CURE THAT COLD TODAY

"I would rather preserve the health of a nation than be its ruler."—KUNYON.

Thousands of people who are suffering with colds are about today. Tomorrow they may be prostrated with penumonia. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Get a 25 cent bottle of Munyon's Cold Cure at the nearest drug store. This bottle may be conveniently carried in the vest pocket. If you are not satisfied with the effects of the remedy, send us your empty bottle and we will refund your money. Munyon's Cold Cure will speedily break up all forms of colds and prevent grippe and pneumonia. It checks discharges of the nose and eyes, stops sneezing, allays inflammation and fever, and tones up the system.

If you need Medical Advice, write to Munyon's Doctors. They will carefully diagnose your case and advise you by mail, absolutely free.

Prof. Munyon, 53d and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Three Farms Wanted

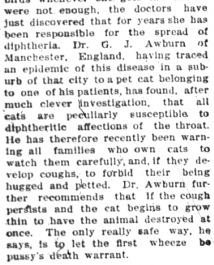
One 80—40—one small. Give locality, price, terms, improvements, all particulars. Address I. BENTLEY, BENTLEY, MICHIGAN

PISO'S is the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

Does Your Cat Cough?

Poor pussy! As if the immemorial charges against her of keeping us awake o' nights and of eating canary birds whenever she gets the chance were not enough, the doctors have just discovered that for years she has been responsible for the spread of diphtheria. Dr. G. J. Awburn of Manchester, England, having traced an epidemic of this disease in a suburb of that city to a pet cat belonging to one of his patients, has found, after much clever investigation, that all cats are peculiarly susceptible to diphtheritic affections of the throat. He has therefore recently been warning all families who own cats to watch them carefully, and, if they develop coughs, to forbid their being hugged and petted. Dr. Awburn further recommends that if the cough persists and the cat begins to grow thin to have the animal destroyed at once. The only really safe way, he says, is to let the first wheeze be pussy's death warrant.

A DIFFERENCE.



Stranger—Is this the nursery?
Host—No; that's the bawl?room.

Sense of Taste.

From a series of experiments recently made at the University of Kansas it is evident that the average person can taste the bitter of quinine when one part is dissolved in 52,000 parts of water. Salt was detected in water when one part to 640 of the liquid was used. Sugar could be tasted in 228 parts of water and common soda in 48. In nearly all cases women could detect a smaller quantity than men.

How It Happened.

He was limping down the street with one arm in a sling and both eyes in mourning.

"What's the matter?" queried a friend. "Automobile accident?"

"No," replied the other, sadly. "I met a man who couldn't take a joke."

A Woman's Privilege.

"What is the latest thing in weddings?"

"Generally, it is the bride."

Gives Breakfast Zest and Relish

Post Toasties

A sweet, crisp, wholesome food made of Indian Corn, ready to serve right from the box with cream and sugar.

Flavoury
Delicious
Economical

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

PURE FABRIC LAW IDEA OF MURDOCK

Projected Bill Would Reveal Amounts of Cotton and Wool in Cloth.

TAFT'S PLAN TO SAVE PARTY

President Wants Republicans to Unite and Legalize a Genuine Tariff Commission—Next Year's Budget Will Be Fully One Billion.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—It is said on seemingly good authority that President Taft has given his sanction to a bill far reaching in its effect which will compel the affixing to cloths which enter interstate commerce of a statement of the amount of cotton and of wool which they contain. This measure is called in Washington a "textile pure food bill." The framer of the measure, Victor Murdock of Kansas, says that no reason exists why the consumer should not know how much wool and how much cotton he is getting in his clothes just as he knows under the pure food law how much adulteration he is getting.

An effort is being made to get the two Republican factions in congress to pass a measure of this kind. It is expected that there will be a good deal of opposition and it may be that the "pure fabric law" will have as long a journey to passage as that which the pure food law took before it arrived at its station on the statute books.

Taft's Tariff Commission Plan.

As a fixed daily task President Taft is laboring to bring together the Republican factions in congress in order that he may secure legislation legalizing a genuine tariff commission. One year ago Mr. Taft might have worked nights as well as days along the same line of endeavor and at the end of 24 hours he would have been at the beginning, for the regulars and insurgents were so hostile to one another that attempts to patch a peace would have been met not only valkily, but defiantly.

