THE BIRMINGHAM ECCENTRIC
ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE
WHITEHEAD & MITCHELL, PUBS.
BIRMINGHAM, FRIDAY, MAY, 5.

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

Latest News of Interest Boiled Down for the Busy Man.

Washington

A marked victory for popular election of senators was achieved by Senator Borah in the senate time when the proposed constitutional amendment was favorably reported at the first meeting of the reorganized United States senate committee on judiciary. The measure now takes its place at the head of the senate calendar.

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Representative Harris of Massachusetts has introduced a bill in the house for a retired list in the life saving service of the United States. A similar measure was defeated in the last congress after a spirited fight.

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Representative Reilly of Connecticut has introduced a bill in the house of representatives providing an eight-hour work day for mail carriers and clerks in first and second class postoffices.

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By a strict party vote of 178 to 99, the house of representatives passed the representation reapportionment bill increasing the house membership from 391 to 433.

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Victor Berger of Milwaukee, the Socialist member of congress, in a resolution introduced in the house of representatives not only proposes to abolish the senate, but aims to strike from the hand of the president the veto power and take from the courts authority to invalidate legislation enacted by the house.

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Domestic

City Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde was indicted for bribery by the grand jury at New York. The indictment is based on evidence that Chamberlain Hyde forced the Northern bank to lend $130,000 to the Carnegie Trust company and was a gainer by the transaction.

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A petition to have adjudged insane Bilson Hutchins, founder of the St. Louis Times, Washington Post, Washington Times and once prominently connected with the Des Moines Capital, Dubuque Herald and St. Louis Dispatch, was granted at Washington.

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James Wood, son of a prominent Morris (Ill.) family, was arrested while taking away a package which had been placed as a decoy in answer to a letter demanding $1,000 from Oscar Colline.

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Three monstrous strikes and a lockout threatens, if carried into effect, to throw about 63,000 men out of employment, the up the building interests of Chicago to amounts running into tens of millions of dollars, and cause general depression of business throughout Chicago and the middle west.

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Revision of the Ten Commandments "the original and shorteend form" was urged by Rev. Dr. George B. William Douglas, canon of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine of New York, upon the twenty-ninth congress of the Protestant Episcopal church at Washington, D. C.

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Judge Petit, in the superior court at Chicago, granted a writ of habeas corpus for Edward Tilden, packer, and George M. Benedict and W. C. Cumnings, bankers, within a half hour after they had been arrested on warrants by which the Illinois state senate ordered that they be brought before it to answer for contempt in connection with the Lorimer senatorial scandal.

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Hundreds of persons at Dixon, Mo., saw an infuriated circus elephant hurl his trainer into the air and, after crushing him with its weight, repeatedly pierce the body with its tusks.

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A check for $180,000 from John D. Rockefeller has been received by Treasurer Charles W. Perkins of the American Baptist Missionary union in Boston.

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Ten thousand men employed in five industries went on strike in Chicago. The big walkout was the threats that 20,000 more workmen may be called out soon marked the beginning of industrial disturbances which threaten to spread to national scope.

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Justice Newburger, in the New York supreme court, signed the final judgment annulling the marriage of Julia Kuttner and Ferdinand Pinney Earle, the artist, whose matrimonial experiences added the word "affinity" to English slang.

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Four mysterious attempts within a month to burn the new high school building at Niagara Falls, N. Y., led the board of education to ask the police protection from the incendiary, and three policemen will guard the school.

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Reciprocity with Canada must be adopted now or never, and must stand or fall by its own terms. So declared President Taft in an address at the joint banquet of the Associated Press and the American Newspaper Publishers' association in New York city.

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The Ohio legislature is threatened with what may be the greatest bribery expose, in regard to the number of persons involved, that ever came to light. It is reported that private detectives have obtained evidence which will lead to the filing of charges of accepting bribes against 19 of the 34 members of the senate and against 30 of the 117 members of the house.

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Franklin MacVeagh, secretary of the treasury, was made defendant in a suit for $100,000 which was filed in the circuit court in Chicago by Charles P. Leach, formerly collector of customs for Cleveland, O. The suit against Mr. MacVeagh is to collect damages for alleged libelous statements made against Leach.

