WATERWAY BILL TO BE REPORTED

Congress, However, Likely to Be Slow to Sanction Certain Specific Projects.

RIVALRY AMONG PROMOTERS

Civil Service Commission, Tired of Moving, Makes Plea for Permanent Quarters—Army Affairs in Good Shape.

Washington.—It is probable that the rivers and harbors committee of congress will report a bill at this session recommending the appropriation of a good many millions of dollars for the improvement of the waterways of the country. It is yet a matter of great doubt, however, if the sanction of the committee will be given to certain specific projects in favor of which there has been country-wide agitation. It may be, perhaps it is safer to say probably will be, the opinion of the committee that the recommendation for an appropriation to begin the digging of a deep waterway from the lakes to the gulf or from Cape Cod to the Carolinas shall be put off until the congressional waterways commission, which has been studying the general subject of commercial highway improvements, shall have turned in its report.

The friends of the deep waterway from Chicago to the Eads' jetties are active in their methods of promoting the plan which they have at heart. The same thing hold true of the men who want congress to sanction the ship channel from Cape Cod down through the coast states to a point somewhere in South Carolina or possibly Georgia. There is an intense amount of rivalry between the promoters of these two great plans, but the rivalry is kept under the surface as much as possible in order that the promotion efforts may not cause controversy enough to upset the chances of success of either project.

Other Highway Projects.

The Mississippi valley waterway and the coast line waterway are not the only interior commercial highway plans which have friends in congress. The projects which have been suggested and to a considerable extent advanced in planning, are numerous. The southern states want easier water communication between different points, and there are plans for waterway improvement in the north and northwest.

When President Taft was in New Orleans at a meeting of the waterways congress he said a kindly word for the general plan of improving the rivers of the country, but he advised making haste slowly. As soon as the president finished his speech and the men who are devoting their time and energies to paving the way for waterway legislation had had time to digest the remarks; they met and in effect made a political issue out of the campaign for deeper river channels.

To Investigate Fully.

Congress always has a way of meeting demands for work along certain lines with a seeming approval of their general features, but it also has a way of delaying things so that it can be given time for a survey of the field and obtaining of an actual knowledge of the needs of the case. The friends of the plan for an immediate improvement of the waterways say that congress simply seeks a means of postponement hoping that some of the demands made will be moderated. In this as it may, congress appointed a national waterways commission of which all the members were either senators or representatives.

On this waterways commission are men who are extremely conservative on the subject and men who have been insistent that the work should be begun at once. The chairman of the committee, Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, was for some years prior to his election to the senate chairman of the house committee on rivers and harbors. Mr. Burton knows all about every harbor and stream in the United States and it is admitted by the men who think that he is too conservative that he has a pretty clear idea of the needs of every locality.

Senator Lorimer of Illinois has been for many years an active advocate of a ship channel from Chicago to the Gulf of Mexico. Mr. Lorimer is impatient of delay. There are other members of the commission who may be said to occupy the middle ground in the matter at stake. It is expected that before long the commission will make its report.

Merit Board Wants Home.

As the country has been told recently, it is probable that congress will investigate the entire civil service system of the government with a view of having both the letter and spirit of the law apply to promotions as well as to appointments. It is probable that the civil service commissioners who are stationed in Washington wish that congress would, in addition to investigating the workings of the system, make a rigid examination of the building in which the officials of the service are obliged to transact their business, with a view to providing for them better quarters.

There have been some communications sent to congress which in a descriptive way the word "unique" fits admirably, but it is likely that no paper intended for any president ever contained a more striking paragraph than one which occurs in the message which was sent not long ago by the civil service commissioners to the chief of the nation's authorities.

The commissioners are tired of being moved about from place to place, and are particularly tired of their present quarters. There is some humor in the situation, and it is shown by this paragraph which occurs in an official letter which carries the signature of Gen. John C. Black, the president of the civil service board, with the signatures of his fellow commissioners added.

Humorous Protest.

"The moral element in this proposition, Mr. President, is worthy of consideration. A man is hardly respected head of the family until he owns a roof under which he may gather with his family. Any bureau of department of the government wholly peripatetic and without permanent quartering is subject to suspicion and a slighting consideration. We want to be helped out of this situation."