This year Mr. Taft, so the men close to him say, has some real hope that he can induce Mr. Cummins, Mr. La Follette, Mr. Murdock and others to link arms with Mr. Aldrich, Mr. Hale, Mr. Boutelle and others and to present a united effort on behalf of a tariff commission. It remains yet to be seen whether the president will be successful, but the politicians say he thinks if a genuine tariff commission is sanctioned and is allowed to go to work in a businesslike way to pass on "proper and improper duties," that the Democrats next year when they are in control of the house will not think it wise to upset the legislation. All this is mere speculation, but it casts a light on one of the chief ends of the administration's winter endeavor and on the views of some of the Republicans of what they must do in order to save the presidential election to their party.

Shall We Fortify the Canal?

The layman who is neither a legislator nor an army officer would find himself unquestionably confused, but probably interested, if he were here in Washington to listen to the arguments for and against the erection of fortifications by Uncle Sam to guard the Panama Canal. A great many of the legislators are opposed to fortifying the waterway, while virtually all the army officers are in favor of it. President Taft has endorsed the fortification plan strongly in his annual message, in which he says:

"It is also well known that one of the chief objects in the construction of the canal has been to increase the military effectiveness of our navy. By convention we have indicated our desire for, and indeed undertaken, its universal and equal use. Failure to fortify the canal would leave the attainments of both these aims in the position of rights and obligations which we should be powerless to enforce and which could never in any other way be absolutely safeguarded against a desperate and irresponsible enemy."

The arguments which pass between the legislator and the army officer on the question of whether or not big guns ought to be placed on the isthmus run something like this:

The legislator says: "The canal should be neutralized, and all nations should be asked to bind themselves to preserve its neutrality. In this way we will be saved the expense of fortification and all danger of the canal's destruction in time of war will be averted."

The army officer says: "An ounce of gun metal is worth a pound of neutralization. If a country at war with the United States finds it to its advantage to blow up the canal, the canal will be blown up. The promise to keep the peace would be whistled down the wind in a minute. The only way to keep the enemy off is to stand him off with a gun. The canal cost hundreds of millions. Under neutralization it could be destroyed in a night."

Budget at Least a Billion.

At this stage of the session of congress some of the appropriation bills have been little more than skeletonized, but it is perfectly apparent even at this early date that the expenses of the government for the next fiscal year will be at least $1,000,000,000. Years ago representatives of the party in opposition used to speak of the extravagances of their opponents, and say that they were bent on giving the country a "billion dollar congress."

At the time this charge was considered to be one of the highest flights of rhetorical extravagance, and it is doubtful if even those who made it thought that the day would come for scores of years when congress would be called upon to appropriate $1,000,000,000 in a single year for the expenses of the government.

Natural growth is responsible in a measure for the vast increase in the expense of running Uncle Sam's household. Twenty years ago the navy cost us each year about $30,000,000; now it costs about $140,000,000.

The presidents of the United States one after another always have urged economy. It made no difference whether it was Cleveland, Democrat, or Harrison, or any other president, Republican, the plea for economy went from the White House to Capitol hill each year. In the past year perhaps the saving admonition has been more sharp and pointed than before, for apparently the president, with other American citizens, has been somewhat staggered by the mere sight of the figures in the government's expense account.

Taft Wants Just Debts Paid.

No president, however, no matter to which party he has belonged, ever has asked congress to refuse to authorize the payment of Uncle Sam's just debts. President Taft has urged economy constantly, but like other presidents before him he this year has urged, strongly that congress do justice to the persons who have valid claims against the government and who cannot get their money.

Uncle Sam has a court of claims. The judges are as hard worked as, and perhaps harder worked than, any of the other federal jurists. They are obliged to pass judgment on the validity of claims made against the United States by private individuals. If the courtfinds that the claims are just, all it can do is to say so and to inform congress that the United States owes Henry Nelson or Philip Stuyvesant such and such a sum of money. Then Henry Nelson and Philip Stuyvesant go to congress and ask that the money which really belongs to them shall be paid, and congress usually turns a deaf ear. Of course claims are paid from time to time, but many a man with a bill which the courts have O. K'd waits many a long year before he gets his money and then he does not get all he deserves, for no interest is allowed.

In his message to congress this year President Taft urged the payment of the just indebtedness of Uncle Sam. He says this pointedly: "The delay that occurs in the payment of the money due under the claims injures the reputation of the government as an honest debtor, and I earnestly recommend that these claims which come to congress with the judgment and approval of the court of claims should be promptly paid."

Two Cavalry Leaders Die.

Recently two officers of high rank on the retired list of the United States army have died, one in this city, and one in Virginia, just across the Potomac river. Major Generals Wesley Merritt and Eugene A. Carr died on the same day. Both were cavalry leaders and one of them, Merritt, died within sight of a battlefield on which he won fame and the stars of a major general when he was only twenty-five years of age.