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The New York Medical Journal announces, after careful study of the subject, that persons caught in close quarters at great fires are the victims of speedy and probably painless asphyxiation.

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Unable to stop his train in time to avoid a burning bridge encountered as the locomotive rounded a curve near Ravenna, Colo., an engineer on the Southern Pacific railroad took a chance with fate, opened his throttle to the last inch and brought the 200 passengers behind him safely through the flames.

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Eleven persons lost their lives when a school teachers' special excursion train was derailed and burned on the Pennsylvania railroad at Martin's Creek, N. J., near Easton, Pa. Three of the ten injured in the Easton hospital will probably die. More than fifty persons were hurt.

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Addressing a meeting of laboring men at St. Louis, William D. Haywood, who was tried and acquitted for complicity in the death of former Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, advocated a general strike throughout the United States on the day the McNamara brothers are brought to trial in Los Angeles for blowing up the Times plant.

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Fire destroyed practically every building in a tract two miles long and half a mile wide which contained the wholesale and retail business district and the best residential section of Bangor, Me. The loss is estimated at between $6,000,000 and $7,000,000. Hundreds of persons were made homeless.

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Three detectives arrested at Columbus, O., as lobbyists in the general assembly declared that they had successfully manipulated a trap for five members of the legislature suspected of participating in bribery. They accused one representative, four senators and a senate attache.

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Assertion is made by the Vienna correspondent of the Medical Record of New York that several cases of paresis, a supposedly incurable disease, have been cured by injections of Koch's tuberculin.

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Stacked in a corner of the steel-ribbed vaults of the United States treasury at Washington $300,000 in gold coin is going begging. The government cannot give it away, yet none of the right kind of coin can be induced to take it. It represents unclaimed interest on the public debt.

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Mrs. J. H. Nunn and seven children, ranging in age from adults to an infant, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home in southwest Roanoke, Va.

Foreign

The Conqueror, Great Britain's twentieth Dreadnought, was launched on the Clyde. The vessel is the third "contingent" battleship ordered in December, 1909.

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Details of the new aerial torpedo, on which the Krupp firm has taken out American patents, show that the weapon is designed primarily for carrying on the long discussed "war in the air."

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Rebellion, brigandage and anarchy are stalking through the western half of Kwangtung province, China, murdering, pillaging and burning. Loyal troops are fighting desperately to crush the uprisings.

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The "week-end special" for Cuernavaca, 75 miles south of Mexico City, was shot up and wrecked by rebels at El Empalme, 45 miles from its destination. Three passengers and a negro porter were killed and several others injured. The engineer is missing. Among those killed was Dr. Pehr Olssen-Seffer, a botanist of repute.

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All advices from Canton, China, indicate a desperate condition of affairs in that city. There are 30,000 soldiers within the walls, and there is great fear that many will prove disloyal if it appears the rebels are about to gain the upper hand. The rebels are strong in numbers, and have carried on their work of destruction with fanatical bravery.

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President Taft's proposed Anglo-American arbitration treaty was unanimously ratified in a long-continued burst of cheers at one of the most remarkable gatherings in the history of Guildhall, London.

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Personal

Archibald Clark Wadsworth, son of Gen. Elijah Wadsworth, who was on Washington's staff, and father-in-law of former Governor Richard Yates, died at the Yates home in Springfield, Ill. He was seventy-eight years old.

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A Dominican university, the only one of its kind in the United States, is to be erected in New Orleans, at a probable cost of $200,000, according to an announcement by Rev. Father Lorent, vice-provincial of the Spanish province of New Orleans.

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Members of the American Newspaper Publishers' association at their meeting in New York elected Bruce Haldeman of the Louisville Courier-Journal president of the association to succeed Herman Ridder.

OSBORN IS STILL WIELDING HIS AX

OSBORN ELIMINATES $213,953 OUT OF THE STATE GENERAL BUDGET.

GOOD ROADS BILL APPROVED

This Measure Provides for Six Different Kinds of State Reward Roads, Rewards Running From $250 to $1,000.

Lansing.—Against the indignant protests of the various state institutions Governor Osborn continues to use his veto power to lop off all special appropriations for new buildings or improvements, and his term of office promises to be memorable in that regard.

