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BIRMINGHAM, FRIDAY, DEC. 16.

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

Latest News of Interest Boiled Down for the Busy Man.

PERSONAL.

Vice-President Edward Van Wyck Rossiter of the New York Central lines died at his home in Flushing, L. I., of a complication of diseases, after an illness of several months.

The fight of Beatrice Anita Baldwin Turnbull for a two-ninths share in the $1,000,000 estate of the late E. J. Baldwin began before Judge Rives and a jury in the superior court at Los Angeles, Cal.

Robert Charles Hannon of East Windsor, Conn., has announced that he is the head of the Christian Science church, claiming that Mrs. Eddy had commissioned him on August 13, 1890, as her successor.

Secretary of War Dickinson in his annual report to congress recommends that the government add to its aeronautical equipment. He hints that the United States is far behind other nations in providing aeroplanes for the use of its army.

Michael Fogarty, a hotelkeeper, is dead at Newburg, N. Y., as the result, the doctors say, of fright and nervous shock. He was held up at the point of a revolver a few night ago by two negroes.

Some of the most powerful families in Germany are shaking with apprehension lest Signora Maria Tarragona, a Spanish dancer, be not prevented from publishing her memoirs. She threatens to expose incidents in the private lives of members of one of Germany's reigning families, of several officers of the crown, and of other prominent men.

The viceroy of Manchuria has sent a memorial to Peking urging that the three provinces be thrown open to all nations. The purpose is to offset Japanese and Russian activity in Manchuria by the influx from other countries.

Mrs. Theodore P. Shonts, wife of the president of the Interborough Railway of New York city, who arrived aboard the liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, omitted to mention in her declaration that she had $20,000 worth of new jewelry with her. This oversight caused the customs inspector to have the jewels sent to the appraiser's stores, where they will be held pending an investigation.

Kyrle Bellew, the actor, is making plans with Charles Frohman and a steamship company in London to charter a steamship and make a tour around the world with a dramatic company.

GENERAL NEWS.

Conductors of the Boston "L" system will receive lessons in voice culture. Posters were sent by the company to all its car barns giving instruction on how to breathe, how to twist the tongue and how to hold the mouth.

An unusual gift to Williams college has been announced. A fund of $10,500 has been deposited with the college officials, the income of which is to be devoted to improving the quality of the dairy products served to the students.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination of Associate Justice Edward Douglass White to be chief justice of the United States Supreme court and the senate immediately confirmed the president also sent in the following nominations: To be associate justices of the United States Supreme court, Judge Willis Van Devanter of Wyoming and Judge Joseph Rucker Lamar of Georgia.

Mrs. P. A. Hilliard, seventy-six years old, a widow of Milwaukee, Wis., was burned to death in her room in the Hotel Bristol, New York. She set fire to her clothing in attempting to light a candle.

The subcommittee of the senate which has been investigating the charges of bribery in connection with the election of Senator William Lorimer of Illinois, decided unanimously that the testimony does not prove any of the charges made. Following this action the subcommittee's report will be prepared for the full committee at once, and the report will be sent to the senate within a short time.

Reduction of the postal deficit from $17,500,000 a year ago to $5,845,645 was shown in the annual report by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

There are heavy floods in northern Portugal. The Souza river, normally a small stream, is a raging torrent 36 feet deep.

The United States closes another year in second place among the world's naval powers. The great navy building race between Germany and Great Britain has not yet brought the former country up to the United States in the number of battleships afloat.

Mrs. Emeline Bernhard, aged seventy-five; her son George, aged forty; Tom Morgan, a trapper, aged seventeen, and a hired man named Worth were found murdered on the Bernhard farm, in Kansas, near Manhattan, City, Mo. All the victims had been clubbed to death.

In a shooting match in which two boys used each other as targets, Albert Perin, fifteen years old, was killed by his playmate, Jesse Osborn, sixteen years old, at Indianapolis.

Oakland, Cal., adopted the commission form of government by a vote of 9,025 to 2,018.

Announcing that conspiracy under the Sherman anti-trust law is a continuing offense the Supreme court of the United States held good the indictment in New York in 1909 of Gustave E. Kissell and Thomas B. Harned under this law, as far as the statute of limitation was concerned. The two men were identified with the sugar trust cases.

