PEACE MISSION IS FRUITLESS

GENERALLY CONCEDED THAT JUDGE MURPHY'S OFFER WILL BE REJECTED.

MOTHER JONES THINKS HE IS NOT IMPARTIAL.

Vice President of United Mine Workers Gives Strikers Assurance of Moral and Pecuniary Support.

Judge Alfred Murphy of Detroit, sent by Gov. Ferris in an effort to mediate the strike, still refuses to discuss his peace mission for publication.

He had had conferences with MacNaughton, and with officials of the Western Federation of Miners. He was given assurance by both of assistance in his investigation. The Federation officials expressed the hope that he might be able to bring about a speedy settlement. The mine managers gave out no expression regarding the judge's visit.

Judge Murphy states only that he is here with credentials from Governor Ferris to offer himself as mediator.

"Mother" Jones, expressing her views on Judge Murphy's mission, went so far as to say: "I do not believe him qualified to take an impartial view of this strike, as he is too close to the monied classes in Detroit, both professionally and socially."

It generally is considered in the strike district that Judge Murphy's mission is to be fruitless, because the mine owners, it is said, absolutely will not treat with the Federation or with an intermediary between them and the Federation.

J. H. Walker, president of the Illinois mine workers and vice president of the United Mine Workers, who has arrived in Calumet, has given the strikers "assurances of the moral and pecuniary support of the mining department of the American Federation of Labor." Mr. Walker will remain on the ground till the strike is settled.

Bryan Will Come to Michigan.

Secretary of State Wm. J. Bryan is coming to Detroit, September 29, to attend the national meeting of the American Road congress, which will be in session from September 29 to October 4.

Secretary Bryan will represent President Wilson, who will be unable to come, and will be accompanied by Secretary of Agriculture Houston. Word that Secretaries Bryan and Houston are coming has been received by Milton Carmichael, secretary of the Detroit convention and tourists' bureau.

Secretary Carmichael says that from 5,000 to 7,000 visitors are expected for the convention.

Sen. Townsend Blocks Investigation.

A petition from a mass meeting at Calumet, Mich., asking the senate to look into the labor troubles there, presented by Senator Martine, was blocked by Senator Chas. E. Townsend, who declared it a reflection on the governor of the state, and characterized its presentation as unappropriate and unwarranted. He said the governor was investigating the situation and should be allowed to proceed unmolested. Senator Martine withdrew the petition temporarily.

Announce Thumb Fair Dates.

Following are the Thumb fair dates for 1913: Huron County fair, Bad Axe, September 2 to 5; Cass City August 19 to 22; Caro fair, Caro, August 25 to 29; North Branch fair, North Branch, September 24 to 26; Elkton fair, Elkton, August 26 to 29; Imlay City fair, Imlay City, September 30 to October 2 and 3; Sanilac County Agricultural society, Sandusky, Sept. 9 to 12; Vassar fair, September 2 to 5.

Wizard Will Wire Wilson.

Thomas A. Edison and Andrew Carnegie are expected in Mt. Clemens, August 28, when the members of the Old Time Telegraphers' Historical association and the U. S. Military Telegraph corps will visit that place. Mr. Edison learned telegraphy in the old Grand Trunk station and it is planned to have the noted inventor send a message over the wire to President Wilson.

The securities commission whose duty it is to administer the "blue sky" law, has appointed William R. Towne of Detroit, as chief examiner for the commission. Towne has been connected with the auditor-general's department for a number of years and has had charge of the installation of the accounting systems in the various state institutions.

Freeland has bonded for $10,000 for a new high school building.

Governor Ferris has named delegates to the third American road congress which will meet in Detroit from September 29 to October 4, and included in the list are Amos S. Musselman of Grand Rapids, who headed the Republican ticket last fall, Major Arthur P. Loomis of Ionia, Musselman's campaign manager, and L. Whitney Watkins of Jackson, who was the Bull Moose candidate for governor.