This plea borders on pathos, but it has a strength of its own, and congress has been asked to give that heed to the request of Gen. Black and his colleagues, which will give them more room and will be in keeping with the dignity of their work. The day when civil service is mentioned by members and senators with the sneer of Roscoe Conkling as "snivel service," has gone by, and while the work of the commissioners has robbed the congressmen of much patronage, it is likely that they will see to it that habitable quarters are given to the officials and their employes.

Army Bill Meets Favor.

Congress is taking more kindly to the army appropriation bill this year than is the case for a long time. Secretary of War Dickinson managed to get several millions of dollars from the estimates for the support of the land forces, and under his direction the chiefs of the different bureaus made reductions that have appealed to the members of congress as an evidence that economy this year is the army's watchword.

General Leonard Wood before long will be made chief of staff of the United States army with headquarters in Washington. Gen. Wood is the ranking officer of the service. If the general were to be ordered into the field in case of war he could have placed under his orders within two months over a half million Americans armed with the latest type of American rifle, the new model Springfield, which is believed by American army officials to be the best weapon known to modern military science.

The house committee on military affairs at its hearings on the needs of the army complimented Gen. Crozier of the ordnance department on the marked reductions that he had made in expenses, reductions that the general showed were possible while they did not tend in any way to decrease the efficiency of the service.

The committee reported favorably on the recommendation that a reserve supply of one million rifles of the modern approved type be provided. When the authorized limit of one million is reached the manufacture of the rifles will be stopped, only to be taken up again when the necessity is shown or when new inventions make new rifles imperative.

No Need for Large Army.

Congress does not believe that the United States will ever need an enormous army for war purposes. It takes it for granted that the navy will be able to keep all foreign foes at a distance and that being safe from invasion the army of half a million men at the outset will be sufficient to meet any seemingly possible emergency. The army officers, however, look at the matter in another light. They say that the most unexpected thing happen in military affairs and that it would be little less than a sin for the United States to be unprepared as it was at the time of the opening of the Spanish war. Congress has been told that there is no first-class power other than the United States which cannot put into the field almost instantly an army of 3,000,000 men.

There is a much closer relation existing to-day than ever before between the regular service and the national guard. It is the intention of the war department to order the regulars next summer into camp with regiments of the state troops in many parts of the country for the purpose of instructing the civilian soldiers in the art of war and of bringing about a better understanding and a feeling of closer fellowship between officers of the nation and state.

GEORGE CLINTON.

WAGES ADVANCE SIX CENTS A DAY

ANNUAL REPORT OF STATE LABOR DEPARTMENT GIVES THE FIGURES.

MORE PEOPLE EMPLOYED

Factory Superintendents Get Largest Slice of the Stipend—Big Increase in the Number of Women Employed.

Over 40,000 more people were employed in the industrial institutions of the state at the time of the 1909 canvass by the state labor bureau than were employed in 1908, according to a summary from the annual report issued recently. The average daily wage has been increased not only in the aggregate, but by classes.

A total of 9,062 factories were canvassed in 1908 as compared with 8,502 in 1908. In these institutions 9,176 superintendents were employed, while last year the number was 7,660; of foremen there were 9,213, this number having increased from 8,820. The average daily wages of the superintendents had been increased from $4.91 to $5.07, while the daily wages of foremen showed the only decrease in the list, their paying having been cut from $3.21 to $3.13. There were 9,862 men employed in the offices of the factories, an increase of 1,100, and their wages had been increased seven cents a day to $3.10. The number of women employed in offices had increased 1,000, to 6,627.

The total number of women employed in factories was 42,789, as compared with 36,339 the previous year. Their average daily wages were $1.14, an increase of five cents. The factory men number 209,967, as compared with 170,837 last year, and their daily wages had increased nine cents a day, to $2.06. Boys employed number 2,746, girls under 16 years old, 1,407, while the whole number employed was 283,720, as compared with 242,064 in 1908. The aggregate daily wages paid this great army was $563,862.92, and their average daily wage was $1.98, as compared with $1.92 the previous year.

Voting Machines Can Be Worked.