He cut $213,953 out of the general budget as allowed by the legislature, making its total reductions to date about $512,000. As near as can be figured the legislative budget totaled about $12,400,000, and if his ax does not get more than that he has expectations of reducing the budget to $11,500,000, which will be $800,000 more than the amount allowed by the legislature two years ago.

However, it must be remembered that there is $1,000,000 included in the present budget to take care of the deficiency in the state treasury and to provide a working balance of $200,000 so that the state will not become bankrupt again.

To secure the reduction the governor is following an arbitrary rule of vetoing all special appropriations whether for the expansion or repairing of the present institutions. He conceded that this is a hardship but holds that under existing conditions economy must be the first consideration.

The biggest item cut was one of $150,000 for a library and auditorium at the agricultural college. Every other appropriation bill presented to the governor also suffered. The maintenance fund for the Marquette Normal, which was fixed at $60,000 a year by the legislature, was reduced to $55,000 a year, but whether this will stand depend on whether the supreme court will uphold the governor's contention that he can reduce the amount of a specific item without vetoing it altogether.

The highway department wanted $15,000 a year for office expenses and it was cut to $10,000.

The Michigan College of Mines wanted $8,500 for a heating and ventilating plant, which was cut out altogether, and the state public school at Coldwater will lose $8,653, made up of numerous items for repairs, new furniture and a greenhouse. An item of $5,000 was struck out of the appropriation of the Industrial School for Boys for furnishing and heating the chapel, while Superintendent of Public Instruction Wright lost out on an $1,800 job which the legislature had allowed him for an auditor of school districts.

Representative Jerome's bill appropriating $10,000 a year to be apportioned among the dependent families of convicts was also sent to the dump heap. To console those who were frantic to get this allowed the governor will say in his veto message that the project is a worthy one, but the state's finances will not permit anything to be done along this line at the present time. He will also suggest that some method should be devised so that the money earned by convicts for overtime work can be sent directly by the convicts to their families.

For a final touch the governor vetoed an item of $10,000 for a physical training school building at the Mt. Pleasant Normal school.

In response to the urgent request of men interested in the canning industry the governor also vetoed a bill to prevent fraud and deception in the sale of fruits and vegetables. It was the purpose of the bill to regulate the sale of fresh fruits and vegetables in closed packages, but in some way the word "fresh" was left out and the canners were afraid that they might be interfered with, so their wishes were acceded to in the matter.

The governor also approved a number of bills, including those relieving Shiawassee county from the expenses of the state troops during the Grand Trunk strike and to provide that hereafter the state shall pay the expenses of the militia when ordered out on riot duty. Other bills that met his approval were as follows:

Allowing the Kent circuit another judge; allowing cities of under 10,000 to vote on the proposition of establishing free public libraries, when petitioned for by 50 voters, the tax not to exceed one mill on the dollar; providing that the judge of probate, county clerk and county treasurer shall constitute the election commission in each county of the state except Kent and Wayne; appropriating $62,500 each for Marquette and Jackson prisons for the establishment of state account contracts; authorizing good road commissioners to apply for the use of convicts, with the proviso that the boards of control may enter into contracts for the use of such convicts, the measure not being mandatory; providing for the enrollment of women who vote for school inspectors; providing that in cities of over 25,000 and under 100,000 the legislative bodies may appoint clerks for justice of the peace who are paid salaries.

The holiday liquor bill met with no opposition from the governor and any member of the legislature desiring the same can secure the pen with which the governor attached his signature. It allows the saloons to keep open on Washington, Lincoln and Columbus days and on primary days, after the polls are closed. It also specifically gives common councils the right to refuse bonds, which provision is in the present law, though not so clearly.

Another bill that found favor with the chief executive and which was lobbied through by the county school commissioners will give them a decided increase in salaries, the amount being based on the number of schoolrooms in their districts. The minimum salary is fixed at $500, with $750 for 50 schoolrooms and then on up to $2,000 for 300 schoolrooms. The bill also gives members of boards of examiners $4 per day each when they work and provides that the supervisors may give each commissioner a clerk and fix his salary.

