Important News Events of the World Summarized

European War News

Field Marshal von Mackensen, continuing his pursuit of the retreating Russians from the south, toward Brest-Litovsk, has occupied Ciale and Slawatycze, says Berlin. The army of Prince Leopold of Bavaria, pressing the Russians from the west, has occupied Lesyno and Miedzyrzec.

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The British admiralty announced at London that a German submarine fired several shells at the towns of Whitehaven, Parton and Harrington, without doing any material damage. All three towns are in Cumberland on the Irish sea.

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A dispatch to the London Daily News from Athens says: "French and British aeroplanes have flown over Constantinople. They threw bombs on Galata, a large suburb, causing heavy casualties."

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A dispatch from Saloniki to London says a German submarine has been sunk by a mine in the Sea of Marmora. Word has reached here from Berlin that at the sinking of the Austrian U-12, details of which are lacking, Commander Lerch was drowned.

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Reports that the Germans and Austrians had mobilized forces estimated at from 300,000 to 400,000 men along the Serbian frontier, preparatory to a campaign to crush the Serbians and open a way for the shipment of munitions to Turkey, have been received from various sources in the last week.

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The Austrian fleet has bombarded the Italian Littoral railway from Molfetta to Seno San Giorgio, according to an official report issued at Vienna. At San Spirito the station and five depots were burned.

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Six persons were killed and twenty wounded in another air raid which the Germans have made over England. Official announcement of the raid was made by the government press bureau at London.

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The Austrian submarine U-3 has been sunk in the lower Adriatic, according to an official announcement made at Rome. Twelve men of the crew were saved.

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British submarines have added the gunboat Berk-i-Satvet and a transport to their list of Turkish warships torpedoed in the Dardanelles, the Sea of Marmora and the Black sea.

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The victorious Austro-German forces continuing their advance toward Petrograd have occupied Lukow, according to an official announcement to the Berlin war office. Zambrowa also has been occupied.

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Domestic

Leo M. Frank was kidnaped from the state farm at Milledgeville, Ga., by 25 men who rode up to the institution, overpowered Warden Smith and took Frank out under the eyes of the guards, fleeing with him as a prisoner in automobiles. Frank's fate is unknown.

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The battleship New Hampshire on its way to "southern waters" encountered a terrific hurricane off the southern coast of Florida and two marine privates were washed overboard and drowned. They were Hardie W. Roy of Mississippi and James F. Robinson of Urichsville, O.

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Supremacy of the American dollar in the markets of the world took on a new meaning at New York when the premium in its favor against the English pound was increased by a still further break in foreign exchange rates on all of the European financial centers.

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With the wind blowing 75 miles an hour, water filling the streets, the light and power plant out of commission, the people of Galveston are fleeing from the city on every train. Practically every town along the Texas gulf coast reports similar conditions. The water backed into the streets from the lower end of the island.

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Re-establishment of foreign credits by New York bankers is believed to have come in the nick of time to prevent an almost complete collapse of the buying power of the allies. Foreign exchange had fallen off to an alarming extent.

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The $10,000 job on "Uncle Jimmie" Rankhurst's farm goes to Mary Smith Miss Smith, said to be an orphan living with friends at Chicago, was selected to go to "Uncle Jimmie's" farm in Illinois at $5 a week, with the promise of $10,000 on his death.

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Six lives were lost in a collision of a freight train on the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad with a special train carrying the Knights of Pythias lodge of Mount Sterling on the return from an outing at Cedar Point.

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Lon Gammons, Claude Huttinger and Goldie Vaughn were killed; Jessie Reist, William Kinney and Alfred Bergman of Peru were seriously hurt when two automobiles came together near Kokomo, Ind.

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Quartermaster Capt. George H. Knox of the First Aero squadron, U. S. A., was killed, and Lieut. R. B. Sutton, his aid, probably was fatally injured when an aeroplane in which they were flying fell 350 feet at Fort Sill, Okla.