Henry W. Ley, an electrician on board the United States submarine Grampus, was injured by the blowing out of an intake valve and died at San Diego, Cal.

After narrowly escaping death in a shipwreck, the 106 persons who were on the steamer Olympia when she was driven on the rocks of Bligh Island, Prince William Sound, during a furious gale, have been landed in safety at Valdez, Alaska.

Although the mutiny on Cobra's island, Brazil, has been brought to an end by the surrender of the surviving mutineers, much uneasiness pervades Rio Janeiro. It is asserted that the killed and wounded number over 600.

Thomas Fowler, a deputy sheriff, was shot and killed at Hutchinson, Kan., by an unidentified man, whom he had arrested on suspicion that he was a burglar. The man escaped and 500 men in Hutchinson vow vengeance should the slayer be caught.

Mrs. Aileen Christopher, the government's witness against the alleged brick trust at Chicago, was ordered by Judge Landis committed to the Cook county jail with her attorney, John A. Brown, until they produced certain papers and documents before the federal grand jury.

The body of Bert E. Corbin, vice-president of the Union Savings, Building and Trust company of Boise, Idaho, was found near Big Springs, Idaho. He had been missing since November 19, and died of exposure while hunting.

Attorney General Wickersham's report told of the success of the government in prosecuting smugglers and those who undervalue imports and promised a continuation of the unrelenting efforts to end such frauds.

Six Olympia (Wash.) women, all prominent suffragists, were drawn to serve as jurors in a case to be tried before a justice of the peace. The jurors chosen include the private stenographer of Governor Hay.

The total population of the United States, according to the thirteenth census, is 93,402,151, an increase of 21.0 per cent. over the population in 1900. This includes Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico, but not the Philippine islands. The population of the United States, with all her possessions, is about 101,100,000.

A quiet campaign against the smoking automobile, which the New York health department began about six weeks ago, has resulted in a total of nearly 600 arrests. Out of this number about 500 paid fines.

A live lizard six inches in length and the head of another lizard were discovered in the stomach of Miss Lovie Hermann, nineteen years old, who died at her home in Cleveland, O.

Striking garment workers, numbering 20,000 men, women and children, marched from their respective headquarters in Chicago in a driving snowstorm to the West side baseball park, where they braved the chilly blasts and shivered in the cold while they listened to speeches from their leaders. Leaders announced it the greatest parade of hungry workers since the march of Coxey's army.

George D. Horras, formerly a banker of Sioux Falls, S. D., was released from the Leavenworth federal penitentiary after serving three years for violation of the national banking laws. Horras was only twenty-six years old when he went to prison.

"Not guilty" was the verdict of the jury in Vincennes, Ind., in the case of Menlo Moore, manager of a circuit of theaters, who was charged with murder in the killing of Charles E. Gibson, a wealthy operator in the Indiana-Illinois oil fields.

Political differences led to a street duel in Havana between Severo Molecon and Sanchez Figueras, in which the former was killed and the latter probably fatally wounded. Both were liberal members of the Cuban house of representatives.

J. P. Morgan & Co. of New York announced that Edward F. Whitney and George W. Perkins will retire from the firm on January 1, 1911, and that William H. Porter, president of the Chemical National bank, and Thomas W. Lamont, vice-president of the First National bank, will become partners in the firm.

After a battle with the censor lasting five years, "Salome" was produced at Covent Garden theater in London. The name of John the Baptist was not mentioned, being replaced by the euphemism "The Prophet."

According to the terms of the will of the late Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, the Christian Science church, the source from which it came, will get the major portion of her estate, including the value of copyrights, which is about

Prof. Charles Otis Whitman, head of the department of zoology at the University of Chicago since 1892, and known as one of the greatest American biologists, died of pneumonia at his residence in Chicago.

$1,500,000.

An anti-treating ordinance was adopted by the Tacoma (Wash.) city commission, making the buying of an intoxicating drink for another person a misdemeanor.

After five years' service on the circuit and supreme benches in the Panama zone, Judge Lorin C. Collins has said good-by to his friends in the zone and started home for Chicago.