The good roads bill also met with approval. It provides for six different kinds of state reward roads, the reward running from $250 to $1,000. Under this measure Wayne county's concrete roads will draw a reward of $1,000 per mile.

Express Rates Well Regulated.

The express companies will not lack for regulation after this, as two bills were passed by the legislature placing them under the control of the railroad commission and fixing a schedule of rates. The Currie bill has already been signed by the governor and it established a merchandise schedule, based on 100 pounds weight, according to the distance carried, as follows:

Fifty miles, 50 cents; 75 miles, 55 cents; 85 miles, 60 cents; 95 miles, 65 cents; 100 miles, 70 cents; 130 miles, 75 cents; 150 miles, 80 cents; 175 miles, 85 cents; 190 miles, 90 cents; 200 miles, $1; 230 miles, $1.10; 250 miles, $1.20; 275 miles, $1.30; 300 miles, $1.40.

The Moriarty-James bill, which the governor will sign as soon as it reaches him, makes a basic rate of 25 cents within the state for packages to exceed three pounds in weight and $10 in value. Of special interest to Detroit is the additional proviso that the rate provided shall be in full for collecting and delivering packages within the limits of any municipality; the express companies have been charging extra to make deliveries outside of a certain zone.

When it reaches him Governor Osborn will sign the bill prohibiting fraternities and sororities in high schools of the state, though personally he is opposed to it and had decided to interpose his veto when he learned that the bill stand is largely due to the widespread interest shown in the measure.

"As a matter of fact," he said, "there is absolutely no need for a secret society of any kind in this country."

Both Sides Are Standing Pat.

The state board of auditors decided that, etiquette or no etiquette, Governor Osborn would have to communicate with the board, either in person or in writing, with reference to the employment of experts to appraise the mines of the state or there will be nothing doing in regard to the matter.

Members of the board made some caustic remarks with reference to the dignity assumed by the governor and to show that the board was simply following a long established precedent in asking the governor to appear before it. Land Commissioner Russell went through the records and found that since 1898 the various governors have appeared before the board on 78 different occasions without seeming to feel that they had belittled themselves in so doing.

"If I have anything to communicate to the board of auditors I shall be glad to do so," said Governor Osborn, "but this matter had nothing to do with communicating anything to them. It was to confer with members of the governor, auditors and the tax commissioners and this office is the place for such a conference. Whatever others may have done, I do not propose to be a messenger boy. I want it understood that I have no fear to ask of them for anyone and therefore shall have no occasion to call on the board. All I will ask is that they do what is right."

It needs no great stretch of imagination to picture the chilly atmosphere that surrounded the auditors and the chief executive and the strained relations promise to continue indefinitely.

Women to Purify Politics.

That purity in politics cannot be hoped for until women are given the right to vote and the initiative, referendum and recall bill is passed by the legislature, was the declaration of Mrs. Ella Comstock of Albion, at the thirteenth annual convention of the Calhoun county W. C. T. U. at Battle Creek. Mrs. Comstock insisted that the liquor men are fighting woman's suffrage, realizing that if women vote, there would be statewide prohibition.

Captain Standish Is Turned Down.

Owing to the opposition of Lieutenant Commander Duffield and Lieutenant Commander Goodell, who command the two battalions of naval reserves, Governor Osborn named Lieut. C. K. Farmer as the third member of the new naval board, instead of Capt. Fred Standish. It seems that Duffield and Goodell combined to down Standish, claiming that he was too authoritative, and the naval bill was largely drafted to put Standish out of active service.

Grangers Against Reciprocity Pact.

Within a week petitions containing the names of 30,000 Michigan Grangers will be sent to Senators William Alden Smith and Charles E. Townsend, at Washington, D. C., protesting against the passage of the Canadian reciprocity bill in the upper house of congress, according to a statement made here by N. P. Hull, master of the state organization. State Master Hull presided over a called meeting of the legislative committee of the Grange.

Patents to Michigan Men.

Patents issued: William L. Beall Albion, saddle row cultivator; Charles F. Burton, Detroit, umbrella; Louis A. Cornelius, Grand Rapids, milling cutter; Elmer Fisher, hand stamp; John W. Fitzgerald, Grand Rapids, starter for internal combustion engines; J. Hartley, Gobleville, concrete block mold; W. L. Marble, Gladstone, means for attaching supplemental barrels to fire arms; A. H. Reimann, Detroit, drill testing gauge.

