FILIPINO NATIVE IS CREATURE OF FANCY

BORROTT DANCH

THE Filipino of Manilla has for generations been the object of education. In the Filipino universities and convents the Spanish friars and Belgian monks have inculcated a high order of classical learning.

This includes sciences of every nature, medicine the favored. Everyone is a doctor, generally speaking, even though abandoning the profession for business or politics—a frequent thing to do. Everyone is an orator.

The most noted oculist of Asia, and who was called twice to Spain and France to exercise his exceptional skill, was Dr. Jose Rizal of the Philippine islands, who was shot as a traitor to Spain because of his essays and poems. These were of the order of Poe and Byron on the struggles of Greece against Turkey, and of Lowell on the matter of slavery in America.

Find Much Music.

Music in the very highest refinement of its art is found here; voices not strong but excellent and musical by nature. The rendition of Chopin

BORROTT WOMAN

by a Manila class of graduated performers was the occasion for their engagement in Russia. Another set of performers on the violin and piano of the German school carried off the honors of China and Japan as against the German, English and Spanish performers participating in the contests.

The violinist who attained the honor for the best rendition of Vieuxtemps in the contests was a Filipino, who since has carried off the honors given in Paris.

The constabulary band here that plays on the Lunetta is an organization that our government has tried to obtain as a military band for New York and Washington. Lately its ability has been recognized in America—at the Taft inaugural.

Botany and Geology.

The articles on botany and geology that have prevailed with our departments of science came from the native Filipino.

The Filipino of the highest class scorns toil by hand. He will not carry his own letters. He is disgraced if he carries a bundle. He has his retinue of servants.

The Filipino woman wears waists with wings extending like a bat. It has a collar leaning backward from the neck in shape of a hood. This garment is hooked to a skirt of yellow or red material, flaming in brightness. The fabric is of the most exquisite texture, shimmering as gossamer. The material is made by native weavers from the silk spun from pineapple.

This is a product unknown to other parts of the world. Formerly it was monopolized by Spain, and its exportation was forbidden in behalf of the silk monopoly. The "pina," as it is called, is polished, then interwoven with a native satin product and silk weave made of a butterfly's chrysalis. This complete makes the most expensive gown known.

One ballroom gown worn at the Taft inaugural ball in Manilla cost $6,000 ($3,000 of American money); another $15,000, jeweled in half pearls, crusted all over the waist of the gown, and strung in lines vertically down the skirt.

The pearls are from the islands. Many of the Filipino women wear pearls in ropes about their hair to the value of $20,000 to $100,000. These pearls have been transmitted by their parents, and are badges of aristocracy. Thus the family will do without real necessities, indeed without a house, to keep the family pearls or to obtain them.

The young belle learns to play the native guitar, and always the piano. The natives construct an instrument of the bamboo. It is like our flageolet, flutelike in tone. From this the most plaintive of notes are drawn.

Women Wear Stockings.

Only in presence of the Americans will the women wear stockings. Their little naked feet, cased in a sandal, are free from covering, and though the body is in pearls and diamonds and the sandals are of silk adorned in topaz and beads, the feet are naked. The head is always without a hat, a silk or pina shawl or a mantilla woven in silver threadings being used as cover. White are the mantillas for the young; black for the old.

When the girls are girls white must be their gown coloring; as young women before marriage, pink, red and violet; after marriage, gray, the badge of suppression or subjection; when grown in age, black is the only permissible color. Thus by the dress the status is ascertained and age known. These women have the most musical voices in conversation I have heard in all Asia.

The humbler people dress characteristically of their station. The men are barefoot, with white or yellow loose, baggy trousers, a shirt with "tails" hanging over as pajamas and any form of hat heard of, seen or capable of being worn, native straw prevailing.

The women also are barefoot, or wear straw toe sandals, red skirt, yellow waist of plain material, adorned in all colors of ribbon or dressings known to art, of common fabric and cheap design. Thus they walk the streets, carrying massive loads on their heads, as the negro women in the south.

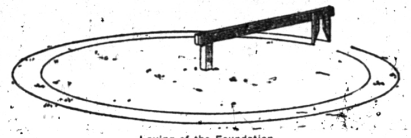
Lower Class Gay.