Bedouins have massacred the Turkish garrison at Kerak, a town in the Turkish villayet of Syria, and killed more than 100 Christian inhabitants of the place in revenge for the execution of a Bedouin chief.

Five votes elected W. N. Ruby to the Colorado supreme court because the parties neglected to put up candidates to fill the unexpired term of the late Chief Justice Robert W. Steele.

The National Civic Federation's annual meeting opened in New York with Seth Low in the chair.

At open hearth mill No 1 of the Homestead steel works, Pittsburg, Pa., there was cast what is said to be the largest ingot of Krupp steel in the world. The ingot is 13 feet 4 inches high, 10 feet 8 inches wide and 4 feet 4 inches thick and weighs 130 tons.

STATE FARMERS INCREASE WEALTH

REPORTS SHOW 54 PER CENT. GROWTH IN TEN YEARS.

206,376 FARMS IN STATE

Lands and Buildings in Michigan Valued at $897,058,000—Average Size of Farms Is Ninety-Two Acres.

Lansing.—The census report on the agricultural status of Michigan, made public, shows the aggregate value of farm lands and buildings in the state to be $897,058,000, an increase for the decade of 54 per cent.

There are 206,376 farms, with a total acreage of 18,913,000, of which 12,819,000 is improved. The average size of farms is 92 acres, and the average value $46 an acre.

Increases over 1900 are as follows:

In expenditures for fertilizers, 96 per cent.; in total value of farm buildings, 75 per cent.; in expenditures for labor, 76 per cent.; in value of farm implements and machinery, 73 per cent.; in value of farm land, 45 per cent.; in average value an acre of farm land and buildings, 39 per cent.; in average value an acre of farm land, 32 per cent.; in total improved farm acreage, 9 per cent.; in total farm acreage, 8 per cent.; in average acres a farm, 7 per cent.; and in the whole number of farms, 2 per cent.

Women's Labor Law Is Upheld.

The constitutionality of the women's labor law, as set passed at the last session of the legislature, was sustained by the supreme court in an opinion rendered, and the statute which requires that manufacturers or shopkeepers shall not force their women employes to work more than 54 hours in a week cannot be violated without fear of prosecution.

Some time ago State Labor Commissioner Richard Fletcher started proceedings against the International Seal & Lock company of Hastings in the Barry county circuit court for the violation of the law, but the case was decided against the state, and acting for the labor commission, Attorney General Kuhn carried it to the court of last resort.

Section 9 of the act in question is as follows:

"No female shall be employed in any factory, mill, warehouse, workshop, clothing, dressmaking or millinery establishment, or any place where the manufacture of any kind of goods is carried on, or where any good are prepared for manufacturing, or in any laundry, workshop or any other mercantile establishment, for a period longer than an average of nine hours per day, or 54 hours in any one week, nor more than ten hours in any one day, profided, however, that the provisions of this section in relation to the hours of employment shall not apply to nor affect any person engaged in preserving perishable goods in fruit or canning establishments."

Would Cut "Pull" of Supervisors.

In order to prepare recommendations for legislative action for the consideration of the power superintendents of the poor of Michigan, the legislative committee of that organization consulted with Secretary M. T. Murray of the state board of corrections and charities.

President A. J. Dole of Hellaire, has some very decided ideas as to the legislation which ought to be passed by the coming legislature, although he says that there are so many ex-supervisors in the legislature that he doubts the possibility of securing any reform. He objects very decidedly to the part that supervisors play in looking after the poor, hinting that in many rural districts supervisors are continued in office because of the assistance they give families from the poor fund, when in reality a great share of this is not merited.

President Dole would do away with the right of the supervisors to investigate requests for county help, and also not have so many local officers as are now doing that work. He would not pay the county superintendents of the poor a salary, but fees according to what they do, or by the day. He believes that the $150 or $200 often paid is not at all adequate to get competent men to do this work.

4,500,000 Bushels Wheat Sold in State.

The monthly report, just issued from the secretary of state's office, shows wheat and rye to be in an excellent condition, both 96 per cent.

The estimated number of bushels of wheat marketed in the state for four months, August to December, was 4,500,000; 308,395 bushels of wheat was marketed by farmers in the state during November.