The beginning of the suit started by Edward Swanson, agent for a vending machine concern against the supervisors of Saginaw county as a test case to determine the constitutionality of the voting machine act of 1909, proved an interesting proceeding. Corporation Counsel Hally of Detroit, whose city is awaiting the result of this case before deciding on the purchase of machines to the value of $125,000, is one of the attorneys in the suit.

Hally made an interesting test with a rubber band to show that the machines can be manipulated. The band was placed over two of the levers, tying them so effectually that when the large lever at the top of the column was moved to vote a straight ticket, these two did not register on the counters.

Another point brought out was that in case it was found necessary to throw out the ballot of a voter who was proven unqualified, there was no way to determine which was his ballot.

Wire Co.'s Tax Value $23,184,950.

The assessed valuation of the express, telegraph and telephone and railroad and car companies was completed by the state board of assessors at Lansing.

This is the first assessment for the telegraph and telephone properties under the new law, and the total valuation is placed at $23,174,950. The valuation of car and express companies which have increased but little over last year total $14,245,400, and $15,595,260 respectively. The valuation of the railroad properties was increased from $207,305,000 to $214,190,000.

The rate of taxation per $1,000 was raised from $18 to $20.67. The rate on the valuation of the railroad properties as told Friday will increase the taxes and the primary school fund to $4,427,307.

Live Clean Lives.

"Cut out the saloons; lead a clean life; keep your conversation clean; put your ideals of everyday life high; maintain a distinct reverence and belief in religion; have a philosophy of life and live up to it."

These are the precepts that Harry B. Hutchins, president of the University of Michigan, laid down to a large audience of men students in telling them how they can build up character and thus do their duty toward the state that is furnishing them an opportunity to gain a higher education.

Diekema After Cannon's Job.

Congressman Diekema, of Michigan, is a candidate to succeed Uncle Joe Cannon as speaker of the national house of representatives. He authorized the News to make this announcement. It is understood that he has canvassed the situation with a few of his close friends in the house, and has decided, with their approval, that this is his move.

The annual convention of state supervisors will be held in Lansing, commencing Feb. 1. At this meeting all candidates for the nomination of governor will be asked to express their views.

That Hackley hospital at Muskegon is growing rapidly and that in a short time it will rank with the largest institutions of the kind in the middle west is shown by the figures just compiled for the year 1909. The total number of patients was 579.

According to the report of Prosecuting Attorney Foster, of Ingham county, for the six months ending Dec. 31, the county paid Sheriff Cline $1,795.95 for boarding prisoners at the county jail, who were sent up on charges of being intoxicated. The report shows that 236 persons were prosecuted and $404 in fines were collected.

"About 60 per cent of the people of the state want state-wide prohibition and we will certainly have it within a year," was the statement made by Edward W. Davis, of Detroit, campaign manager for the Anti-Saloon league. He is in Saginaw looking for a district manager to take charge of the house-to-house canvass which the league plans to inaugurate in Michigan.

The affairs of the Vernon Exchange bank are being rapidly settled. The majority of the creditors and depositors are dealing directly with either Frank Sergeant, the father, or with Ned Sergeant, the son and cashier.

MICHIGAN BREVITIES.

The third annual meeting of the Ionia County School Officers' association was held Thursday in Ionia.

With the initiation of 35 new chevaliers Canton Pontoc, No. 27, I. O. O. F., of Flint, takes first place among the cantons of Michigan as the largest, the second being the City of the Straits, of Detroit.

Alexander V. Mann, 76, of Muskegon, a past master of the Masonic lodge, and the oldest member in this part of the state, had the honor of presenting a jewel to his son William, now a retiring master.

That the American Federation of Miners will demand an increase of from 10 to 20 per cent in the wage scale, beginning April 1, was the announcement received at Saginaw from the headquarters at Indianapolis.

At the Muskegon council meeting Mayor Reitdyk announced that he would begin a thorough investigation of the police force, because of several charges made by citizens recently. The chief assertion is that a local brewing company selected the men for the force.

When Miss Beatrice Campbell, a Port Huron school teacher, returned to her home Friday night she found her mother, aged 74, out on the sidewalk sweeping snow. The girl admonished her against running such risks, and said she had just returned to the doorway she dropped dead from heart disease.