Lansing may be forced to install a septic tank sewage system as a result of the low water level of Grand River. Owners of the North End dam have been ordered to keep the water near the top of the structure.

After waving farewell to his mother and his sister, whom he had placed on a train for the east to spend their vacation, Charles Morrison, a yard switchman, at Port Huron, employed by the Grand Trunk, stepped in front of a swiftly moving engine and was killed. His head was severed, and both arms were cut off.

MICHIGAN NEWS IN BRIEF

Huron county now has a large new hospital, just completed in connection with the poor farm.

Workers on the state prison clay pit farm at Jackson, have uncovered a 15-foot layer of fine quality fire clay.

By a majority of 34 votes, the proposition to bond Hastings for $10,000 for improving the streets, was defeated.

Trislo Charbeneau, of Anchorville, was killed by lightning when he went upstairs to put down a window during a heavy storm.

Tentative plans have been made for the Michigan state Sunday school convention which will be held in Benton Harbor November 11-14.

Mrs. Frank Strodomer, of Gowley, Menominee county, mother of seven children, was struck by lightning and killed instantly, while standing near a stove.

A two-year-old son of V. Fay, residing on a farm three miles from Battle Creek, was drowned when he fell in an earthen crock containing three feet of water.

Ira Stemm and J. J. Dard have been elected president and secretary of the Michigan Fruit association, an organization for the betterment of the grape-growing industry.

Miss Hannah Whitmore, 61 years old, living with her brother on a farm near Bridgeport, went upstairs to close a window. Lightning struck and killed her instantly.

J. O. Crotzer was appointed commissioner of public health and welfare by the city commission of Traverse City to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of W. F. Calkins.

A. W. Miller, of Detroit, was elected president of the state branch of the National Association of Stationary Engineers at Grand Rapids. The next convention will be held at Muskegon.

Dr. Roy O. Knapp resigned as assistant physician at the Ionia State hospital and will locate for practice at Ann Arbor. Dr. P. C. Robertson, interne, is advanced to assistant physician.

Russell Young will represent St. Clair county in the delegation of youths to be guests at the Michigan state fair in Detroit. He received the highest mark in a competitive examination.

William Gephart, a farmer of Breckenridge, was struck by lightning and instantly killed while standing beside a barn near Pine river, where the Gephart family had been holding a picnic.

The Whitney hotel in Ann Arbor was sold by the Ann Arbor Hotel company to E. F. Hildebrandt. The price was not made public, but it is understood to have been more than $8,000.

Bernard Nyland, 19, of Menominee, broke his neck while diving in water two feet deep, off Lakeside, a summer resort. He died an hour later. The accident was witnessed by 2,000 merry-makers.

Port Huron will start a practice house for working girls which will be connected with the domestic science course of the high school. The King's Daughters will give $500 to promote the plan.

The removal of a "pussy willow" blossom from her ear restored the hearing of Martha Skellenger, 11-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William R. Skellenger, of Battle Creek. She had been partially deaf for six years.

With the setting of the eighth crib at South Haven, marine contractors have completed the 800 feet extension to the government pier. The work has cost $100,000 and has taken nearly two years to complete. Eight cribs, each 100 feet long, were built.

Graduates of the Hastings high school who want assistance in obtaining a college education this year will find available a scholarship fund of $150 created by donations from alumni of the school. This sum will be loaned to deserving students.

The last length of Muskegon's new intake, a part of the $300,000 improvement to the municipal water works, has been laid, making a total of 700 lengths which reach into Lake Michigan more than a mile. The mouth of the intake is 55 feet below the surface.

The Kalamazoo council has passed an ordinance which prohibits anyone under 18 years of age from driving a vehicle of any kind in the streets. The council took this action following a series of automobile accidents, all of which were caused by boys driving automobiles.

Attorney-General Fellows announced that an appeal would be taken from the decision of Judge Murphy of Detroit, who held that the fire marshal law conflicted with the Detroit building ordinances and therefore prevents the fire marshal from closing second floor theaters. The case will be heard in the supreme court at the fall term of court.