Supreme Court.

The supreme court met and disposed of the following matters:

Rehearings were granted in Painter vs. Lebanon Land company and in Benewell vs. North American Accident Insurance company, and denied in Hogle vs. Meyering, Carmell vs. Parr, Petoskey & Bay Shore Gas company vs. City of Petoskey, Chamberlain vs. O'Leary, Brink vs. Purnell, McDaman vs. Davis, Pearll vs. Pearll, Union Trust company vs. Electric Park Amusement company.

The Union Trust company vs. Electric Park Amusement company, petition for leave to intervene denied.

Court adjourned until December 22.

New Corporations.

The following companies have filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state: Security Investment company, New York and Adrian, $10,000; McGee Shoe company, Grand Rapids, $4,000; Howard City Realty company, Howard City, $4,100; Hancock Realty company, $20,000; Grand Rapids Hosiery company, Grand Rapids, $100,000.

States' Farmers Clubs in Session.

The State Association of Farmers' Clubs in session here went on record with recommendations on a dozen questions of national legislation. The resolutions governing the temperance question were toned down to a general denunciation of the saloon and a recommendation for legislation that would make it impossible to have liquor shipped into a "dry" territory.

A resolution recommending the enactment of a law which would bar the literature of wholesale liquor dealers from the United States mail was turned down. The question of statewide prohibition was left untouched.

The association condemned the management of the state fair for allowing the sale of liquor on the state fair grounds, but no specific charges were made against any director or officer. When the resolutions were presented they contained one favoring an amendment of the state constitution in a manner which would permit woman suffrage. The resolution was adopted. The association also gave favorable consideration to a resolution which asked national legislation providing for the expenditure of a sum on highways equal to that spent on waterways. The following is a summary of the resolution adopted for state legislation:

In favor of the appropriation of a sum sufficient to erect a new auditorium for the Michigan Agricultural college.

In favor of civil service in all state departments.

In favor of increasing automobile licenses and applying the residue to the construction of county roads.

In favor of a closed season on quail and partridge for ten years.

In favor of allowing grocers and bufchers to peddle their products through the country without a license.

The association adopted resolutions favoring the following national legislation:

The direct election of United States senators.

Better currency and banking laws, tending to do away with the influencing of the money market by Wall street manipulators.

Equitable revision of the Payne tariff law by a non-partisan commission.

Equitable reciprocity with Canada.

Conservation of national resources.

Laws increasing power of interstate commerce commission.

Farmers Demand the Parcels Post.

The eighteenth annual convention of the State Association of Farmers' clubs, in session in Representative hall, adopted resolutions on national matters as follows:

For election of United States senators by direct vote; for better banking and currency laws so that stock jobbing and other sharp financial doings, which precipitate panics, can be prevented; for reciprocity with Canada; for better laws for the conservation of national resources; for an amendment to the interstate commerce law so that the commission can give favorable terms to shippers, which do not amount to discrimination; to prohibit the shipment of liquor into communities that have voted "dry;" to strengthen the anti-trust laws; also one which reads: "We have reason to believe that the express companies have dominated and controlled congress and persistently defeated all efforts towards establishing a parcels post system.

"Therefore, resolved, that this association will in the future disregard political affiliations and support only those candidates for public office who will vote for a parcels post law, and for all other measures advocated by this association."

Resolutions on state questions will be adopted. The association incorporated so as to be in position to receive money from the national government, which is given to all such associations when incorporated. These officers have been elected: President, B. A. Holden, Wixom; vice-president, J. D. Leland, Shiawassee; secretary, Mrs. C. P. Johnson, Hadley; treasurer, Mrs. Lewis Sackett, Calhoun; directors, Patrick Hankerd, Jackson; C. P. Johnson, Hadley.

Horticulturists Seek State Aid.

The Michigan Horticultural society closed its session here, the speakers including Prof. L. R. Taft of Lansing. It is quite possible that the next meeting will be held at the Agricultural college at Lansing. The executive board will decide upon this.

Steps to bring Michigan fruit up to a higher standard, so far as quality and honesty of packing is concerned, to place Michigan in the front of horticultural states of the union and to provide for state help by the enaction of laws suitable to the needs of horticulture, were taken by the passing of resolutions.