Direct charges are made in a report by two investigators to the United States commission on industrial relations that John D. Rockefeller and the Standard Oil company not only agree with other employers to keep wages as low as possible—in fact, to a point insufficient to provide families with necessities—but that they provide no means whereby the men may present and have heard their complaints and grievances.

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Between 1,600 and 1,800 employes of the Warner Brothers' company at Bridgeport, Conn., makers of corsets, struck to enforce a demand for an eight-hour day with pay for ten hours.

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Seven persons were hurt in a riot at a shrapnel factory at Milwaukee between Italian workmen and Austrians who want work on ammunition stopped.

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The assembling of 1,300 Italian reservists who were to sail on the steamer Canopic from Boston, and their friends, was marked by demonstrations against the interned German steamships Amerika and Cincinnati, as a result of which several policemen were injured severely.

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The transfer teamsters and chauffeurs' strike which began at St. Louis was settled.

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Newport's most important social event of the year was the wedding of Miss Margaret P. Andrews, only child of Paul A. Andrews, to Morgan Belmont, youngest son of August Belmont.

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C. O. Robinson, representative of a large packing company of Chicago, made public at Helena, Mont., a copy of a cablegram from Liverpool sent to the Chicago office asking that an estimate be furnished of the cost of 1,000,000 head of American beef cattle, delivered at Liverpool.

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The Chugash national forest in Alaska was cut almost in half by order of President Wilson. The forest reserve is to be crossed by the government railroad from Stewart to Fairbanks.

Foreign

By a vote of 182 to 93 the followers of former Premier Venizelos elected M. Zavitzanos president of the Greek chamber of deputies at Athens. The Gounaris government resigned. M. Venizelos, now the most powerful statesman in Greece, is a friend of the entente allies.

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Damage estimated at $10,000,000 was caused by a terrific hurricane that swept over the northeastern and northern coasts of Jamaica. Great plantations were completely destroyed.

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A Berlin dispatch to Amsterdam states that several persons were killed by explosions following a fire in a powder works at Reindorf, near Wittenberg, Germany.

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Washington

Secretary of State Lansing announced at Washington that W. W. Russell of Maryland, former minister to the Dominican republic, will be reappointed to that post to succeed James M. Sullivan of New York.

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The allies intention to declare cotton contraband has been communicated unofficially but authoritatively to the state department at Washington.

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The reply of the United States to the note of Austria-Hungary, refusing to stop the exportation of arms and munitions to the enemies of that nation as requested in representations June 29, was made public at Washington. Among the reasons for its refusal the United States gave the following: To refuse the sale of implements of war to belligerents would force militarism on the world and work against universal peace. During the Boer war, the Crimean war and the Balkan war arms and ammunition were sold to belligerents by both Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Mexican Revolt

Armed Mexicans in force crossed the Rio Grande near Mercedes, Tex., attacking an outpost of half a dozen cavalrymen at Saenz. Corporal William of Troop C, Twelfth cavalry, was killed and Lieut. Roy C. Henry of the same troop was wounded. Two hundred and seventy Mexicans crossed and they intended to attack Mercedes.

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The navy department at Washington sent rush orders by wireless to the battleships Louisiana and New Hampshire to proceed at once to Vera Cruz. An antiforeign demonstration in Vera Cruz is feared by Washington.

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Three more Mexican outlaws were added to the list of killed in battle near Mercedes, Hidalgo county, Texas.

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General Carranza and other Mexican leaders have been given a period of ten days within which he must notify the United States and the Latin American republics whether he will participate in a conference for the purpose of restoring peace in Mexico. The ultimatum is contained in the joint note sent from Washington.

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More federal troops are to be sent to the Texas border to assist the federal authorities to hold in check the lawless bands marauding and pillaging along the Texas-Mexico line.

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In spite of the state of the seven American countries calling the contending Mexican leaders to a peaceful conference for settlement of their difficulties, General Carranza and his chiefs still are working for recognition and preparing to oust by force of arms any internal interference.

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Gen. Frederick Funston is prepared to call for additional troops to quell the Mexican uprising in the Rio Grande valley, should the movement spread beyond the districts already disturbed.