10 KILLED; 50 HURT IN EXCURSION WRECK

ON TRAIN FULL OF SCHOOL TEACHERS ON WAY TO WASHINGTON AS IT LEAVES TRACK

FLAMES SWEEP WRECKED CARS AS THEY LAY IN DITCH.

Fire Starting at Both Ends of Train Is Fed by Oil From Tank Struck By Train as It Plunged Into Gully.

A Lackawanna excursion train, carrying 165 members of the Utica Teachers' association to Washington for the spring holidays, swerved from the track one-half mile south of Martin's Creek, N. J. Four of the five coaches rolled into a gully to the east of the track, caught fire from the gas tanks and were destroyed in half an hour.

Seven women teachers and one man are missing and undoubtedly were burned in the wreck. Two of the injured have died in the hospital. Fully 50 more are injured, several of whom may die.

The train was one furnished the teachers by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, and the accident occurred while it was traveling at a high rate of speed over a stretch of track controlled by the Pennsylvania railroad. The locomotive jumped the track, the cars toppled over and were set on fire by exploding oil, the wrecked cars having sideswiped an oil tank along the track when they left the rails. The entire train was quickly enveloped in flames and completely consumed by the fire.

Hardly had the train come to a stop before fire started and spread so rapidly that some of the imprisoned passengers were burned to death. The fire broke out at both ends of the train, hot coals from the firebox of the engine starting the fire at the front end and flames from the stoves in the dining car starting the blaze at the rear.

Rebels Kill Viceroy Li.

Admiral Li, the taotai of Canton, China, has been assassinated by the rebels. The gates of the city have been closed.

The fidelity of the troops is doubted and this fear has caused much excitement among the peaceful inhabitants of Canton.

The enlistment terms of many soldiers ran out by foreign officers' expires and the revolutionists expect them to join their ranks. With such aid they probably can control the city. Strong guards of loyal troops are protecting the official residences.

Refugees arriving at Hong Kong confirm reports that the uprising was instigated by anti-Manchus who went to that city from Macao and Hong Kong and spread the revolutionary propaganda among the troops at a time when they were nursing several grievances.

Hundreds of rebels have been killed or wounded in the fighting, which began with the attack upon the viceroy's palace. Brigadier General Chung was mortally wounded while attempting to suppress the revolt and died yesterday.

Two British torpedo boat destroyers have been sent to Canton from Hong Kong.

Big Revolt Spreading in China.

All the western half of Kwangtury province, China, is in a blaze with the revolt against the Manchu dynasty. This formidable uprising that centers in Canton, under the leadership of the progressive Wu Sum, has been taken up in the province by the brigand chief, Luk of Shuntak, and his horde of desperate outlaws are slaying, pillaging and burning throughout the country districts.

Official advices and the refugees arriving from Canton confirm the slaughter reports, bodies of slain are in the streets in the city. Famine prices are asked for foodstuffs and trade generally are closed. In the panic there have been few attempts to bury the dead and the stench from the decomposed bodies fills the air.

Dynamite Trial Will Cost $2,000,000.

That the trial of the men charged with complicity in the destruction with dynamite of the Los Angeles Times will cost approximately $2,000,000 is the estimate by attaches of the district attorney's office.

Each side, it was pointed out, stands ready to spend millions and sums in the prosecution and defense of the two McNamaras and McManigal. The court costs will run up in the thousands of dollars expended in bringing witnesses and evidence and in other necessary expenses.

Haywood Advocates General Strike.

Addressing a meeting of laboring men in union headquarters in St. Louis, Mo., William D. Haywood, once tried and acquitted for complicity in the death of former Governor Steunenburg, of Idaho, advocated a general strike throughout the United States on the day the McNamara brothers are brought to trial in Los Angeles for alleged complicity in the Times explosion.

Bellsario Pacras, minister of Panama to the United States, has been appointed by his government a member of the permanent court of arbitration.