In brief the resolutions call upon the president of the society to appoint a committee to draft a bill to be presented before the legislature, which will provide for an appropriation to carry on horticultural inspection all over the state, and to provide for such legislation as will guard fruit growers against dishonest nurserymen and others who prey upon fruit growers.

Do Not Want Military Department

Gen. George Stone, ex-auditor general of the state, chairman of the legislative committee of the G. A. R., backed by Adjutant General Wyckoff and the entire membership of the local posts of veterans and many other veteran organizations out in the state, has entered a vigorous protest against moving the military department and museum from the capitol building to the old statehouse, in accordance with an order issued recently by the auditors.

Michigan Supreme Court.

The supreme court met and disposed of the following cases:

Affirmed—Davidson vs. Gigson estate; Taylor vs. Hoover; Telephone company; Parson vs. Bills; Howcroft vs. Detroit United Railway; Ward vs. Ward; Cheney vs. Cheney; Wilson vs. Hugus; Stansell vs. American Radiator company; KKrettich vs. Detroit Chemical works; Clow & Sons vs. Dowagiac Milling company; Loffonier vs. Detroit & Mackinac Railway company; Dashcho vs. Michigan Alkali company; Linton vs. Howard estate.

101,100,000 PEOPLE UNDER THE U. S. FLAG

U. S. PROPER CONTAINS 91,972,266, OR 93,402,151 WITH ALASKA, HAWAII AND PORTO RICO ADDED.

NEW FIGURES SHOW CONTINENTAL RESIDENTS INCREASE TO BE MORE THAN LAST CENSUS.

Michigan is Now Eighth in the List of States With a Population of 2,810,173.

Population of U. S., and all possessions—101,100,000.

Population of U. S., leaving out Philippines, Guam, Samoa and canal zone—93,402,151.

Population of U. S. proper—91,972,266.

Michigan eighth in rank among states.

Reapportionment of congressional seats is next on program.

Leaving out the Philippine Islands, Guam, Samoa and the Panama canal zone, the population of the United States is 93,402,151, according to complete figures of the thirteenth census issued.

This is the total number of persons living in the states, territories, District of Columbia, Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico.

The increase in the country's population during he last 10 years was 16,145,523, or 20.9 per cent, over 77,256,630, the population in 1900, compared with an increase of 12,276,964 or 22.7 per cent, over 62,979,766, the population in 1890.

The population of continental United States is 91,972,266, an increase of 15,977,691, or 21.0 per cent over 75,994,575 in 1900, when the increase was 13,046,861, or 20.7 per cent over 62,347,714, the total in 1890.

The total population of the United States, with all her possessions is about 101,100,000. This number includes 7,635,426 in the Philippine islands, 191,909 included in the census there in 1903, and estimates for the population of the island of Guam, the American possession in Samoa and persons on the Panama canal zone.

The number of persons in the military and naval services of the United States stationed abroad and on naval vessels is 55,000.

Michigan Eighth on List.

The state rank, according to population, is as follows:

1, New York; 2, Pennsylvania; 3, Illinois; 4, Ohio; 5, Texas; 6, Massachusetts; 7, Missouri; 8, Michigan; 9, Indiana; 10, Georgia; 11, New Jersey; 12, California; 13, Wisconsin; 14, Kentucky; 15, Iowa; 16, North Carolina; 17, Tennessee; 18, Alabama; 19, Minnesota; 20, Virginia; 21, Mississippi; 22, Kansas; 23, Oklahoma; 24, Louisiana; 25, Arkansas; 26, South Carolina; 27, Maryland; 28, West Virginia; 29, Nebraska; 30, Washington; 31, Porto Rico; 32, Connecticut; 33, Colorado; 34, Florida; 35, Maine; 36, Oregon; 37, South Dakota; 38, North Dakota; 39, Rhode Island; 40, New Hampshire; 41, Montana; 42, Utah; 43, Vermont; 44, District of Columbia; 45, New Mexico; 46, Idaho; 47, Arizona; 48, Delaware; 49, Hawaii; 50, Wyoming; 51, Nevada; 52, Alaska.