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

SECRETARY OF STATE GIVES INTERESTING FIGURES ON DIVORCES IN STATE.

NUMBER IS ON THE INCREASE

Secretary Burkart of State Board of Health Tells of Causes of Hay Fever and How to Prevent It.

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—More than 25,000 divorce cases were pending in the courts of Michigan last year, according to statistics compiled by Secretary of State Coleman C. Vaughan from data gathered from all the counties in the state with the exception of Alger and Ottawa.

According to the compiled statements of the various county clerks there were 18,828 bills for divorce pending in the courts of Michigan, January 1, 1914. During the year 6,637 couples demanded legal separation by the courts, making a total of 25,475 cases under consideration last year.

Last year 4,358 divorces were granted. In 110 cases divorces were denied by the courts, and 8,088 bills were withdrawn, leaving 20,199 to go over to this year as "divorces pending."

"Taking 25,475 as the aggregate number of cases before the courts, the number granted would constitute 17.1 per cent of the total number of petitions, while no less than 78.1 per cent remained pending," said Secretary of State Vaughan." The number refused and withdrawn amount to only 3.6 per cent."

"Such a comparison should be taken only as a very general one, and not as precisely indicating the ratio of divorces granted to actions begun in the Michigan courts. The divorces granted are based upon petitions filed during 1914 and preceding years, and with an increasing volume of divorce business, more than the average number of cases begun in 1914 would remain unacted upon, thereby rendering the ratio of cases granted somewhat too low."

In 1898 the total number of cases pending was 2,475. In 1908 the number had increased to 10,556 and last year the total was 18,828.

While the state department is absolutely certain that the number of divorces granted each year is constantly increasing, the rapid increase in the number of cases pending is traced to be due in part to a better system of reporting. In 1897 the legislature passed a law requiring county clerks to furnish this information to the state department.

The records of the state department show that in 1898 the total number of bills filed was 2,898 and 1,901 decrees were granted. According to the official records ten years later the number of bills filed had increased to 4,823 and 3,020 decree were granted. Last year 6,637 estranged couples aired their marital woes in the courts and 4,358 separations were granted.

Secretary Vaughan says that of the 3,978 divorces granted in 1913, suits were begun upon complaint of the husband in 1,087 cases and upon complaint of the wife in 2,891 cases. No less than 2,895 of the marriages dissolved were performed in Michigan. Only 214 of these marriages were performed in the adjacent states of Ohio, Indiana and Wisconsin. In 350 cases the parties were married outside the three mentioned states, 387 were married in Canada and 92 from other foreign countries.

According to statistics gathered by the state department no children resulted from the marriages in 2,061 cases where divorces were granted in 1913. In 391 families there was only one child and in 499 cases there were two children. Further investigation shows that in 245 families there were three children. The total number of children deprived of the family relation was 3,952 or about one child on an average for each divorce.

In 118 cases the marriage had existed for less than one year and in 1,181 cases marriage existed under five years.

"As the average duration of marriage before divorce is about ten years, and as at least two living children are necessary to maintain any class of the population in a merely stationary condition without natural decrease, it may be inferred that the population from which the divorce rate is derived, has not been a factor in the natural increase of the state and is not even self sustaining with reference to point of numbers," said Secretary Vaughan.

December 31, 1914, there were 5,509 divorced cases pending in Wayne county, 2,506 bills were filed last year and 1,385 decrees were granted.

Saginaw county—1,005 cases pending 188 bills filed and 136 decrees granted.

Kent county—1,711 cases pending, 581 bills filed and 260 decrees granted.

Jackson county—621 cases pending, 189 bills filed and 129 divorces granted.

Ingham county—517 cases pending 185 bills filed and 127 decrees granted.

Genesee county—837 cases pending, 261 bills filed and 168 decrees granted.

Michigan's crop report for August, just issued by the secretary of state, is not so favorable as those for the two months previous. Following is a summary:

Wheat—Average yield, 18.51 bushels per acre; total yield for the state, 14,500,000 bushels.