Wealthy New York from its social functions during the past year sent 30,000 bouquets to the New York branch of the National Plant, Flower and Fruit Guild, to be distributed among the sick and poor of the city. From the Gould-Declea wedding alone 1,000 bouquets were fashioned and from the Alexander-Roosevelt wedding 5,000 bouquets of most delicate orchids and roses were distributed.

A forest fire is raging in the Cumberland mountains of Kentucky and much valuable timber has been destroyed. Unless there is rain at once the fire will spread over a large area.

To assist women astronomers, a $25,000 fellowship for the observatory at Nantucket island is announced. An income of $1,000 a year, six months on Nantucket, a term at one of the larger observatories of this country and a year at a research observatory in Europe are provided. Andrew Carnegie contributed $10,000 to the fellowship. Any woman astronomer in America is eligible.

OSBORN CENSURES BOARD

Censure Comes With Veto of Bill Allowing Judges to Live Anywhere.

Suggesting that Justice Bird, of the supreme court, resign his high office, because he hasn't yet moved his family to Lansing from Adrian, and vetoing Senator Moriarty's bill to permit justices to reside where they please, Gov. Osborn sent a message to the legislature making an attack on Justice Bird, charging him with violating the residence-at-Lansing law, and lobbying in the interests of the Moriarty bill to repeal that law.

Justice Bird, in reply, clearly shows he has no intention of resigning and states that to have moved his family before this spring would have taken his children out of the Adrian schools in mid-term, but that he himself has taken up his residence at the Downey house in Lansing long since and has fully intended moving his family to the capital as soon as school closed were the residence law not repealed.

One-Third of Bangor, Me., in Ruins.

One-third of the city of Bangor is in ruins, thousands of persons are homeless and a money loss estimated at $7,000,000 was sustained as the result of a conflagration which raged for hours. Starting in a hayshed on Hancock street, the fire swept along Broad and Exchange streets through the heart of the city, leaving residences, churches, schools, business blocks and all the buildings with the exception of the city hall, a mass of smoking ashes.

Gompers Plans Defense.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, conferred with 40 labor leaders of national and state organizations in Indianapolis. He said later that the McNamara case was discussed, and that the executive council of the Federation would take charge of a defense fund raised by contributions from the various labor organizations of the country.

Socialists Offer Aid.

The full strength of the Socialist party of America was offered for the defense of John J. and J. B. McNamara, who are charged with homicide in connection with the explosion at the Los Angeles Times building, by the national executive committee of the party in session in Boston.

THE MARKETS

Detroit.—Cattle—Market steady at last week's close. Common grades, heifers, $3.25@3.75; steers and heifers, 500 to 800 lbs, $3.75@4.50; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000, $3.50@4.25; steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700, $4.00@4.50; choice fat cows, $4.50@5; good fat cows, $4@4.50; common cows, $3@3.50; canners, $2.50@3; choice heavy bulls, $4.75@5; fair to good bologna bulls, $4.25@4.50; stock bulls, $2.75@4; feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, $4.50@5; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, $3.75@4.25; choice stockers, 500 to 700, $4.25@4.50; fair stockers, 500 to 700, $3.50@4; stock heifers, $3.25@3.75; milkers and springers, young, medium age, $40@50; common milkers, $25@35.

Veal calves—Market steady; best, $5.50@6; others, $4@5.50; milch cows and springers, $40@70.

Sheep and lambs—Market steady at last week's close; heavy grades, dull; best lambs, $7.10@7.25; fair to good lambs, $6.50@7; light to common lambs, $5.75@6.25; fair to good sheep, $3@3.75; culls and common, $2.50@3.

Hogs—Market steady. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, $6.20@6.25; pigs, $6.25; light yorkers, $6.20@6.25; heavy, $6.10@6.15.

East Buffalo, N. Y.—Cattle, steady. Hogs—Strong; heavy, $6.40@6.45; yorkers, $6.60; pigs, $6.65.

Sheep—Active; top lambs, $6.50@6.65; clipped, $5.50@5.80; yearlings, $5.25@5.50; wethers, $4@4.10; ewes, $3.50@3.60.

Calves—$4@6.25.

Grain, Etc.