Shipwrecked Crew of 21 Saved.

Marooned for 32 hours on the bleak shores of the Galloup islands, the crew of the steamer John Sharpless was rescued by the steamer Hinkley, of Oswego, N. Y.

The Sharpless, with 20 men and one woman aboard, and bound from Ogdensburg for Chicago, with 100,000 bushels of corn, was overtaken by a blinding snowstorm on her last trip this season. The gale drove the big grain carrier upon the rocky shores of the islands in the lead of night. Efforts to release the vessel were futile and the crew suffered intensely from privation and cold.

Mrs. Eddy's Aids to Continue Rule.

A declaration that the government of the Christian Science church under the board of directors will continue according to the plans of the late founder and leader, Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, was made public at Boston by the five directors, following the first meeting of the board since Mrs. Eddy's death. This statement, which was given out through Alfred Farlow, of the publication committee, was signed by Stephen A. Chase, Archibald McLean, Allison V. Stewart, John V. Dittemore and Adam H. Dickey, who constitute the board of directors.

Banks Have Prosperous Year.

Another year of prosperity and solid growth for the American banks, recorded in the annual report of Comptroller of the Currency Lawrence O. Murray, presented to congress. Not only the national banks which come directly under the control and supervision of the currency bureau are included in the review of banking conditions, but state banks, savings banks, trust companies and other financial institutions—some 15,950 others—are represented.

According to rumor, Andrew Carnegie is ready to contribute the gift of $10,000,000 to some international peace organization.

The viceroy of Manchuria has sent a memorial to Peking urging that the three provinces be thrown open to all nations. According to advices received in Victoria, B. C. The purpose is to offset Japanese and Russian activity in Manchuria by the influx from other nations.

"Big Tom" Currier, deputy United States marshal, who bore a striking resemblance to President Taft, died at his home in Chicago at the age of 44. Currier, who was a familiar figure about the federal building for 20 years, stood 6 feet 3½ inches in his stocking feet, and weighed 350 pounds.

Two men who arrived at Seattle from Alaska said prices in the Iditarod country were mounting higher and higher. Sugar is 20 cents a pound and bacon, ham and flour in proportion. Horses are in great demand and $5 an hour is the price of a team. Any first-class stage dog will bring $100.

A pear necklace, worth $8,000, has cost Mrs. Ada F. C. Adriance, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., more than $25,000 because she attempted to smuggle it into the country on her return from Europe last August. The additional amount is in fines, counsel's fees and extra duty.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The state department Monday announced the completion of negotiations looking to the gathering of an international conference to suppress the opium traffic. May 30 had been accepted as the date, at The Hague.

The pension appropriation bill was reported to the house by Representative Keifer, of Ohio, chairman of the subcommittee on pensions, in charge of the measure in charge. The bill carries $153,688,000, which is $2,070,000 less than the appropriation for the same purpose for the current year.

As many new trees will be planted under the direction of the forest service in the national forest of the country during the present fiscal year as were set out during the past five years combined, said Associate Forester Potter. This is the beginning of a plan to increase as much as possible each year the number set out.

Service pay for members of the regular army, provided in a bill introduced by Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania. All men in the ranks who attend 48 drills during the year or such equivalent during the year as prescribed are to be entitled to 25 per cent of the pay of a man in the regular army. No allowance will be made when less than 20 drills have been attended.

In the senate amendments to the bill for the establishment of the Rockefeller foundation were offered by Senator Gallinger, who introduced the original measure. The amendments limit the property holdings of the foundation to one hundred million dollars and provide that congress shall direct the distribution of the entire foundation at the expiration of one hundred years.

That the boilermakers on the Isthmus of Panama, who left their work without awaiting a reply of President Taft to their demands for better wakes and shorter hours, did so in defiance of the officers of their own union appears from a letter received by Captain Boggs, in charge of the canal commission offices in Washington from J. A. Franklin, international president of the boilermakers' union, who says the organization has not sanctioned the regination of its members.