Fred W. Sherman, formerly publisher of the Port Huron Times, has sold his interest in the Santa Barbara, Cal., Independent, which he acquired three years ago.

The western Michigan showing of apples at the fourth apple show in connection with the annual convention of the International Apple Shippers' association at Cleveland, won the silver medal for the north central states, including New York and New England. Western Michigan appeared to be of a better quality than those from other states.

The state game warden's department will soon begin the seining of Fremont lake to rid the water of obnoxious fish which are not good for food and are said to be killing thousands of other fish which could be used for eating.

Julian Ougier, 83 years old, who was run down by a Michigan Central passenger train, near his home in Milwaukee, died at a Saginaw hospital. Although he suffered a double fracture of the skull and internal injuries, the aged man lived more than 24 hours after the accident.

JAPAN NOT TO RECEIVE GEN. DIAZ

SPECIAL ENVOY OF MEXICO TO BE TREATED AS PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL.

ATTITUDE TO TOKIO SAME AS WASHINGTON.

It Is Thought That Japan Does Not Wish to Offend the United States at a Time of Strained Relations.

The Japanese government indicated it would not receive Gen. Felix Diaz, as special envoy to Mexico.

Gen. Diaz is already on his way to Japan to express Mexico's thanks for Japanese participation in the centennial of 1910.

As a private individual Japan states she is willing to receive the general.

Japan has made her desire known direct to the Mexican government.

One of the two reasons may influence Japan's actions. During the U. S.'s diplomatic tangle with Mexico, Nippon may not desire to do anything to offend America; or the reason may be the manner of Diaz escape from prison when held in bonds by former President Madero for plots against the government.

Rebels released Diaz by force and he and Huerta then joined hands to overthrow Madero. After the murder of Madero, and the inauguration of Huerta, Diaz, who is a nephew of the former dictator, Portifirio Diaz, has been the executive's right hand man.

If Japan means not to recognize the Huerta regime, she places herself in the same attitude toward Mexico as the U. S. maintains.

Mad Mullah On War Path.

Official dispatches announced that a camel corps of British native troops had been ambushed by a force of 2,000 Dervishes near Burao. The British killed and wounded include two officers and about 60 men.

The English losses included one white British officer killed and one wounded. The others killed and wounded are Indian natives. Heavy losses were inflicted on the Dervishes.

The British commissioner and commander in chief, Horace A. Byatt, has advised the colonial office in London that the tribesmen are likely to attack the town of Burao.

Fire at Ionia Asylum.

The Ionia state hospital for criminal insane sustained a $1,500 loss by fire as a result of spontaneous combustion in the coal sheds, a wooden structure in which 200 tons of coal were stored. The fire was under good headway before discovered and the coal was lost in the shed. The oil house also burned, with 25 gallons of gasoline, and a tool shed was consumed. The asylum buildings were not in danger. The city fire department was sent to the scene, but the asylum fire brigade had the blaze under control before it arrived.

Castro Rebellion a Failure.

The uprising led by Cipriano Castro in Venezuela is officially reported by American Consul Voetter at Caracas as a failure. He confirms earlier reports that Gen. Torres and his officers, who headed the revolution in the eastern part of the country, have been captured.

Panama Workers Are Killed.

Thirteen men were killed by an unexpected slide at the Portobello quarry which completely buried a steam shovel in the neighborhood in which they were working. The dead comprise Charles Nyland an American citizen, and 12 colored powdermen, drillmen and pitmen.

Dr. Belisario Porras, the president of Panama, sent his condolences to Nyland's widow.

Dr. Sen May Come to U. S.

Dr. Sun Yat Sen, former provisional president of the Chinese republic, arrived in Moji, Japan, from Formosa. He was travelling incognito. In reply to an inquiry he declared that he had not yet decided whether he would remain in Japan or go to America. Following the failure of his revolt against the Yuan administration, a price was put upon Sun's head by Yuan.

