, 17@17½c; No. 2 hens, 13@14c; ducks, 15@16c; geese, 10@11c; turkeys, 18@19c per lb.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats, 14@14½c; New York flats, old, 19@20c; New York flats, new, 16@16½c; brick, 14½@15c; limburger, 16½@17c; imported Swiss, 28@29c; domestic Swiss, 19@20c; long horns, 16¾@17c; daisies, 17@17½c per lb.

Honey—Choice to fancy, new white comb, 14@15c; amber, 9@11c; extracted, 8@9c per lb.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 15c; No. 1 green, 13c; No. 1 cured bulls, 12c; No. 1 green bulls, 10c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 15c; No. 2 green veal kip, 13c; No. 1 cured murrain, 12c; No. 1 green murrain, 10c; No. 1 cured calf, 15c; No. 1 green calf, 11c; No. 1 horsehides, $3.50; No. 2 horsehides, $2.50; No. 2 hides and No. 2 kip and calf, 1½c lower than the above; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 50c @$2.

Earl Rifenburg, 4 years old, of near Vassar, fell under a field roller when the horses ran away, and was killed. He had been riding on the roller with his father.

William F. Brownhill, 16 years old, of Grand Haven, charged with highway robbery, was sentenced to Jackson to serve from five to 15 years, with a recommendation of the minimum sentence. Brownhill, with Frank Dawson, are alleged to have held up and beaten John Kemp, bridge tender at Holland.

MICHIGAN BREVITIES

Sault Ste. Marie—Money has fever has struck the Soo, and several autos are now running in competition with street cars and bus lines.

Ludington—Mason county wets have lost their effort in the courts to have the local option election declared illegal.

Grand Rapids—The village of Onondagas, five miles east of this city, will observe a "memorial day Saturday, May 29. Rev. J. A. Brown will be the speaker of the day.

Saginaw—When the state convention of Eagles meets in Port Huron, June 15-17, the Saginaw delegation will attempt to elect Henry J. Lemcke state president.

Saginaw—Mrs. W. J. McCrea, whose home was robbed March 10 along with several others, recovered her stolen amethyst brooch when Archer Stone and Paul Stern were arrested for a Yoledo burglary.

Lansing—Four alleged strike-breakers involved in the copper mine strike in the upper peninsula two years ago must serve sentences in Marquette prison for manslaughter, according to a ruling of the state supreme court. The men are James Cooper, Arthur Davis, William Groff and Edward Polkinghorne. They are to serve from seven to fifteen years.

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Lansing—Because he had reformed and was trying to make good, Joseph Donovan of Dayton, O., now working in Detroit, was permitted to remain in this state by Governor Ferris. Requisition papers from Dayton were served showing that Donovan was wanted on a charge of deserting his children. Ferris was satisfied that the man was doing his duty here and refused the extradition.

Ann Arbor—The Michigan tribe of the University of Michigan has initiated the following students: James Barrett, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Glenn Coulter, Chinnenango, N. Y.; Louis B. Hyde, Detroit; Francis T. Mack, Toledo, O.; William Mullendore, Howard City; Machlin Wood, Reading; Sidney Steen, Allegan; Clarence Uhr, Chicago, Ill.; Theron D. Weaver, Detroit; Howard Phillips, Ann Arbor.

Traverse City—The directors of the Western Michigan Development bureau here, decided to lay particular stress on general farming in the future and not on specializing in fruit. It was also decided to send John I. Gibson, secretary of the bureau, and L. H. Congar to represent Michigan at the Dixie highway meeting at Chattanooga, Tenn. Since January 1, 951 families have moved into the counties embraced by the bureau.

Kalamazoo—Like the explosion of a shrapnel was the crash of a ball of lightning which fell in the heart of a residence section of Galesburg during an electric storm. So terrific was the force of the explosion that windows 300 feet from where the lightning struck were broken. One house belonging to Lamphier Becker was set on fire. Those who saw the lightning say it was a great ball of fire about ten feet in diameter.

Bay City—Deputy State Fire Marshal Sam Robinson arrived here from Midland, where he placed George Parcell, forty-five, under arrest on suspicion of having burned his farm house April 21. Parcell had a house worth about $200, according to the state official, and it was covered by $1,475 insurance. Parcell married Pearl Dice, thirty-five, a farmer who had occupied the house up to a week prior to April 21, with setting the fire. Dice was arrested, but was released.

Corunna—Louis Lavigne of Lansing, addicted to the drug habit, pleaded guilty to statutory burglary in connection with the theft of habit-forming drugs from Durham pharmacy, in Corunna, and was sentenced to six months in the Detroit house of correction. His accomplice, Ray Rathbun of Williamston, is serving a three months term with the county road gang. Charles Faille, local option violator, was sentenced to five months in the Detroit institution.

Saginaw—A small scrap of paper bearing the name of Charles Nukowski, 2319 Fraser street, led to the identification of the body of fifteen-year-old R. B. Rumsey, Bay City boy. A Pere Marquette freight crew discovered a body along the tracks about four miles north of here. The head was missing, both arms were gone and the rest of the body was nude. The head was found in the ditch about a quarter of a mile away and with it other articles of clothing and arms were found, also the paper bearing the address of the Nukowski boy.

Grand Rapids—Two skeletons of a woman and a man were found by workmen in gravel pits at Wyoming park, it was learned today. The bones were those of Indians, but two pairs of partially decayed shoes made it evident that they were more recent inhabitants.

East Lansing—Prof. R. H. Pettit, head of the entomology department of the Michigan Agricultural college, says that according to present indications, Michigan farmers will not have to fight the army worm this summer, as they did last year.

Saginaw—George Cummings, convicted in stealing $10 from Frank Stoker, drew a 90-day sentence in the county jail. Cummings ten days and drew $100, and with some friends spent it, with the exception of 67 cents, for liquor.

Grand Rapids—At the state bass hatchery at Comstock park, Superintendent Dwight Lydell is overseeing the hatching of 60,000,000 fish. He already has 15,000,000 wall-eyed pike ready for distribution among the inland lakes, and about 40,000,000 perch will be hatched out and turned loose before the spawning season is ended.