These lower class people, as they walk, or, if riding, crowd in dozens on the cart or little galesche or hack, mutter as they go, laugh and smoke cigarettes. Women, when old, smoke cigars and puff like a smoke stack in Chicago.

The wife, when she works, supports the husband. He stays home, directs the children, sleeps and prepares the house counter for the pit at the next Sunday gambling cockfight. He has taken all his wife's earnings and lost it; it matters not. She gives him the remainder, or he sells the house furnishing for more money to bet. What the horse race is to the French, the bullfight to the Spaniards, baseball to the American, the cockfight is to the Filipino; only there are no amateurs, all are professional gamblers in the cockpit.

PLANS FOR CONCRETE FOUNDATION OF SILO

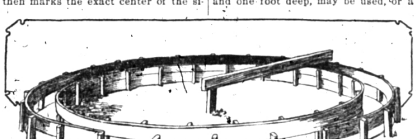
Bulletin from Dairy Division of the Department of Agriculture Gives Detailed Instructions.



Laying of the Foundation.

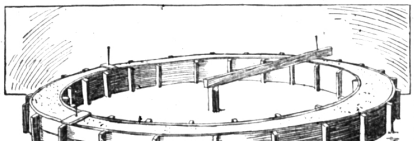
The accompanying illustrations and description of a silo built on a cement foundation are taken from bulletin 136 of the dairy division United States department of agriculture.

To lay out the foundation, drive a stake in the ground at the center of the proposed silo. Saw off this stake at the height desired for the foundation wall, which should be at least one foot above the ground on the high side, if the ground is sloping. One end of a straight 2x4 inch scantling, a little longer than is necessary to reach from the center of the silo to the outside of the foundation wall, should be nailed on the outside of the stake with a 40-penny spike. This spike then marks the exact center of the silo. From it, measure off on the scantling the distance to the inside and outside of foundation wall, and, having nailed on markers lay off the foundation.



Form for Foundation Above Ground.

The thickness of the wall should vary from 10 to 18 inches, depending upon the size of the silo, the material of the foundation, and the ground on which it is located. The inside of the foundation wall should be at least two inches nearer to the center of the silo than the inside of the staves. Where the ground on which the silo is to be located is not level, the markers can be lengthened by holding a longer board against either marker moving it up or down to keep it touching the ground while the scantling is held level. If the ground is very uneven, it may be difficult to make the line continuous, in which case points can be marked every few inches, and these joined afterward.



Form Filled with Concrete.

For a concrete foundation, a ditch must be dug before any of the earth in the center is removed. The earth between the two lines that mark the inside and outside of the foundation should be taken out, until firm ground below frost line is reached, care being taken to cut the sides of the ditch down straight, and to leave the bottom level.

The concrete should be made of one part cement, three parts sand, and five parts broken stone. The broken stone may be of all sizes, up to pieces that will pass through a two-inch ring. Washed gravel, broken brick or screened cinders may be used in place of broken stone. If the gravel contains sand, the amount contained should be estimated by screening some of it, and the proportions of gravel and sand should be so adjusted as to conform approximately to the above formula.

For mixing the concrete a box about four feet wide, eight feet long, and one foot deep, may be used, or a simple floor or platform six by ten feet will suffice. To measure the materials an empty barrel (preferably a cement barrel) with both ends knocked out will be most convenient. First measure up sand enough for a batch of convenient size, and spread it on the floor or platform. Measure up the cement, spread it over the sand, and with a hoe or shovel, mix them until no streaks appear. This mixture is then built up into a low, circular pile, with a crater-like basin in the center. Into this "crater" pour water, and, by drawing in the dry mixture from all sides with a hoe, mix thoroughly, adding more water if necessary, until the hoe will leave the mortar without the mortar clinging to it, after which the mortar is spread out on one end of the platform. Now measure up the broken stone or coarse gravel. Drench it with water to wash off all particles of dust, and dump it on the wet mixture of sand and cement. The final mixing is done by shoveling the material back and forth until it is thoroughly mixed. It should be shoveled at least three times. The concrete is now ready for use, and should be put in place with as little delay as possible.

