

# NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

## KERNELS CULLED FROM THE MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS

### STORIES FROM OVER GLOBE

Items From Happenings of World Arranged in Their Briefest and Most Succinct Form for the Busy Reader.

#### Washington

"One of the most glaring instances of maladministration revealed in all the history of American railroad," is the interstate commerce commission's characterization of its findings in the investigation of New Haven railroad financial affairs, reported to the senate at Washington. The New Haven's directors were pronounced "criminally negligent."

The senate at Washington confirmed the nomination of Ira Nelson Morris of Chicago to be minister to Sweden.

The house appropriations committee at Washington reported a general deficiency appropriation bill carrying a total of \$4,855,442. This is the last of the general appropriations bills and contains appropriations for public buildings and sites.

Revolt in the senate at Washington against President Wilson is on. Members of the upper house have reached deadlock with the White House on the president's desire that Paul M. Warburg and Thomas D. Jones be confirmed as members of the federal reserve board. The president will insist that his appointments be approved.

By a vote of 7 to 4 the senate at Washington decided to report unfavorably the nomination of Charles E. Hughes of Chicago to the governorship of the federal reserve board.

The Rucker bill to amend and codify existing laws relating to publicity of campaign contributions was passed by the house at Washington by a vote of 103 to 19.

Army officers from Washington carry the resignation of Maj. Benjamin M. Koehler, Coast Artillery corps, from the army service. Major Koehler was found guilty of "conduct unbecoming an officer."

Henry Ford, the automobile manufacturer of Detroit, discussed business conditions with President Wilson at the White House in Washington. The probable effect of the antitrust law on the country. On leaving the White House Ford said: "I certainly think that business in this country and States is due for a big improvement, and I told the president so."

#### Domestic

Charles Sanger Mellen, former president of the New Haven railroad and director of its activities during the era of monopoly-seeking expansion, declared at Boston that the report of the interstate commerce commission made public was the result of a libelous trial issued for political purposes.

Filers of claims growing out of the loss of the steamship Titanic won a victory when Federal Judge Hand ruled that they may prosecute damage suits in English courts by withdrawing claims from admiralty litigation at New York. Under the English law a claimant may recover \$500,000 on the account of salvage, from the passage money, while the American statute limits recovery to \$75,000.

Handits held up the Missouri, Kansas & Texas passenger train known as the Katy Flyer at Matson, Mo., and demanded the safe in the express car.

Four persons died at St. Louis and several others were prostrated by the heat, which broke all records for the current year. The government kiosk on the street registered 103.

Governor Cox issued a proclamation for an extraordinary session of the Ohio legislature to be convened on Monday, July 20. The extra session is to be devoted to reducing the tax levy.

Dr. Harlow F. Steere of Chicago was shot and fatally wounded by Antonio Trabucchi, a former patient, who sought treatment for cure of beria, when the lighter went insane in Doctor Steere's office. Trabucchi then turned the weapon on himself, dying instantly.

One death occurred at Lincoln, Neb., from heat. It was the hottest day of the year. An official temperature of 103 degrees was recorded. Thermometers on the streets recorded 106 degrees. The heat was general over the whole part of the state.

J. H. Bradley, wealthy implement manufacturer of Bradley, Ill., shot himself through the temple in his room at the Hotel La Salle in Chicago. Bradley had been suffering from a brain ailment.

Trains on a dozen railroads canceling through rates on coal in carloads from mines in West Virginia and other states to stations in Chicago, on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, by the interstate commerce commission.

After deliberating almost constantly for several days the jury in the trial of Tony Petrus reported at Geneva, Ill., that there was no possibility of his reaching a verdict. Following the jury's report the jury Petrus was returned to jail.

# THE STATE CAPITOL

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(By Gurd M. Hayes.)

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Arguments enough arguments to convince the skeptics that there is considerable merit in the measure. The grange and the labor unions are the main supporters of the guarantee of bank deposits. The grange has a membership of 10,000.

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