The Grand Rapids & Indiana summer resort special No. 19, from Cincinnati to Mackinaw City, had a narrow escape from being wrecked just south of Tustin, 15 miles from Cadillac. Engineer J. A. Witkop saw a 700-pound rail and a half dozen cedar ties on the track as he rounded a sharp curve, and brought the engine to a standstill as it bumped into the pile.

County Commissioner of Schools C. Lloyd Goodrich, of Allegan, has worked out an innovation in the way of teachers' institutes. Instead of closing schools to bring the teachers to the county seat he has arranged to take the institute to the schools.

Ground is being broken for the construction of a new $60,000 power plant for the Cummer-Diggins Co., sawmill and chemical plant at Cadillac. It is estimated that the lumber in that section of the state will supply all the Cadillac industries at the rate they are using logs for at least 40 years.

Thirty Sunday school picnickers narrowly escaped death when a portion of the steamboat dock at Saugatuck collapsed, dumping them into seven feet of water. Prompt work of expert swimmers prevented loss of life.

George W. and Leonard Powell, of Kalamazoo, are heirs to an estate of $100,000, and the money, which was misappropriated in 1850, will soon be paid to the Kalamazoo young men, according to State Senator W. C. Grace, who has just returned from Europe.

THE MARKETS.

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

Detroit—Cattle: Receipts, 573; market opened dull and lower, but closed strong on all grades. Best dry-fed steers, $8.50; steers and heifers 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., $7@7.50; steers and heifers 800 to 1,000 lbs., $6.50@7.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000 lbs., $6.50@7.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700 lbs., $5.50@6.25; choice heavy bulls, $6; fair to good bologna bulls, $5.50@5.75; stock bulls, $4@5; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., $6.25@6.50; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs. $6@6.25; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., $5.50@6; milkers, large, young, medium age, $60@75; common milkers, $35@50.

Veal Calves—Receipts, 149; market steady; best, $10.50@11; others, $5@8.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,097; market 25c higher; best lambs, $6.75@7; fair lambs, $6@6.25; light to common lambs, $5@5.50; yearlings, $5.50@6; culls and common $2.50@3.

Hogs—Receipts, 487; packers were bidding $9.10; very few sold. Range of prices: Light to good butcher, $9.10; pigs, $9.15; light yorkers, $9.10; stags one-third off.

EAST BUFFALO: Cattle—Receipt, 165 cars; all grades weighing 1,200 lbs or over sold 15@25c lower; handy weight butcher grades sold 10@15c higher; best 1,350 to 1,450-lb steers, $8.50@8.75; best 1,200 to 1,300-lb steers, $8@8.50; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, $8@8.50; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, $7.75@8; coarse and plain heavy steers, $7.50@8; fair to good 1,000 to 1,100-lb steers, $7.25@7.50; grassy 800 to 1,000-lb steers, $6.50@7; best cows, $6.25@6.50; butchers, $5@5.50; cutters, $4.25@4.50; trimmers, $3.50@3.75; best heifers, $7.25@7.50; medium butcher heifers, $6.25@6.75; stock heifers, $5.40@5.75; best feeding steers, $6.75@7; fair to good steers, $6.25@6.50; common light stockers, $5.25@5.50; best butcher bulls, $6@7; best bologna bulls, $5.25@5.75; stock bulls, $5@5.50; best milkers and springers, $70@80; common to good, $40@50.

Hogs—Receipts, 60 cars; market 10c higher; heavy, $9.20@9.40; rough, $9.05@9.70; yorkers, $9.80@9.90; pigs, $9.80@9.95; roughs, $9.80@9.90.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 30 cars; market active; top lambs, $7.75@8; culls to fair, $6@7.50; yearlings, $5.50@6.50; wethers, $5@5.30; ewes, $3.50@4.50.

Calves, $5@11.

Grains, Etc.

Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 88c; September opened at 89c, advanced to 89 1-2c and closed at 89c; December opened at 93c, lost 1-4c, advanced to 93 1-4c and closed at 93c; May opened at 97 3-4c, advanced to 98 1-2c and declined to 97 3-4c; No. 1 white, 87c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 71c; No. 2 yellow, 73 1-2c; No. 3 yellow, 1 car at 73c.

Oats—Standard, 1 car at 44c; new, 42 1-4c asked; No. 3 white, 1 car at 45c; new No. 3 white, 2 cars at 41 3-4c; No. 4 white, 1 car at 41 3-4c; new, 1 car at 40 3-4c; sample, 1 car at 40c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 62 1-2c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, $1.80; October $1.85.

Cloverseed—Prime October, 100 bags at $8.50; December, $8.50; October alsike, $11; sample alsike, 8 bags at $10.50, 7 at $9.75, 6 at $9.25.

Timothy—Prime spot, 60 bags at $2.50.

Alfalfa—Prime spot, 1 bags at $8.50.

Barley—Good samples, $1.10@1.25 per cwt.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, $5.50; second patent, $5.20; straight, $5; spring patent, $5.10; rye, $4.60 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $23; coarse middlings, $22; fine middlings, $24; cracked corn, $26; coarse corn-meal, $26; corn and oat chop, $34 per ton.

General Markets.

Apples—Michigan, $1.25 per bu; No. 1, $3.50@4 per bbl; No. 2, $2@2.50 per bbl.

Raspberries—Red, $4@4.25 per 24-qt case; black, $2@2.25 per 16-qt. case and $3.25 per 24-qt case.

Peaches—Arkansas, 90c@$1 per 4-basket flat; Elberta, $2.50@2.75 per bu. $2.25@2.50 per 6-basket crate.

Green Corn—20c per doz.

Cabbage—$2.50@2.75 per bbl.

Potatoes—$2.65@2.75 per sack of 2 1-2 bushels.

Dressed Calves—Choice 10@11c; fancy, 13 1-2@14c per lb.

Onions—New southern, $1.25@1.40 per bu; Spanish, $1.75 per crate.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 14@15c; amber, 10@11c; extracted, 7@8c per lb.

Tomatoes—Texas, $1.25 per 4-basket flat; home-grown, $3@3.50 per bu; Canadian, $1.25@1.40 per 16-lb basket.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 17c; spring chickens, 15@15 1-2c; hens, 15@15 1-2c; No. 2 hens, 11@12c; old roosters, 10@11c; turkeys, 17@18c; geese, 10@11c; ducks, 14@15c per lb.

Hay—Carlots track Detroit: No. 1 timothy $16@16.50; standard, $15@15.50; No. 2 timothy, $12.50@13.50; light mixed, $14.50@15; No. 1 mixed, $12@12.50; rye straw, $8@9; wheat and oat straw, $7@7.50 per ton.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats, 13 3-4@14c; New York flats, 15 1-2@15 3-4c; brick cream, 14 1-2@15c; limburger, 15 1-2@16c; imported Swiss, 25 1-2@26c; domestic Swiss, new, 18 1-2@19 1-2c; block Swiss, 17 1-2@18 1-2c; long horns, 16 1-2@17c per lb.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 14 1-2c; No. 1 green, 11 1-2c; No. 1 cured bulls, 11c; No. 1 green bulls, 9 1-2c; No. 1 cured veal kip, 14 1-2c; No. 1 green veal kip, 14c; No. 1 cured murrain, 12c; No. 1 green murrain, 10c; No. 1 cured calf, 18c; No. 1 green calf, 17c; No. 1 horsehides, $4; No. 2 horsehides, $3; No. 2 kip and calf 1 1-2c off; No. 2 hides 1c off; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 25@75c.

Deputy State Fire Marshal Thomas Schafer inspected the theaters at Port Huron, and said all were O. K.

Hard Job.

A rural subscriber in central Kansas took his telephone to the central office for repairs.

"When you get it fixed call up my residence," he instructed the workman.