TRIM FRUIT TREES YEARLY

All Dead, Diseased and Decaying Branches Should Be Cut Out First, Then Thick Places.

In winter time the head of the fruit tree is open to the light, and all surplus and obstructing branches can easily be seen and reached. The trimmings easily slip down through the branches and cause little trouble in the progress of the work. The air being cold, they can usually be burned in the orchard without danger to the living trees. In burning the trimmings insects and diseases are destroyed, and the ashes, a valuable orchard fertilizer, are left on the ground, where most needed, and there is no extra labor in hauling them away.

In trimming trees at any time all dead, diseased, and decaying branches should be cut out first. After that cut interfering branches and thin out places where they are thick. It should be the aim to leave enough branches for supporting a good crop of fruit, but they should not be so thick that when in foliage sunlight will be entirely shut out and some parts of the tree top be in dense shade. Direct sunlight is essential for the perfect setting and ripening of good fruit of high flavor and color. More apple trees have tops with too much shade than those that have too much sun. The trouble with most orchard owners is that when they start to trim they have not the courage to cut out as many branches as they should.

Fruit trees should be trimmed a little each year, rather than to let them go for several years and then cut out a whole wilderness of brush. A very heavy trimming of a tree at one time is a shock to its vitality, especially where branches more than two inches in diameter are removed. A few small branches removed at one time are not felt.

Diffidence of intellect is true humility; the more one knows the more one is ready to believe others know.

China's Million Students

Over one million young Chinese now are studying in schools of modern learning, according to the statement of C. H. Robertson, an American educator and religious worker, who has just returned to this country after a seven years' residence in China.

"There is no longer any question about the awakening of China; she already is awake," said Mr. Robertson.

The system of modern education has only been in operation for a few years, but since its establishment in 1904, the growth of the government schools has been wonderful. The old system of examinations, which had been in vogue in China since the time of Moses, was swept away in a day by imperial edict and the modern system established in its place.

"According to the old system, a study of the classics of Chinese literature and a few very primitive scientific works, which were many centuries behind the time, constituted the education of the Chinese student. No schools were maintained and each student must study as an individual until he was able to pass the examination given by the government.

His Judgment Was Good.

Probably no man living has less confidence in himself than William Havester. The other day William applied for a position in Mason's dry goods store, giving the name of Charles Blowster, one of his former employes, as a reference.

Mason went to the telephone and called up Blowster. "Hello, Blowster," he said, "there's a man here named Havester; he wants a job, and says he used to work for you. What do you think of him"

"That's a pretty delicate question," Blowster called back, "but I'll tell you what I'll do, Mason. If you'll ask Havester what he thinks of himself, I'll indorse every word of his answer."

FROZEN FLOWERS KEEP FRESH

Picked in the Bud and Preserved by Refrigeration While Being Transported.

Freezing flowers to keep them fresh is a modern idea. They are picked in the bud and preserved by refrigeration while being transported. They can travel safely in this way for several weeks. When unpacked they are found free of damage and when placed in water and left alone they slowly awaken and come into full bloom. It appears that experiments are being made in South Africa with a view to dispatching them in this way in bulk at the seasons when they are scarce elsewhere. The flowers undergo no deterioration from the treatment either in the beauty of their color or in their longevity after immersion in water. Curiously enough growth suspended by refrigeration appears to resume so slowly that the blossoms thrive in a room for a considerably longer period than if placed there immediately after being cut in the garden.

The process would also serve to introduce to our notice many beautiful members of the horticultural family with which at present we are unfamiliar; such plants as the gorgeous lily, which grows wild in luxurious profusion in South Africa, or those which abound on the slopes of the Andes in South America.

Plymouth Rocks.

Plymouth Rocks are an American production, and seem especially suited to our manner of growing poultry. They are easily fattened for market, and are not inclined to be wild; in fact, they possess almost all the good qualities and have very few faults or defects. The very fact of their being raised in such numbers is sufficient proof of their popularity.

Folly of Fretting and Fuming.

Stevenson: To fret and fume is undignified, suicidally foolish, and theologically unpardonable.

LOST REGISTERED LETTERS FOUND IN QUEER PLACE

Missed From a Mangled Mail Bag, They are Recovered From Car Trucks.