At a meeting of the directors of the Western Michigan Development bureau at Traverse City, new articles of incorporation were adopted providing for a board of ten directors. The old officers were reelected and a committee was appointed to draft by-laws. A vigorous campaign for 1910 was outlined.

Gov. Warner received the first annual report from the State Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Howell, Friday. On July 1, 1908, there were 34 patients in the institution and during the year 103 were discharged. At the close of the year, July 1, 1909, 44 remained. Of the number 61 were from the rural districts. Only two died during the year.

Two freight trains on the Ashland division of the Northwestern railroad came together in a head-on collision between Woodruff and Lac Du Flambeau, and two firemen and one engineer were killed. The engines are a complete wreck and freight is scattered broadcast. Trains for Ashland and Gogebic are compelled to go around by Watersmeet.

Should a school director sign an order admitting to high school a pupil who has completed eighth grade work but who has not passed an eighth grade examination? That was the question that caused a lot of discussion in a recent meeting of the Ionia County School Officers' association, and Superintendent of Public Instruction Wright has been asked to publish an answer to it.

A warrant has been issued and the sheriff has offered a reward of $50 for the arrest of Charles Monroe Jillson, 19, son of a prominent Ovid merchant. The complainant is Lois Hagen, 14. Jillson formerly taught school at Ovid and went to a college at Lake Forest, near Chicago, last September, to take a course of study. He left there several months ago and his present whereabouts are not known. At Ovid it is said that young Jillson has not been there since he went to Lake Forest.

Increased employment of men in Lansing factories, a considerable decrease in the employment of women, with practically no child labor, are the conditions shown in this year's report on labor conditions in Lansing factories. The report shows a total of 5,000 employes in the institutions canvassed, and the aggregate daily wages paid out to this army of men and women is $11,592.21, the average wage of all employes being $2.13 per day, as compared with $2.19 last year. The average day's work of these people was 9½ hours, with 11½ months of steady work during the year in all the institutions.

WIRELETS.

The condition of Richard Olney, who was secretary of state in the cabinet of President Cleveland, is reported by his family as most encouraging.

The threatened milk famine which has been menacing Chicago has passed by. The railroads are more open, and nearly all the milk companies were making regular deliveries.

Ten per cent increase in the wages of bituminous miners in North America probably will be the demand formulated in the national convention of the United Mine Workers of America, which opened in Indianapolis Tuesday.

The state board of health has prepared a new sanitary code for railroads, hotels and public buildings. One provision prohibits Pullman porters from sleeping in the berths for white people and from using sleeping car linen for their own use.

An expedition to the South Atlantic and Antarctic oceans in the interest of meteorological scientific work by the fish commission steamer Albatross, is under consideration by Secretary Nagel, of the department of commerce and labor. It was suggested by Henry F. Osburn, president of the American Museum of Natural History, at New York.

Neither a cow, a calf nor a bicycle are household effects under the laws of the United States, according to the latest decision of the board of appraisers at New York. It was sought to enter them free of duty under this classification. The customs men do not go into any details in regard to their decision.

Sensational developments, including an inquisition by the grand jury of Onondaga county, are expected to result from the efforts of the state insurance department to take over the business and $3,000,000 assets of the People's Mutual Life Insurance association and league, of Syracuse, N. Y.

Control of the Fifth Avenue Motor Bus line and the New York Transportation Co., which operates between 600 and 700 taxicabs, has been acquired by the Interborough Transit Co. and the Metropolitan Securities Co. Thomas F. Ryan formerly owned a majority interest in both the taxi and bus companies, which were capitalized at $5,000,000.

Judge Weir, of the Marion county superior court, upheld the common law right of the attorney-general of Indiana to bring suit against fire insurance companies to prevent their maintaining an alleged unlawful combination to fix uniform rates.

LONG TIME BETWEEN DOSES.

Doctor—If the medicine is too bitter, you might take it with a glass of beer, but you should take it regularly, every two hours.

Patience—Only every two hours?

Made It Clear.

Jim had never learned to read by the ordinary methods the face of the old eight-day clock. It pleased his long-time employer, however, to ask him the hour and hear his answers.

"Jim, what time does the old clock say?" he asked one evening, when he had callers. "Step out in the hall and see."