Rye—Average yield, 14.63 bushels; total yield, 5,775,000 bushels.

Oats—Average yield, 36.82 bushels; total yield, 42,000,000 bushels.

Corn—Average condition 74 per cent as against 83 per cent a year ago.

Buckwheat—Average condition 93 per cent as against 88 per cent a year ago.

Potatoes—Average condition 93 per cent as against 88 per cent a year ago.

Beans—Average condition 89 per cent as against 88 per cent a year ago.

Sugar beets—Average condition 93 per cent against 88 per cent a year ago.

Hay and forage—Average yield 1.21 tons; total yield 2,924,000 tons.

Apples—Average condition 45 per cent against 71 per cent a year ago.

Bay county—288 cases pending, 114 bills filed and 64 decrees granted.

Lenawee county—381 cases pending, 78 bills filed and 65 decrees granted.

St. Clair county—848 cases pending.

Muskegon county—102 bills filed and 56 decrees granted.

Secretary Burkart of the state board of health says he has received a number of letters recently relative to the prevention and cure of hay fever which is very common during the months of August and September. However, he declines to give an opinion on the merits of the various asthma and hay fever remedies advertised as a sure cure for these diseases.

"The pollens of the ragweed are the irritating agents in practically every case of the autumnal form of hay fever, although the pollen of other weeds may aggravate the symptoms, and in some cases even originate them," said Secretary Burkart.

"In order to prevent or diminish the irritating cause of this autumnal hay fever, sufferers should avoid, as far as possible, neglected fields, which are the habits of these weeds. Highways adjoining neglected fields, should learn to recognize the ragweed, golden rod, etc., in order to avoid contact with the pollen of these weeds.

"All vacant lots and fields, especially those that have been cultivated at some time, usually produce luxuriant crops of the weeds referred to. Those should be cut down at once to prevent the pollination of the ragweed. All hay fever sufferers should explain to the owners of vacant lots the relationship between ragweed and hay fever, which is as clearly established as are many other truths of modern medicine.

"While some constitutional conditions, and special sensitiveness of the breathing passages may be a predisposing cause, the direct exciting cause is one or more of these pollens. This can be very easily proven as an attack of hay fever may be produced in susceptible patients, at any time of the year, by simply applying a few particles of the pollen to their nostrils.) When this is fully understood by the public, vacant lots and hay fever producing weeds will soon become rare in the vicinity of residences."

In the new automobile law passed at the last session of the legislature provision is made that every motor vehicle equipped with electric headlights shall have a dimming arrangement, and as no mention is made of cars using powerful gas lamps it is taken for granted that they are exempt from the provisions of the bill. Practically every modern car is equipped with electric lights, but many of the big machines manufactured a few years ago that are still in use carry gas lamps with powerful reflectors, and it appears that these machines will not have to comply with the new law in this regard.

State Game Warden Oates is preparing 100,000 hunters' licenses for use this year and the department is of the opinion that $75,000 in fees will result from the sale of these licenses. The money will be used for the maintenance of game preserves and the propagation of game.

Every hunter must pay a fee of $1 for a county license. Non-resident hunters who desire to hunt game birds, rabbits, etc., must pay $10.00. Deer licenses, are $15.00 for resident hunters and $25 for non-residents. A farmer may hunt game birds, etc., on the farm where he resides without taking out a license.

The National Taxation and Inspection League of America, with headquarters at Ann Arbor, has filed articles of association with Secretary of State Vaughan. It is the purpose of the association to advocate legislature to place all church property on the tax rolls. Alfred P. Norton, of Ann Arbor, is president, and James B. Saunders, is secretary.

Theodore H. Price, a New York publisher, held a conference with Governor Ferris, Attorney General Fellows and members of the state railroad commission Friday morning relative to a plan to have the state of Michigan amend its constitution so as to lease and operate the Pere Marquette railroad.

Price was informed by Governor Ferris that it was extremely doubtful whether the people of Michigan would ever vote favorably on a constitutional amendment whereby the state could take over the Pere Marquette.