"All right," replied the electrician, and the countryman was gone before the situation dawned upon either of them.—Kansas City Star.

Honesty, the excuse a lazy man has for being poor, is worn threadbare by now.

ITCHING TERRIBLE ON LIMB

R. F. D. No. 2, Clarkfield, Minn.—"My trouble was of long standing. It started with some small red and yellow spots about the size of a pin head on my leg and every morning there was a dry scale on top covering the affected part and when those scales were falling off the itching was more than I could stand at times. The first year I did not mind it so much as it was only itching very badly at times, but the second year it advanced all around my leg and the itching was terrible. I had to be very careful to have my clothing around the affected part very loose. At night time I often happened to scratch the sore in my sleep. Then I had to stand up, get out of bed and walk the floor till the spell was over.

"I bought lots of salves and tried many different kinds of medicine but without any success. I got a cake of Cuticura Soap and a fifty-cent box of Cuticura Ointment and when I had used them I was nearly over the itching. But I kept on with the Cuticura Soap for six weeks and the cure was complete." (Signed) S. O. Gorden, Nov. 20, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

For Nerves.

A case of "nerves" is like a bad habit, easily acquired and hard to get rid of. Nervousness affects the digestion, dulls the eyes, gives a strained look to the muscles of the face, and if allowed its course, will even make the hair thin. So the woman who wants to be beautiful must keep an eye on the state of her nerves.

The best cure for nervousness is rest. Rest is an art known to few women.

The only way a woman may repose and relax the body and nerves is by actual will power.

Carrots are prescribed by physicians and beauty doctors alike as a cure for nervous indigestion. You are told to eat them three times a day, either cooked or raw.

Young onions or scullions are excellent eaten with plenty of salt; also lettuce with salt and plenty of olive oil, but no vinegar and red pepper.

Sleeplessness is the greatest menace that tired or overwrought nerves have for beauty and health.

Sleep may be induced by warm milk, sipped slowly, if this is ineffective, by long draughts of cool water and a cold bandage around the brow.

Destructive Man.

An English scientist, Sir Ray Lanwester, says that civilized man is the most active instrument of destruction that has ever appeared on earth; that he has burned up forests, produced deserts, polluted rivers. He says that the most repulsive of the destructive results of human expansion is the poisoning of rivers and the consequent extinction of fish and nearly every other living things that is in them. He predicts sterility to meadows and hillsides drenched with nauseating chemical manures from factories. The New York Medical Record speaks in like fashion and says that these words of the British scientist should awake an echo on this side of the Atlantic, for in no country of the world have the beauties of nature been so wantonly defaced as here, and in no land have the rivers and lakes been so polluted to satisfy the greed of the individual. Added to this is the disaster that will certainly come to the masses for such flagrant disregard of the health of the people.

Parasites.

"Life is a game of touch and go."

"I agree with you. And the touch is what keeps a great many people going."

The poet is born; after which he's mighty lucky if he can contrive merely to exist.—Alfred Noyes.

How It Really Happened.

Once a man ground grain between two flat stones to procure meal.—Christian Science Monitor.

Never! Woman did it, while friend man sat around and told the boys about the big one that got away.—Detroit News-Tribune.

Be thrifty on little things like bluing. Don't accept a substitute for bluing. Ask for Red Cross Ball Blue, the extra good value blue. Adv.

Under the Cooling Sea.

First Fish—Why do you want that fly?

Second Fish—To trim a hat for my wife.

The Reason.

"The vulture would do nicely for a religious man's pet, wouldn't it?"

"Great Scott! Why?"

"Because it is a bird of prey."

Explained.

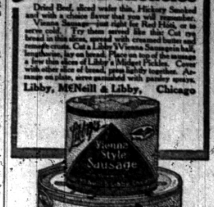
"Why are you in such a hurry for the new currency?"

"The little supply that I had of the old is almost exhausted."

What one man has done a woman can undo.