Veterinarians willing to work for $1,200 a year are too scarce for the war department to find them, said Sergeant Hilliard, testifying before the house to repeal the law which limits the pay of such men for the cavalry and artillery arms of the service. The department pointed out that in the Philippine government $1,000 is allowed for veterinarians with possibilities of promotion, and that the bureau of animal industry in the United States allows $1,400 with promotions. Repeal would put veterinarians under a general maximum of $1,500, except on the secretary's approval.

Gen. Jose Estrada is Dying.

Gen. Jose Estrada, who was provisional president of Nicaragua when Dr. Jose Madriz abandoned the office last August when success of the revolutionary movement became apparent, is dying. He is a brother of Gen. Juan J. Estrada, president of the republic.

From 12 to 15 cases of cholera appear at Funchal, Madeira, daily. Forty per cent of these prove fatal.

THE MARKETS.

DETROIT—Cattle—Steady at last week's prices. We quote: Best steers and heifers, $5.50@$6; steers and heifers, 800 to 900, $5@$5.25; steers and heifers, 500 to 1,000, $4.50@$5.15; steers and heifers, 500 to 1,000, $3@$4.50; choice fat cows, $4@$4.50; good fat cows, $3.50@$3.75; common cows, $3@$3.50; canners, $2@$2.75; choice heavy bulls, $4@$4.50; fair to good bulls, $3.50@$3.75; stock bulls, $3@$3.25; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, $4.25@$4.50; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, $4@$4.25; choice stockers, 500 to 700, $4@$4.25; fair stockers, 500 to 700, $3.50@$4; stock heifers, $3.25@$3.50; milkers, large, young, medium age, $40@$60; common milkers, $25@$35.

Veal calves—Market steady at last week's opening prices, higher than the close. Best, $9@$9.50; others, $4@$8.50; milch cows and springers steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Market 15@25c higher than last week's close. Best lambs, $6.15@$6.25; fair lambs, $5.75@$6; light to common lambs, $4@$5.50; fair to good sheep, $3.50@$4; culls and common, $2@$3.

Hogs—Market 20@25c higher than last week's close. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, $9.50@$9.60; pigs, $9.60; light Yorkers, $9.50@$9.60; stags, 1/3 off.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y.—Cattle—steady.

Hogs—Strong; heavy, $7.90; yorkers, $7.90@$8; pigs, $8.10@$8.20.

Sheep—Strong; best wethers and yearlings, $5@$5.25; wethers, $4@$4.75; ewes, $4@$4.25.

Calves—$7@$11.

DETROIT—Wheat—Cash, No. 2 red and December, $1.14 per bu; opening with a loss of 1c at $1, declined to 99¾c and closed at $1. July opened at 95¾c, declined 95¾c and closed at at 95¾c. No 1 white, 95½c asked.

Corn—Cash, No 3, 54c; yellow, 57c; No 3 yellow, 56½c; new No 3 yellow, 1 car at 56c; old, 59½c; No 4 yellow, 1 car at 57½c; No 4 white, 1 car at 46c.

Oats—Standard, 1 car at 35½c; No 3 white, 35½c.

Rye—Cash No 1, 84c; No 2, 82½c.

Beans—Cash, $2.08; December, $2.05.

Cloverseed—Prime spot and December, $8.80; March, $8.95; sample, 2 bags at $8.50; 12 at $8.25; 8 at $8.40; at $7.75; 10 at $7.50; 8 at $7.50; prime alsike, $9; sample alsike, 10 bags at $8.25; 3 at $8.

Timothy Seed—Prime spot, $4.40.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $27; standard middlings, $28; fine middlings, $26; cracked corn and coarse cornmeal, $25; corn and oat chop, $24 per ton.

Flour—Best Michigan patent, $5.20; ordinary patents, $4.90; straights, $4.65; clear, $4.65; pure rye, $4.50; spring patent, $5.75 per bbl in wood.

There are heavy floods in northern Portugal. The Souza river, normally a modest stream, is a raging torrent, 36 feet deep. The pure water supply of Oporto is threatened.

Michael Fogarty, a hotelkeeper, in Newburgh, N. Y., dead as a result, the doctors say, of a fright and nervous shock. He was held up at the point of a revolver a few nights ago by two negroes who entered his hotel after the office was deserted by all Fogarty's patrons. The owner, who had been in poor health for some time, was prostrated by the encounter and death resulted after a short illness.