Jim was gone several minutes, but returned with a beaming face.

"Ah—Ah—reckoned I'd jes' a minute to see which'd get ahead, de sho't one or de long one," he said. "W'en I went out dey was bofe on de lef' han' winding place, sah. But de long one, she clip it up good an' liberly w'en she see me watchin' out, an' now she's 'bout a inch ahead, sah."—Youth's Companion.

A Nasty Dig.

"As nasty a dig as I ever administered in my newspaper career in Virginia City," said Mark Twain, "was directed against a man named Ferguson.

Ferguson, at Christmas time, invited me to see the presents he had given his wife. They were magnificent gifts. The man expected, of course, a write-up.

"Well, he wasn't disappointed. The next day, in a prominent place on the first page of the Enterprise, I inserted this paragraph:

"'John H. Ferguson's Christmas gifts to his wife are being much admired. They include a diamond stomacher and many other beautiful specimens of cut glass.'"

After the Hunt.

Provided with some trophies of the chase in the shape of rabbits, Rev. Sanford C. Hearn, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, Yonkers, proceeded to dress them for dinner in the parsonage cellar. His small son watched the father's work with interest. Going upstairs, the youngster called his mother.

"Oh, mamma," said he, "what do you suppose papa is doing?"

"I can't guess, child. What is he doing?"

"Well, he's just skinning, shaving and cutting up cats."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

He Was an Old Hand.

"Do not anger me!" she said, sternly.

"How am I to know when you are angry?" he asked.

"I always stamp my feet," she answered.

"Impossible," he said. "There isn't room for a stamp on either of them!"

That fetched her.—Lippincott's.

A New Dress for 10 Cents.

the cost of a package of Dyola Dyes. You don't have to know whether it is cotton, wool, silk or mixed goods. Dyola gives the same fast brilliant colors on all goods. Comes in 16 colors. At your dealers or if not in stock we will send you any color for 10 cents with direction book and color card. Dyola, Burlington, Vt.

That's the Question.

Wife—You were late last night.

Hub—Beg pardon, my dear. As I came in the front door the clock struck 11.

Wife—But what time did you arrive at the head of the stairs?

Easily Distinguished.

"This," remarked Mr. Cane, "is my photograph with my two French poodles. You recognize me?"

"I think so," said Miss Softee. "You are the one with the hat on, are you not?"

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, many people wear smaller shoes by using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder to shake into the shoes. It cures Tired, Swollen, Aching Feet and gives rest and comfort. Just the thing for breaking in new shoes. Sold everywhere. 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us dare to do our duty as we understand it.

Nothing that was worthy in the past departs—no truth or goodness realized by man ever dies, or can die.—Carlyle.

DAVIS' PAINKILLER

has no substitute. Under medical supervision it is effective for rheumatism, lumbago, stiffness, neuralgia, or cold of any sort. Put up in 25c., 50c. and $1. bottles.

Money talks in spite of the fact that lots of men want to keep it quiet.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Most of a man's friends are of the long-distance variety.

HAD LIFE OF VICISSITUDES

Frank Herdic Often Plaything of Fortune—What He Considered His Most Unlucky Bet.

No man was more widely known on the trotting turf than the late Frank Herdic, the noted poolseller, bookmaker, racehorse owner and a lifelong follower of the trotter, and perhaps no man had as many ups and downs in life as he.

During his lifetime Herdic handled millions of dollars and was always a heavy plunger himself, with varying luck.

A few years before his death Herdic had a bad season and soon after the close of the Lexington meeting went to New York, hoping to straight-en his finances, but ill luck followed him and he decided to retire for the winter to his native town, Williamsport, Pa., as the safest place.

He arrived there with only $20 between himself and starvation, and while talking to a friend who was fully aware of his financial condition he saw a good chance to double up his twenty. An old blacksmith known as Uncle Henry, whom Herdic had known from boyhood, had just passed and Herdic bet his friend the whole $20 that the blacksmith had not had water all over himself for three years.

"The bet was taken and the two friends went to the blacksmith shop to settle.

"Uncle Henry," said Herdic, "I just bet all the money I had in the world that you have not had water all over yourself for three years, and we have left it to you to decide."