The governor says that in time the government will test out governmental ownership of public utilities, but he is not convinced that Michigan should take the first step.

Warden Nathan F. Simpson will not receive an increase in salary from $5,000 to $7,500 per year, as Auditor General C. M. B. Fuller has refused to approve the increase.

Although it was thought Thursday afternoon that the approval of the auditor general was not required, the attorney general's department discovered that a law passed at the session of 1907 requires the approval of the governor, auditor general, and state treasurer whenever the salary of any institutional officer is to be raised.

Governor Ferris willingly approved the action of the board of control of Jackson prison in increasing Warden Simpson's salary, declaring that the state should be willing to pay adequate salaries to efficient employes.

LEO FRANK KILLED BY GEORGIA MOB

FAMOUS CONVICT IS TAKEN FROM PRISON AND HANGED NEAR MARIETTA.

NO RESISTANCE IS OFFERED

Man Convicted of Murdering Girl Is Kidnaped By Band of Men in Automobiles Who Escape Identification.

Marietta, Ga.—Leo M. Frank, convicted of the murder of Mary Phagan, was taken from the state prison farm at Milledgeville Monday night by a small band of determined men, was brought to within a few miles of the Phagan home in this city at daylight Tuesday and hanged to a tree near the Marietta-Milledgeville highway. The prison officials offered no resistance to the mob. Frank had just been discharged from the hospital.

The body, which was found at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning, dangled from the tree for several hours while a throng from the surrounding countryside gathered about the scene. By a vote of the crowd the body was cut down without mutilation and taken by automobile to Atlanta, where another throng congregated to view it.

Officials of Cobb county in which the lynching occurred, immediately instituted an investigation. Coroner Booth empaneled a jury, and announced that the county commissioners had empowered him to employ additional counsel.

Two witnesses appeared before the jury, which adjourned its sessions for a week while officials collect evidence. While the identity of no member of the band was known to officials, it was suggested that the fact that Frank was taken nearly 100 miles in an automobile from the state prison almost to the outskirts of Marietta indicated that most of the lynchers came from that city.

The body was discovered by searchers from several cities in this section who started out in automobiles after news spread that Frank had been kidnaped from the state prison farm.

The body, hanging from an oak tree, was found clothed only in the silk shirt which Frank wore when he was torn from a bed in the prison dormitory. A white handkerchief covered his face, his feet and legs were firmly bound and under his right jaw was the knot of the hangman's noose, expertly tied to produce a quick death.

News of the discovery of the body spread quickly and a great crowd had gathered before the arrival of Coroner Booth. The latter's announcement that it would be cut down immediately aroused some objection. There were cries of "Don't move the Jew's body until we shoot it full of holes," but an appeal by former Superior Judge N. A. Morris, of Cobb county, quieted the crowd.

Guards Not to Blame.

Milledgeville, Ga.—Prison officials here are held to be blameless in connection with the kidnaping of Leo M. Frank from the state prison farm, in a statement given out Tuesday night by R. E. Davidson, chairman of the state prison commission.

Mr. Davidson, with Commissioners Rainey and Patterson, was here to inspect the penitentiary when Frank was seized.

The commission has full power, not excepting that vested in the governor, to conduct or order any investigation.

Mr. Davidson's statement said that as the band worked so quickly and was so well organized, and immediately upon its arrival at the prison so completely controlled the situation, that "no responsibility rested upon either the commission or anybody at the farm."

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Rochester, N. Y.—Lawrence Lyon 24 years old of Ithaca, an aviator of the Curtis school, at Hammondsport, was drowned at Conesus lake Saturday when the aeroplane turned over and fell into the water.

The city of Alma is planning on holding a health week, Oct. 3-8. Several of the best known medical and sanitation experts in the country will give addresses, and Gov. Ferris and members of the state board of health will also speak.

At a meeting at Bay City Monday night of a number of prominent men it was decided to erect a soldiers and sailors' monument in Wenona park at a cost of $10,000. A sculptor will be employed. The monument will be dedicated in June, 1916, when the G. A. R. holds its state convention in Bay City.