Capt. Hellanger, of the Aviation corps, flew from Vincennes to Mourmelon, in France, 100 miles, in 79 minutes. Because of a thick fog he maintained an average altitude of 4,900 feet.

"I call attention to the marches and emergency work done by these troops as a refutation of any impression which may prevail that our troops are not in condition to meet unusual conditions of hardship and deprivation," says Gen. Bliss, commanding the department of California, commenting on the splendid services rendered by the coast artillery troops in fighting the forest fires in California last August and September.

Don't Persecute your Bowels.

Cut out calomel and sprinkle. They are hard on delicate mucous membranes. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver and regulate the bowels. Cure sick headache.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Sick Headache and Indigestion without them.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

44 Bu. to the Acre

In a heavy field, but that's what John Kennedy of Ed mounton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from neighbouring districts show no less than 25 bushels of wheat per acre, 2,000 of oats, 50 bushels of barley, 36,000 of potatoes, 35,000 of turnips. Yields of 100 bushels of wheat per acre are not uncommon in the choicest districts. Remarkably healthy climate, excellent soil, the very best markets close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easily kept and reasonable in price, water easily procured. Mixed farming a success.

Write at once for free settlement, settlers' low railway rates, etc., to Supt. Immigration, "Last Best West" Room, Free on application and other information, to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

W. H. Rogers, 12 Jefferson Ave., Detroit

DO ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables, the largest yields for 10 consecutive years being: Wheat, 65 bushels; oats, 100 bushels; barley, 80 bushels; potatoes, 600 bushels. Average yields of 100 acres in the Calgary District, comprising 1,000 acres, 40 bushels of wheat, 80 of oats, 35 of barley, 250 of potatoes.

Rich and Costly Furs

COSTLY FURS come from YOUR part of the COUNTRY. Ship them to the BEST FUR MAKERS and get FUR HONOR. By shipping DIRECT to us you receive far better PRICES than you can obtained elsewhere, because we sell direct to manufacturers of HIGH GRADE FURS.

A trial shipment will CONVINCE you. A specially arranged price list for your Territory will be mailed upon request. Ship at all expenses, charge no commissions, and remit promptly.

LEOPOLD GASSNER FUR CO.

34 Great Jones St. New York City

Capital and Surplus $250,000.00

Chambermaid Repartee.

First Chambermaid—Look! You let your pillow slip.

Second Chambermaid—No, the cover let it—Exchange.

His Means.

"You are charged with vagrancy, prisoner at the bar."

"What's dat, Judge?"

"Vagrancy! You have no visible means of support."

"Huh! Heah's mah wife, Judge; Mary, is you visible?"

Literary Accuracy.

"You write of your hero as stealing home in the darkness," said the editor.

"Yes," replied the author.

"Well, you ought to know better than that. He couldn't steal home in the dark. If it was dark enough to be worth noticing the game would have been called."

A LINGERER.

The Eldest Daughter—If Harry had lived in the old days he'd have murdered good knight.

Her father—I don't know much about that—but it takes him a long time to say 'good night' now.

EAGER TO WORK.

Health Regained by Right Food.

The average healthy man or woman is usually eager to be busy at some useful task or employment.

But let dyapepsia or indigestion get hold of one, and all endeavor becomes a burden.

"A year ago, after recovering from an operation," writes a Michigan lady, "my stomach and nerves began to give me much trouble.

"At times my appetite was voracious, but when indulged, indigestion followed. Other times I had no appetite whatever. The food I took did not nourish me and I grew weaker than ever.

"I lost interest in everything and wanted to be alone. I had always had good nerves, but now the merest trifle would upset me and bring on a violent headache. Walking across the room was an effort and prescribed exercise was out of the question.

"I had seen Grape-Nuts advertised, but did not believe what I read at the time. At last, when it seemed as if I was literally starving, I began to eat Grape-Nuts.

"I had not been able to work for a year, but now after two months on Grape-Nuts I am eager to be at work again. My stomach gives me no trouble now, my nerves are steady as ever, and interest in life and ambition have come back with the return to health."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

"There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.