Both Merritt and Carr were buried a few days ago in the cadet cemetery at West Point on the Hudson river, where they lie close to another famous cavalry leader, George A. Custer, who was killed in a fight with the Sioux Indians on the Little Rosebud June 26, 1876. Custer, like Merritt, was a major general of volunteers at the age of twenty-five years.

Carr Famous Indian Fighter.

Eugene A. Carr, like Merritt, was a West Pointer. His rise was rapid and he was one of the few officers of the United States army who received commissions by acts of congress because of conspicuous personal gallantry in the field.

Carr stayed in the regular service at the close of the civil war and was sent to the plains to begin the untried duty of fighting Indians. Like General Miles, Carr developed a remarkable plainsman's sense. They won perhaps even more fame as Indian fighters than came to them as fighters against men of thier own color.

Tribute to Painter's Skill.

One of the still life paintings by Jan van Huysen in the museum at The Hague was recently injured, but it is believed the perpetrator was neither vandal nor thief.

The picture represents a basket of fruit on which a number of insects have gathered. On a pale yellow apple, which is the centerpiece in the cluster of fruit, is a large fly, painted so true to nature, so say the officials of the gallery, that the canvas was injured by some one who endeavored to "shoo" it and brought his cane or hand too close to the canvas. "A tribute to the painter's genius," says the letter recording the fact, "for which the work had to suffer."

SAVED OLD LADY'S HAIR

"My mother used to have a very bad humor on her head which the doctors called an eczema, and for it I had two different doctors. Her head was very sore and her hair nearly all fell out in spite of what they both did. One day her niece came in and they were speaking of how her hair was falling out and the doctors did it no good. She says, 'Aunt, why don't you try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment?' Mother did and they helped her. In six months' time the itching, burning and scalding of her head was over and her hair began growing. Today she feels much in debt to Cuticura Soap and Ointment for the fine head of hair she has for an old lady of seventy-four.

"My own case was an eczema in my feet. As soon as the cold weather came my feet would itch and burn and then they would crack open and bleed. Then I thought I would flee to my mother's friends, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I did for four or five winters, and now my feet are as smooth as any one's. Ellsworth Dunham, Hiram, Me., Sept. 30, 1909."

Russia's Growing Population.

This year's census of the Russian empire adds another five millions to the population as enumerated in 1908. The czar's subjects now number 160,000,000 and increase every year by 2,500,000 despite wars, epidemics and infernal disturbances. As there is no lack of cultivated soil in Russia there seems no reason why this big annual increase should not continue.

Why Kick?

Louis Wisna, the Newark artist, wore a gloomy look on his usually cheerful face.

"It has just struck me," he said to Charles Strasse, "that my shoes don't cost me as much as my youngsters."

"Then what are you complaining about?" asked Strasse.

Experience is a safer and more useful guide than any principle, however accurate and scientific it may be.—Buckle.

No matter how long your neck may be or how sore your throat, Hamlins Wizard Oil will cure it surely and quickly. It drives out all soreness and inflammation.

Many a woman is single from choice—the choice made by a man who chose another.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Truth has a sliding scale, regardless of the frank person.

TWO OF A KIND.

Dobbins—Is there a list of millionaires published?

Bronson—Not that I know of, but you can probably get a list of the fellows who dodge their taxes.

Why Do They?

Why women like the baldheaded man it is somewhat difficult to define. It may be because he appears to be:

Thoughtful and kind.

Trustworthy and confiding.

Whimsical.

Past the follies and frivolities of youth.

Usually successful.

A man of property.

Opinions why women like the baldheaded man obtained by the Daily Mirror are as follows:

He is not silly like young men.

He accepts refusals of marriage so nicely that one is sorry one did not accept him.

The bald patch looks so clean and nice. One would like to kiss it.

A doctor welcomes baldness when it comes to him, as it is a sign of sedateness and dignified learning, which invariably increases his practise.

Famous "Pint of Cough Syrup" Receipt

No Better Remedy at Any Price. Fully Guaranteed.

Make a plain syrup by mixing one pint of granulated sugar and ½ pint of warm water and stir for two minutes. Put 2½ ounces of pure Pinex (fifty cents' worth) in a pint bottle, and fill up with the Sugar Syrup. This gives you a family supply of the best cough syrup at a saving of $2. It never spoils. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

The effectiveness of this simple remedy is surprising. It seems to take hold instantly, and will usually stop the most obstinate cough in 24 hours. It tones up the jaded appetite and is just laxative enough to be helpful in a cough, and has a pleasing taste. Also excellent for bronchial trouble, throat tickle, hoarseness and asthma, and an unequaled remedy for whooping cough.