Washington—The American consul at Riga has taken over the British interests there, Ambassador Marye so reported Saturday from Petrograd.

Washington—The Taltian line files again over Fort Nationale and both Port au Prince and Cape Haitien have been quite since President Dartiguenave took up his duties.

Biddeford, Me.—John W. Harper, of New York, last survivor of the Harper brothers, magazine publishers, died Saturday at Biddeford pool. He was 84 years of age.

London—Reports that Germany has made overtures to Russia for a separate peace by offering to Russia a free use of the Dardanelles are ridiculed by the Hamburg Nachrichten, according to a Reuter's dispatch from Amsterdam.

Bucharest—The minister of finance announces that the exportation of petroleum from Rumania is no longer prohibited but will be subjected to the closest inspection to prevent the movement of arms and munitions across the border.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock.

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 1,213; market steady; best heavy steers (dry fed,) $8@8.25; best handy weight butcher steers, $7.50@7.75; mixed steers and heifers, $6.50@7.50; handy light butchers, $6@6.50; light butchers $5.25@6; best cows, $6.75@6.25; butcher cows, $5@5.50; canners, $4@4.25; canners, $3@4; best heavy bulls, $6; bologna bulls, $5.25@5.75.

Veal calves: Receipts, 434; market steady; best, $11@11.50; others, $6@10.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 3,096; market opened steady; lambs closed 25@50c lower than opening; sheep strong; best lambs $9.25; fair lambs, $8@8.75; light to common lambs, $6@7; fair to good sheep, $4.75@5.50; culls and common, $3@4.

Hogs: Receipts, 2,000; pigs and lights, $7.65@7.75; heavy, $7@7.25; mixed, $7.50@7.70.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Receipts, 3,250; all fat stuff sold 10 to 20 cents higher; common and medium steady; choice to prime native steers, $9.60@10; fair to good $8@8.50; plain and coarse, $8.50@8.75; choice to prime handy steers, $8.75@9; fair to good steers, $7.50@8; light common grasers, $6.50@7; yearlings, fry fed, $8.25@9.75; prime fat heifers, $7.75@8.25; good butcher heifers, $7@7.50; half grassy heifers $6@6.50; best fat cows, $6.50@7; butcher cows, $5.50@6.25; cutters, $4.25@4.75; canners, $3@4; fancy bulls, $7@7.25; light bulls, $6@6.25.

Hogs: Receipts, 12,800; market 15 to 50 cents lower; extra heavy, $7@7.25; heavy, 240 to 280 lbs. averages, $7.25@7.40; mixed, $7.75@7.90; yorkers, $8@8.10; pigs, $8.15@8.25; roughs $5.85@6.

Sheep: Receipts, 5,000; market 25 to 50 cents lower; top lambs, $8.60@9; yearlings, $7@7.50; wethers, $6.75@7; ewes, $5.75@6.50.

Calves: Receipts, 1,100; market slow; tops, $11.50@12; fair to good, $9.50@10.75; grassers, $6@6.

Grains, Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat, Cash No. 2 red, $1.16; September opened without change at $1.10 3-4c, declined to $1.10 1-2 and advanced to $1.12 1-2; December opened at $1.11 1-4, declined to $1.11 1-8 and advanced to $1.11 1-4. No. 1 white, $1.18.

Corn—Cash No. 3, $2 3-4c; No. 3 yellow, $2 3-4c; No. 3 yellow, $1 1-2c.

Oats—Standard, 36 1-2c; No. 3 white, 36@36 1-2c; August, No. 3 white, new, 42 1-2c; September, No. 3 white, new, 42c asked. No. 4 white, 39@39 1-2c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, $1.02; August, $1.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, $2.70; September, $2.80.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, $8.25; October, $8.50; prime alsike, $8.

Timothy—Prime spot, $3.25.

Old Hay—No. 1 timothy, $24@25; standard timothy, $23@24; No. 2 timothy, $22@23; light mixed, $23@24; No. 1 mixed, $18@19; No. 1 clover, $14@15; No. 2 clover, $13@13; rye straw, $8@8.50; wheat and oat straw, $6.50@7 per ton.