It does not always follow that the disappearance of registered mail packages indicate a robbery of the mail. This was demonstrated on The Overland Limited train No. 2 Friday, November 5th, when a package of five registered letters from Schuyler disappeared between that point and Omaha.

The recovery of the lost package was as strange as its disappearance. The Schuyler pouch is picked up from a crane by means of a pouch catcher as the train passes. This pouch catcher is attached to the mail car and hooks onto the pouch suspended from the crane as the train passes. In this particular instance the pouch catcher did not make a good catch and the pouch fell under the wheels of the train and was cut in two. The mail was scattered along the track for a considerable distance, but the five registered letters, which were in a packet, could not be found when the other mail was picked up. The impression at once prevailed that the registered package had been found and kept by some one and it was reported as lost.

Postoffice Inspector L. A. Thompson was started out to investigate. His first visit was to Council Bluffs to make inquiries of the postal clerks on the car, and scarcely had he reached there when he received word that the registered package had been found by the car cleaner resting snugly on the trucks under the dining car, where it had been blown or thrown when the mail pouch was flung under the wheels at Schuyler.

That the package was not injured in the slightest, so jarred from its position on the trucks, is simply another tribute to the Union Pacific's unsurpassed roadbed and perfect track.

The Cost of Politics.

In his reminiscences of Grover Cleveland, George F. Parker tells a story concerning prodigal expenditures in politics. A rich man who had been nibbling at the Democratic nomination for governor of New York asked William C. Whitney's advice. This is the advice: "Of course, you ought to run. Make your preliminary canvass, and when you have put in $200,000 you will have become so much interested in it that you will feel like going ahead and spending some money."

The Darky's Idea of It.

A correspondent of the Walker County Messenger tells this one:

"A darky was on trial in the criminal court last week on a charge of idgamy. After the jury has returned a verdict of guilty Judge McReynolds remarked;

"'The best I can do, Crum, is to give you the minimum.'

"'Lordy, mercy me, jedge, don't do dat! I'd rather go to the pen,' said Crum."—Atlanta Constitution.

Dr. S. F. Spohn, President of the Spohn Medical Co., proprietors of Spohn's Distemper Cure, was recently elected mayor of Goshen, Ind., by a good majority. Mr. Spohn was for a number of years County Supt. of Schools, making such a record that his neighbours and friends, regardless of political lines, insisted on his accepting the nomination for mayor.

Refrigerated Staterooms.

Refrigerated staterooms are found on three new ships engaged in the fruit service between New Orleans and Colon. Each room is fitted with a cooling "radiator" operated in connection with the refrigerating system that has been installed for preserving fruit in transit.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Their Intent.

"You seldom see a fire escape on churches."

"But, come to think of it, that is what the whole building is for."

The next time you have a cold on the lungs try rubbing Wizard Oil on your chest and see how quickly it will draw out the inflammation and take up the cold.

Getting whipped when a boy hurts, but it doesn't hurt half as much as the wearing out process that he experiences when he is old.

WHEN YOU'RE AS HOARSE as a crow. When you're coughing and gasping. When you've an old-fashioned deep-seated cold, take Allen's Lung Balsam. Sold by all druggists, 25c, 50c and $1.00 bottles.

Good Guess.

"Pa, what is a football coach?"

"The ambulance, I guess."

Lest One Should Fail.

It is well to moor your bark with two anchors.—Publius Syrus.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A wise man suppresses fully two-thirds of his opinions.

The finest assortment of table china in.

Quaker Oats

Family Size Packages

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in the stable are kept from having it. Simply mix SPOHN'S COLT DISTEMPER with the feed and give as directed. Acts on the blood and destroys the germs of disease. Also a fine tonic for horses in good condition. Two bottle guaranteed to cure one case. Several in a bottle. Send for booklet telling how to feed, groom and doctor horses. Ask about our guarantee. Ask about how to positive immune for the entire season. Ask about our spavin cure. Ask about our worm powders. Ask about our stock book. Ask about our free veterinary service. Ask about anything in connection with horses—we will answer.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Easy to Clean Under

You can sweep, mop or scrub under a National Cream Separator without moving it. Any member of the family can turn it by hand or dairy motor with the least work. Only 3 bowl parts to wash and these all in the floor. The

National Cream Separator

can be kept perfectly level without any trouble, and it stands solidly. You are never afraid it will get out of plumb. Remember—other points count in a machine which you have to operate and clean years after you buy. This is what National users tell us—and they want a National for themselves or their sons and daughters. Illustrating catalogue or full particulars free on request.