Libby's Luncheon Delicacies

Dried Beef, sliced with the, Hickory Smoked and with a delicate flavor that you will remember, serve cold. Try them served like this: Cut in paper thin slices. Pile on a platter. Garnish with parsley and hard-boiled eggs. Cut in halves. Place one half on top of the pile. Place the other half on top of the egg. Garnish with more parsley. Serve with other dish of boiled, plain lightly buttered. Arrange with other meats, pickles, olives, etc. Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago



Just as Easy!

Preserving is now a *pleasure*—thanks to Parowax! For fruits, vegetable, jellies, catsup and chow-chow, when sealed with Parowax, indefinitely retain their natural flavor. And their sealing is as simple as can be.

Dip the tops of jars and catsup bottles in melted Parowax. Or pour this pure paraffine directly on top of contents of each jelly glass. Result—a perfect air-tight, mould-proof seal.

It is even simpler than it sounds. It is as cheap as it is easy. Not even paper covers need be used.

Parowax

is pure, refined paraffine—tasteless and odorless. It has many valued household uses. In the laundry, for instance, it is invaluable. In the wash boiler, it cleans and whitens clothes. A bit of Parowax in the starch imparts a beautiful finish to the ironing. Parowax is perhaps the most delicate of fabrics or colors.

Remember to order from your dealer today.

Preserve and Jelly Recipes by Mrs. Rorer

A collection of prized recipes by this celebrated culinary expert, cheerfully sent upon request.

Standard Oil Company
(AN INDIANA CORPORATION)
CHICAGO, ILL.
(128)

Somersault by Aeroplane.

Capt. Aubry of the French army is said to have accomplished a complete somersault while aboard an aeroplane high above the earth. "I was returning after a thirty-five minute flight," the captain says, "facing a wind of about twenty-two miles per hour. My altitude was about 2,500 feet. At the moment of descent a series of violent gusts struck the machine. As I dipped the nose of the machine a couple of quick gusts struck the top of the main plane and placed me in a vertical position. While endeavoring to manipulate the elevator, I found the machine had taken me in a perfectly vertical chute to less than 1,500 feet. It here adopted a horizontal attitude upside down and proceeded to effect a fall first volplane." Continuing, he says: "The machine then gradually took up the vertical position again, describing a gigantic 'S' while doing so. Flattening out, I flew to a spot about two miles distant."

Has Made His Own Way.

William C. Redfield, the new secretary of commerce, began making his way in the world at fifteen. At that age he was employed as a clerk in the Pittsfield (Mass.) post office at three dollars a week. His next step was as salesman for a paper company. From Pittsfield he went to New York, securing a similar place with a paper house. Some time later he became an accountant for a tool manufacturing company, rose to the presidency of the concern, and after thirty years as a manufacturer resigned, having been elected to congress.

Altogether Too Successful.

Quizzer—"What's the matter, old man? You look worried." Sizzer—"I have cause to. I hired a man to trace my pedigree." Quizzer—"Well, what's the trouble? Hasn't he been successful?" Sizzer—"Successful! I should say he has! I'm paying him hush money."—Judge.

Arnold a Lenient Examiner.

When Matthew Arnold was a school examiner a fellow inspector of a class of girl pupil-teachers asked Arnold to examine for him. Arnold gave each of the young women the "excellent" mark. "But," said the other inspector, "surely they are not all as good as they can be; some must be better than others." "Perhaps that is so," replied Arnold; "but then, you see, they are all such very nice girls."

Right-Handed Plants.

That there are right-handed plants and left-handed plants has been reported to the Cambridge (England) Philosophical society by R. H. Compton. In an examination of eight varieties of two-rowed barley the first leaf was found to twist to the left in 58 per cent. of more than 12,000 seedlings, and an excess of left-handed growth was found also in millet and in oats. In corn there seemed to be no marked tendency either way. No evidence of hereditary peculiarity appears to have been obtained and so special significance of the results is pointed out.

Most excuses are so thin that blind people can see through them.

"Hey, Skinnay, Come on over!"