Flour—In cotton-cloth paper sacks, per 196 lbs, jobbing lots: Best patent, $6.50; second patent, $6.30; straight, $6; spring patent, $7.10; rye flour, $6.50 per bbl.

Feed—In 100 lb. sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $25; standard middlings, $25; fine middlings, $32; coarse cornmeal, $33; cracked corn, $28; corn and oat chop, $30 per ton.

General Markets.

Huckleberries—$8.50@4 per bu.

Cherries—Sour, $2.25@2.50 per bu.

Gooseberries—$2.50@2.75 per bu.

Blackberries—$1.50@1.75 per 16 quart case.

Red Currants—Cherry, $2.25; common, $2@2.25 per bu.

Raspberries—Red, $4@4.50 per bu; black, $4@4.25 per bu.

Apples—$3.50@4 per bbl., $1.15@1.25 per hamper, $1.35@1.40 per pk.

Peaches—Island, 70@80c per 16 lb basket; Arizona and Mississippi Elberts, $1.50@1.40 per bu., $1.75@2.25 per 6-basket crate.

Mushrooms—45@50c per lb.

New Cabbage—$1 per bbl.

Celery—Michigan, 15@20c per doz.

Onions—Southern, $5@90c per sack.

Green Corn—$3@3.25 per bbl and 20@25c per doz.

Sweet Potatoes—$2 per hamper and $5.50 per bbl.

Lettuce—Head, $1.50@1.75 per case; leaf, 50c per bu.

Dressed Calves—Fancy, 14@14 1-2c per lb.; common, 13@13 1-2c.

Maple Sugar—New, 14@15c per lb., syrup, $1@1.10 per gal.

Potatoes—Virginia Cobblers, $1.65@1.75 per bbl; Jersey, 65@70c per bushel.

Tomatoes—Canadian, 50@60c per 1-2 bu. basket; Bethlehem, $3@3.50c per crate.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 11@15c; amber, 9@10c; extracted, 5@6c per pound.

Live Poultry—No. 1 broilers, 29@30c; No. 2 broilers, 16@18c; heavy hens, 17c; medium hens, 14@15c; light hens, 12c.

Cheese—Wholesale New Michigan flats, 12 1-2@13 1-4c; New York, 14 1-2@15 1-2c; brick, 14 1-2@15c; Limburger, 24@25c; Swiss 14@15c; 6-12c; imported Swiss, 32c; domestic Swiss, 17 1-2@22c; Young Americas, 14 1-2c per pounds.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 19c; green, 17c; No. 1 green bulls, 16c; No. 1 green calfs, 12c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 18c; No. 1 green veal kip, 16c; No. 1 cured murrain, 16c; No. 1 green murrain, 15c; No. 1 cured calf, 30c; No. 2 green calf, 17c; No. 1 horse hides, $3.50; No. 2 horse hides, $2.50; tallow, 6c and No. 2, 4c; and half the lower than the above; sheepskins according to amount of wool, 25c@$1.50.

Bay City will close its golden anniversary celebration September 16 with a floral parade.

Michigan News Tersely Told

Manistee.—Matters of importance to motor tourists were threshed out here at an executive session of the West Michigan Pike association. It was decided that the pike should retain its identity with a broadening scope and the probability that Manistee will be a place of control on the 1916 pike tour. It was decided to sign-post the entire route with concrete posts. Marking the course through cities will be white bands on telegraph and telephone poles.

Battle Creek.—The executive committee of the Free Methodist church has selected Battle Creek for the Forty-first annual Michigan conference August 18 to 23. Fully 400 ministers and other delegates will attend. All sessions will be presided over by Bishop W. S. Bellew of New York, who will give daily addresses. Sessions will undoubtedly be held at the First Methodist church, the Free Methodist church being too small.