Detroit.—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 89c; May opened with a drop of 1-2c at 89 1-4c, advanced to 90 1-2c and declined to 89 3-4c; July opened at 88 1-2c, gained 1-4c and declined to 88c; September opened at 88 1-4c and declined to 87 3-4c; No. 1 white, 87 1-2c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 54 1-2c; No. 3 yellow, 56c; No. 4, 55c.

Oats—Standard, 35c asked; No. 3 white, 35 1-4c; No. 4 white, 1 car at 34 1-2c.

Rye—Cash No. 1, 93c; No. 2, 92c.

Beans—Cash, $1.95; May, $1.97; October, $1.80.

Clovereed—Prime spot and April, $8.35; simple, 10 bags at $8.30; 20 at $8.10; at $7; prime alsike, $8.75; sample alsike, 10 bags at $8.50.

Timothy seed—Prime spot, 40 bags at $3.40.

Feed—In 100-lb. sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $27; coarse middlings, $26; fine middlings, $28; cracked corn and coarse cornmeal, $22; corn and oat chop, $20 per ton.

Flour—Best Michigan patent, $4.90; ordinary patent, $4.90; straight, $4.65; clear, $4.15; rye, $3.15; spring patent, $5.65 per bbl in wood.

Farm Produce.

Strawberries—$4.25@4.50 per 24-quart case, $2@2.25 per 24-pint case.

Honey—Choice to fancy comb, 15@16c per lb.

Dressed calves—Fancy, 8@9c; choice, 7c per lb.

Potatoes—Michigan, car lots, 45c; store lots, 55c per bu.

New maple sugar—Pure, 11@12c per lb; syrup, $7@8 per gal.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 15@16c; hens, 15@15c; old roosters, 10@11c; turkeys, 15@16c; ducks, 15@16c per lb.

Dressed—Spring turkeys, 18@20c; chickens, 15@16c; hens, 15@16c; old roosters and ducks, 12@13c; spring geese, 13@14c per lb.

Cheese—Michigan, old, 15@16c; late made, 12@14c; New York state, old, 16c; late made, 14c; limburger, early, 14@15c; domestic Swiss, 14@15c; imported Swiss, 25@26c; brick, 15@16c per lb.

Eggs—Market steady; current receipts, cases included, 16 1-2c per doz.

Butter—Market steady; creamery, extra, 22c; first creamery, 20c; dairy, 16c; packing, 14c.

Vegetables.

Asparagus, $1@1.25 per doz; beets, 75c per bu; carrots, 50c per bu; cauliflower, $2.00@2.50 per crate; cucumbers, hothouse, $1.25@1.50 per doz; Florida celery, $2.50@2.75 per crate; eggplant, $1.25@2 per doz; green onions, 15@20c per doz; green peppers, 35c per basket; head lettuce, $2@2.75 per case; mint, 25c per doz; parsley, 20@25c per doz; new potatoes, 25@30c per bu; turnips, 60c per bu; watercress, 25@20c per doz.

Postoffice inspectors are baffled by the disappearance of a package of money containing $8,000, which was mailed from New London, Conn., a week ago, to Boston and which never reached its destination.

Gov. Woodrow Wilson will leave Trenton, N. J., on June 1 for a month's trip in the west. He will visit William J. Bryan in Lincoln, Neb., and will take in Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Ore., and other cities.

The celebration of Ulysses S. Grant's birthday and the fiftieth anniversary of the Jo Daviess county guards, the first company west of the Alleghenies to answer the call of President Lincoln for volunteers in 1861, drew people here from all parts of the state today. Gold medals were presented to the 16 survivors of the guards.

STATE HAPPENINGS

Bay City.—Cyrus W. Sterling, machinist, who was scalded by steam and hot water when a flue blew out in the boilers of the tug Sheldine, died at Mercy hospital. Sterling was at work in the hold thinking up on repairs to the tug. He was able to walk when rescued but became unconscious after taking a few steps. He was fifty-three years old and is survived by a widow and two daughters.