This recipe for making cough remedy with Pinex and Sugar Syrup (or strained honey) is a prime favorite in thousands of homes in the United States and Canada. The plan has been imitated, though never successfully. If you try it, use only genuine Pinex, which is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, and is rich in guiacol and all the natural healing pine elements. Other preparations will not work in this recipe.

A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., 264 Main St., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

We cannot teach truth to another, we can only help him find it.—Galilea.

900 DROPS CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT. A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Foods and Drugs Act June 30th 1906. Serial Number 1542.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

Once a Rayo user, always one

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that look just as well, but there's no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any home. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agents of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in the same stable, no matter how exposed, kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Gives us the longest, of it in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever discovered for heaves in any form. One bottle guaranteed to cure one horse. Keeps your stock in health. $50 dozen. If druggist cannot supply you, send express paid by manufacturers. We will show how to prohibit disease. Our free booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—every years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Household Lubricant

THE ALL-AROUND OIL

IN THE HANDY, EVER-READY TIN OILER

Is specially selected for any need in the home. Saves tools from rusting. Can cannot break. Does not gum or become rancid.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

Dealers Everywhere

MOTORS IN THE KLONDIKE

Two Automobiles Are Being Used by Mining Companies Near Dawson.

Automobiles have penetrated to the Klondike and Vice-Concul Woodward reports that there are now two automobiles in use in Dawson and vicinity, one a sixty-horsepower, three-passenger car, the other a twenty-horsepower four-passenger car. They are used by officials of gold-mining companies in going to and from Dawson and places of their dredging operations.

Only a few years ago it was generally conceded that it was impossible to use an automobile in the Klondike. Another seven-passenger touring car of thirty-five or forty horsepower was brought in for the purpose of hire and was principally used for pleasure and business trips. This car was shipped to Alaska last spring on account of there not being sufficient demand at Dawson for its profitable operation. It charged $15 for the first hour, $10 for each additional hour, or $75 a day. This machine used about ten gallons of gasoline per day at an average price of 75 cents per gallon.

An experienced chauffeur, who was brought in a $150 per month and expenses, stated that he found the roads in a better condition than around some more settled communities, and that while heavy grades, short curves and muddy roads were encountered, they could all be overcome, and that in no instance had an accident occurred that might not occur to a machine in any other locality.

The freight rate for automobiles to Dawson by the White Pass and Yukon route is $190 per ton, actual weight, when knocked down, boxed, or crated sufficiently to be loaded in box cars.

A Good Safe Place.

"Where can I hide?" gasped the mining stock promoter as he burst into his office. "The police are coming."

"Get into the simplified card index case," cried the chief clerk. "I defy anyone to find anything in there!"—Puck.

My Word Is As Good As My Bond

and when I say that I will sell you Ten Acres of the Best Land in the Panhandle of Florida at $7.50 cash an acre and accept the balance of the purchase price in sugar cane, I mean every word of it.

JOHN. E. STILLMAN

MY OFFER Growers of sugar cane in the Florida Panhandle, average $100.00 an acre from their crop and it is the easiest, safest, surest crop that grows. I have 27,000 acres of selected, rich cane land, also suited to trucking and fruit growing, in Escambia County, Florida, north of the city of Pensacola. Ten acres will net you $1,000.00 a year in sugar cane alone. I will sell you ten acres for $30.00 an acre, $7.50 an acre cash and the balance in two, three and four years. **Payable in sugar cane or cash.**

MY RECORD I have been dealing in Florida lands for the past 24 years, and in order to convince you of my absolute responsibility, I want to tell you—that I am Ex-President of the Pensacola Chamber of Commerce, have been Collector of Customs for the port of Pensacola for the past thirteen years, and that I am President of The Pensacola Inter-State Fair Association.

I am President of the Pensacola Investment Co., capitalized at $300,000
I am Vice-President of the Pensacola Hotel Co., capitalized at 150,000
I am President of the East Pensacola City Co., capitalized at 250,000
I am President of the Maxent Land Company, capitalized at 300,000
I am President of the Suburban Railway Co., capitalized at 30,000
Total Capitalization of Companies .. **$1,030,000**

Write to me today or simply sign and mail me the coupon. I will answer all your questions personally. The Florida Panhandle has the right kind of land—what she needs is the right kind of people. Address

JOHN E. STILLMAN, Pensacola, Fla.

JOHN E. STILLMAN, Pensacola, Fla.
Please mail me booklet and full information in regard to the farms that you are selling in Escambia, County.

Name _____

Address _____