Mt. Clemens.—Matthew Baller, local grocer and butcher, while riding on an automobile loaded with fruit, fell from the vehicle while attempting to straighten up a box which was about to fall to the ground. It is said the automobile lurched and he was thrown from the step and dragged some distance. He was removed to St. Joseph sanitarium, where he died within 10 minutes. He leaves a widow and several children.

Flint.—Circuit Judge Mark Stevens, appointed by Governor Ferris to succeed the late Judge Charles H. Wisner in the Genesee county circuit, presided over his first session of court. No cases were tried and after the formality of opening the court the Genesee County Bar association presented resolutions on the death of Judge Wisner, which were spread upon the court records.

Bay City.—In Monitor township, Adolph Anderson, aged twelve, and his sister, Marie, aged seven, children of Alfred Anderson, were chopping cornstalks when the little girl got her right hand under the knife, losing the third finger at the first joint. A country doctor sewed the member back upon the hand with a hope that it may grow back into place.

Marquette.—James Land, twenty-two years old, of Cleveland, seaman on the Cleveland Cliffs iron company's steamer Angeline, fell through an open hatchway into the hold of the vessel and was killed. His neck was broken. Land and other men were closing the hatches, when he stumbled over the coaming and plunged back ward into the hold.

Lansing.—Ver Ghe 185 corporations, representing a capital of $29,524,130, which filed articles of incorporation in July, 162 were new and Wayne county furnished 95 of them. In the corresponding month last year, 147 corporations, with a capital of $13,181,500, filed articles. There are now over 5,000 corporations doing business in Michigan.

Grand Rapids.—In 30 counties of the state petitions containing 30,000 signatures were filed by the New Era association demanding a referendum to 1913 on the "socialistic" insurance law which provides that all fraternal insurance bodies shall have a lodge. In Kent county 10,000 names were filed and in Wayne 12,000.

Bay City.—Rev. Albert H. Stoneman, state superintendent of the Michigan Children's Home society, has established a branch in Bay City, with the social service bureau as its representative. The society is organized for the purpose of taking care of homeless and neglected children and placing them in permanent homes.

Bay City.—Deputy Inspector Krykoski has discovered the carcass of a cow slaughtered in Bay City for local consumption which was in the advanced stage of tuberculosis. The farmer from whom it was bought refunded the purchase price to the driver. Detectives were acquainted with the facts in the case.

Calumet.—Fire damaged No. 2 shaft of the Centennial Mining company, putting the entire underground operation out of commission. The flames spread to the second level, but were confined to the shaft, burning up a depth of 150 feet. All the men were but of the mine at the time.

Port Huron.—A relic of Port Huron's old cemetery, which is now a residential section, was unearthed on the Sperry farm in Marysville, when workmen were excavating for a curb on Hawkins street. The body was not disturbed but was re-covered.

Lansing.—Governor Ferris has appointed William Langmaid county treasurer for Cheboygan county. The governor also appointed Charles C. Witz of Battle Creek as a member of the state veterinary board.

Cadillac.—Harold Anderson, son of William Anderson, a farmer, has received word from Harvard university officials that his marks last year entitled him to a $300 scholarship.

Bay City.—Ruth Sawyers, aged sixteen, and Albert Hessling, twenty-seven, eloped from Pinconning to Detroit, where they were married, have been married. It is filed the abduction charges against the groom will be dropped. Friends of the girl obtained a decree of divorce and the girl's mother then consented to the marriage.

Bessemer.—No. 1 shaft of the Ehlen mine caved to a depth of 60 feet, leaving a gap through the underground drift to No. 6 shaft, one mile distant. The hill is 500 feet down and the shaft will be abandoned.

Jackson.—Ray Lapham walked away from the Blake prison farm. He was sentenced from Ingham county to from one to five years for larceny of a bicycle.

Iron Mountain.—While discharging Henry Stelbach, a prominent farmer of Metropolitan, committed suicide in a roof house on his farm by shooting himself in the head with a rifle. He leaves a widow and several children.

Owosso.—Twelve Owosso boys, whose ubenhile hunting excursion ended in fleeing the Shiawassee river, found a $5 silver dollar, which the Democratic county committee had secretly secreted.