"Frank, you have made a very bad bet," said Uncle Henry, "for if you had left it as you intended, that I have not taken a bath in three years you would have won, but as it is you lose, because only a month ago while driving over the bridge my horse ran away, threw me out, I fell into the creek and came near being drowned."

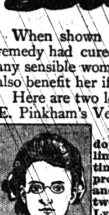
Herdic always considered this the most unlucky bet he ever made.

Peroxide of hydrogen causes fading hair to turn gray.

Answer This Question

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured numerous cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are two letters which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Fitchville, Ohio.—"My daughter was all run down, suffered from pains in her side, head and limbs, and could walk but a short distance at a time. She came very near having nervous prostration, had begun to complain a good deal, and seemed melancholy by spells. She tried two doctors but got little help. Since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Blood Purifier and Liver Pills she has improved so much that she feels and looks like another girl."—Mrs. C. Cole, Fitchville, Ohio.

Irasburg, Vermont.—"I feel it my duty to say a few words in praise of your medicine. When I began taking it I had been very sick with kidney and bladder troubles and nervous prostration. I am now taking the sixth bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and find myself greatly improved. My friends who call to see me have noticed a great change."—Mrs. A. H. Sanborn, Irasburg, Vermont.

We will pay a handsome reward to any person who will prove to us that these letters are not genuine and truthful—or that either of these women were paid in any way for their testimonials, or that the letters are published without their permission, or that the original letter from each did not come to us entirely unsolicited.

What more proof can any one ask?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman should confide in herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

"California Now or Never!"

If ever you wished for a home in California sent for free information about the greatest irrigation, colonizing and home-making enterprise ever undertaken. In addition to their great success in irrigating desert lands in the Twin Falls Center, Idaho, the Company has over 250,000 acres in the Sacramento Valley. Send names of friends. Easy terms to settlers. We want page book in colors. H. L. Hollister, Dept. K, 205 LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

Once a Rayo user always one

The RAYO LAMP is a high-grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp at any price. The Burner, the Wick, the Chimney, Holder, Shade and all things in a lamp that make for a perfect lamp, are in the RAYO LAMP as perfectly constructed and there is nothing known in the art of lamp-making that would add to the value of the RAYO as a light-giving device. Suitable for any room in any house.

Every dealer everywhere, if not all, can supply you. If not, write our nearest agency for illustrated circular.

"THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT"

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)

WHAT'S Your Health Worth?

You start sickness by mistreating nature and it generally shows first in the bowels and liver. A 10c box (week's treatment) of CASCARETS will help nature help you. They will do more—using them regularly as you need them—than any medicine on Earth. Get a box today; take a CASCARET tonight. Better in the morning. It's the result that makes millions take them.

CUT THIS OUT, mail it with your address to Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill., and receive a handsome souvenir gold Bon Bon FREE.

WESTERN CANADA

What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agriculturist, Says About It:

"I would advise the farmers of Canada to settle in Western Canada, where they can get a quarter section of land for nothing, and make a good living off it, and in a few years become independent. I would advise them to go there and take up this land, and I would advise them to go there and take up this land."

100 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

70,000 Americans

ABSORBINE

Cures Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Sores, Wire Cuts, Bruises and Swellings. Removes and allays Pain quickly without Blistering. Remarkable for rubbing after jarring the horse. Pleasant to use. $1.00 per bottle. Before After Horse Book 2 F Free.

ABSORBINE, JR., mankind $1.00 and $2.00 bottle, For Strains, Gout, Varicose Veins, Varicosities, Hydrocele, Prostatitis, Allays pain. Your druggist can supply and give references. Will prove valuable to you if you write. Manufactured only by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

An Ideal Present

NO STROPPING NO HONING

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., LTD., BUFFALO, N. Y.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 4-1910.

This is the Season to Paint Inside.

WHILE the cold weather is here is a good time to paint the little things around the home. With a can of paint and a brush you can make things look bright and new with very little trouble and the time will be well spent. Brighten Up now before the warm weather comes when you will be busy out of doors. Ask your dealer for

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS AND VARNISHES

600 CANAL ROAD, CLEVELAND, OHIO

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can do any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Dress and Sell Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.