Hillsdale.—Ora Linderman, a Lake Shore brakeman on the Fort Wayne branch, was the victim of a peculiar accident at Reading. R. W. Warner, the Standard Oil company's agent at Reading, had received a tank of gasoline and during the day had drawn the oil from the car tank into his own tanks. The supposition is that he failed to put the cap back onto the oil tank after completing his task. The local freight stopped at Reading to work in the car. In the course of his work Brakeman Linderman boarded the car with his lighted lantern. The light touched off the gasfumes and Linderman was blown from the car and severely wounded.

Muskegon.—Police Justice Osterbaan's court was the scene of a touching incident when Otis Marlowe was arraigned on a charge of burglary. When Marlowe was brought in he was met by his wife and two little daughters, neither of whom are more than five years old. At the tears streaming down their cheeks. The smaller of the two children grasped her father's hand and cried: "Can't you come home with us now, papa?" Papa, however, although he confessed to his part in the crime, had to go back with the police officers to the bars.

Grand Rapids.—The Industrial Science and Art association of Michigan, an organization composed of manual training teachers of the state, will hold its state meeting here May 12. The session will be the occasion for addresses on the subject of manual training in the public schools, together with the presentation of much information gleaned from progressive cities where manual training in advanced form and methods in vogue. The Grand Rapids High School and Bay City will be represented.

Kalamazoo.—Louis Klem, aged thirty-five, and Edward Debor, twenty-five years old, were dangerously injured when a scaffold they were standing on broke, letting the men fall a distance of twenty-five feet five feet to the ground. Klem was injured internally. One shoulder was broken and he lies in a paralyzed condition at his home. Debor was not as badly hurt in the fall.

White Cloud.—Mrs. Harry Read, wife of the proprietor of the Atlantic hotel here, attempted suicide by taking carbolic acid in some gravy. A physician succeeded in overcoming the effects of the poison. Mrs. Read is said to have tried to end her life because before, jealousy of her husband is given as the cause of her act.

Onaway.—The second case against the Detroit & Mackinac railroad for damages growing out of the cremation of 16 women and children during the forest fires near Metz in 1908 ended in the circuit court here in a decision in favor of the railroad company.

Saginaw.—Andrew Corde, an employe of the Prairie farm, south of Saginaw, was found dead in one of the fields where he had been working.

Cadillac.—James Newlands, aged forty years, was found dead on the edge of Morris creek, six miles from Manton. The man went camping with two friends and when he disappeared with a gun, his friends supposed he had gone hunting. He was accidentally found by other parties and no credence is given to stories of foul play.

Owosso.—Mrs. Pearl Moye Meilinger, twenty-two years old, is dead, the ending of an illness of a week beginning with mumps and developing into pneumonia. She was the bride of but a few months of Warren Meilinger, a telegrapher.

Grand Rapids.—Mrs. John B. Olan, aged sixty-five years, and her three-year-old granddaughter were burned to death when the Olan farm home, six miles west of Sand Lake, in the northern part of this county, was destroyed by fire. Elmer Wolfe, father of the child, is an invalid, and was carried from the home by one of a relative when the fire occurred.

Cadillac.—John Murphy has been found guilty in the circuit court of knocking down and robbing Charles Miller of a sum of money on the outskirts of the city recently. The jury disagreed in the case of Edward Fenley, charged with selling liquor to a minor. Edward Duval, who is under seventeen years of age, but looks older.

Petoskey.—Dr. George Bertraft is president of the Northern Michigan Poultry association, which has been organized in Petoskey.

Lansing.—Le Roi R. North, a junior civil engineer student at the Agricultural college, died at his home, south of this city, of typhoid fever, said to have been contracted at the college. There are seven other students ill with the disease, several of them seriously, and it is said that the cases have been traced to milk brought to one of the dining clubs from a farmer whose family was ill of typhoid.

Calumet.—Eugene Sapelso, aged fifty, took his own life here by almost severing his head from the body with a razor.

Quincy.—Friends here were greatly surprised to hear of the sudden death of Mrs. John Whittaker, which occurred at the University hospital at Ann Arbor, following an operation.

Newaygo.—Miss Hattie Carter of Fremont has been selected again as head of the county normal school at that village. Miss Carter possesses a life certificate from the state normal.

Monroe.—Robert de Navarre, a saloonkeeper of Newport, near here, was arrested charged with violating the Sunday closing law. He pleaded not guilty and his examination was set for May 4.