No Hard Lifting · Lightest Running · Easiest Cleaned · Closest Skimmer

Goshen, Ind. THE NATIONAL DAIRY MACHINE CO., Chicago, Ill.

WET FEET!

Disagreeable, aren't they. Especially in slushy weather with the thermometer down around the freezing point.

All kinds of footwear are offered for this kind of service, but none equal the

RED CROSS

Our Red Cross Combination leather and canvas tops, or all leather tops with duck rolled edge rubbers, each with a red cross and the "Glove" trade mark stamped on it, will keep your feet as comfortable as anything you ever wore.

GOODYEARS MFG CO.

Also look for the "Glove" trade mark on all children's rubbers and Arctics, and any other rubber footwear you desire to purchase. They excel all others in fitting and wearing quality.

If your dealer does not handle them, write to us and we will see that you get a pair.

HIRTH-KRAUSE CO. **Grand Rapids, Mich.**

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

THE LARGEST MANUFACTURER OF MEN'S FINE SHOES IN THE WORLD

Wear W. L. Douglas comfortable, easy-walking shoes. They are made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions, shapes in every style and shape to suit men in all walks of life.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

CAUTION.—See that W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. Take No Substitute.

BOY'S SHOES $2.00 & $2.50

Wherever you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach. If your dealer cannot fit you, write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Oil Heat

Without Smoke

No matter how sensitive your olfactory nerves may be, or under what working conditions you encounter the

PERFECTION Oil Heater

(Equipped with Smokeless Device)

you'll not detect the slightest odor of smoke. The new

Automatic Smokeless Device

positively prevents both. Removed in an instant for cleaning.

Solid brass font holds 4 quarts of oil—sufficient to give out a glowing heat for 9 hours—solid brass wick carriers—damper top—cool handle—oil indicator. Heater beautifully finished in nickel or Japan in a variety of styles.

Every Dealer Everywhere. If Not At Yours, Write for Descriptive Circular to the Nearest Agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

WESTERN CANADA

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, says:

"The stream of emigrants from the United States to Canada will continue."

Senator Dolliver recently paid a visit to Western Canada, and says: "There is a land hunger in the hearts of the American people that will be relieved for a time by the removal of so many Iowa farmers to Canada. Our people are pleased with the Government and the excellent administration of law, and they are coming to you in tens of thousands, and they are still coming."

Many of these large-scale American farmers who made Canada their home during 1909, and who will add to the wealth of the country upwards of

$170,000,000.00

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle-raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts. 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre are also to be had in districts adjacent to Homestead settlement, eligible unexcelled for the richness of soil, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive literature, apply to "Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can.," or to Canadian Government Agent.

W. H. Nicholes, 176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit; or C. A. Laurier, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

(Use address nearest you.) 63

CRUISE To the ORIENT

"CINCINNATI"

21st Annual Cruise Leaves New York January 29, 1910

80 days $325 up

An Ideal Trip under most Perfect Conditions

Also cruises to the West Indies and South America

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE

41-45 Broadway, New York

P. O. Box 778

DYSPEPSIA

"Having taken your wonderful Cascarets" for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia, I think a word of praise is due to them for their wonderful curative composition. I have taken numerous other so-called remedies but without avail, and I find that Cascarets relieve more in a day than all the others I have taken would in a year."

James McGune,
108 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

DYOLA DYES

16 fast, beautiful colors, 10c per package at dealers if not in stock, send for sizing card and booklet.

ONE DYE FOR ALL GOODS

Color card and book of directions free by writing Dyola, Burlington, Vermont.

DYOLA DYES

DEFIANCE STARCH easiest to work with and stronger than other starches—Defiance Starch Gloss.

KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE TRADE MARK

PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES

SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES, DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL, $1.00. RECEIPT OF THIS AD. PLANTEN & SON, 53 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than are other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.