THE BIRMINGHAM ECCENTRIC

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE
WHITEHEAD & MITCHELL, PUBS.

BIRMINGHAM, FRIDAY, JAN. 24.

Kipling must have told the truth, from the way his brother Britons squirm.

Common sense is one of those admirable qualities that never hide their light under a bushel.

A process has been discovered for the reduction of milk to powder. It begins outside the cow.

It is a large mouthful which President Castro has bitten off, and he may yet find difficulty in chewing it.

The powers have resumed the harmless and diverting pastime of sending joint notes to the Sultan of Turkey.

Paris is said to be afraid of American gas; but for all this the Parisions put up a pretty fair brand themselves.

It requires as much ability and tact to lead society in Washington as it does to preside over the affairs of the nation.

As it seems to be a personal matter between Von Buelow and Chamberlain why not let them step into the alley and settle it?

Insanity is on the increase in England, according to statistics; there are, it seems, more muddled oafs there than formerly.

John D. Rockefeller is chopping wood at his country home as a means of health. Other fellows do it as a means of wealth.

A heavy load has been added to the Wagner style of music, which is now universally held to be responsible for the popularity of rag-time.

An Omaha man has been refused by fifty-six girls to whom he proposed. He should be wary, however. The fifty-seventh might surprise him.

Congressman McCleary protests that other eminent men besides soldiers and sailors should be honored with statues. There are too many of us.

At a scientific meeting in New York the other day the translation of a Babylonian deed 8,000 years old was read by a professor of ancient languages.

At the recent United Irish league meeting in Dublin, through some oversight, no delegates were appointed to represent the society at the king's coronation.

An American missionary has been arrested in Japan for cracking a native boy on the head with a Bible. Perhaps there was no other way of getting the truth into it.

Nicaragua is buying war materials in Germany. If Germany can get all the war material trade in Central and South America she ought to enjoy quite a boom.

By invitation, forty bartenders attended service in a Cleveland church the other day. They all kept awake, and not a single poker chip was taken up in the collection.

As between Jane Hading's advice to girls not to marry and Mme. Marni's that it is their duty to marry, most young women will continue to manifest a strong sense of duty.

It is a mistake to argue that when a gentleman and lady go sleigh-riding she should sit on his left side, in order that his right arm may be free. At such a time either arm is the right one.

The coeds of Northwestern university have been warned that the sweater is not a proper masculine garment for female society, but they will continue to tolerate it for the sake of what's in it.

The largest locomotive works in the world will be established in Canada because she has the cheapest steel and the cheapest labor. We have no use for cheap labor, and the other is a very cheap steal.

The woman in Spring Valley, N. Y., who vowed 30 years ago not to speak to her husband again while she lived, and has just died with the vow unbroken, must have been an extraordinary female character.

It is rather difficult to decide which to admire the more, Mr. Morgan bidding $1,000,000 for the Borghese Titian, "Sacred and Profane Love," or the Italian government refusing to part with it for that great sum of money.

The cable companies may have a monopoly of the telegraph business between England and Newfoundland, but we will warrant that there is nothing in their charter that gives them the exclusive use of the atmosphere. Marconi will have his innings yet.

The excepted classes under the proposed new law to exclude the Chinese are required to have photographs attached to their tickets of admission. This is the first intimation from official sources that all Chinamen do not look alike.

An Indiana editor suddenly lost his reason the other day, his insanity having been revealed by an editorial he had written. He is now confined in a padded cell. This fable teaches us the advantage of editing a newspaper in New York, where insanity is regarded as enterprise.

Without a word of unmanly complaint a Nona, Tex., correspondent writes to his paper: "The Cameron company is about to locate a sawmill in our midst." Think of a buzzsaw going through the poor fellow's midst!

LATEST NEWS IN MICHIGAN.

The Grand Rapids Bribery Case Put Over.

ADAMS AND FRENCH CASE ENDS

A Crazy Man at Large—Terwilliger and His Flight—A Catastrophe in Detroit—Lapeer as a Beet Market—Various Happenings Throughout the State.

Terwilliger Again.

Interest in the case of Banker H. H. Terwilliger is again aroused in Montague. A couple of months ago he ran away, leaving his bank, home, wife and two children, for the sake of Minnie Schneider, the daughter of the man who ran Terwilliger's farm. The affair died out for a while, and is being revived by a definite rumor that it was a sure case of blackmail. A prominent resident is away now, negotiating between Terwilliger and his wife, and says that in a few months Terwilliger will give the girl up, and Mrs. Terwilliger will give up her home in Montague, and go to the husband of her youth. It is almost a certainty now, however, that Terwilliger was forced to do what he did, and will never come back to Montague. Those who know won't tell where he is. They think his creditors will be paid in full.

Ends the Adams Case.

On a writ of habeas corpus the Supreme Court released Charles H. Pratt, who was committed by Judge Wiest last week for refusing to testify in the Adams case. Pratt's attorneys contend that he was irregularly subpoenaed as a witness, having been brought into the state by order of the court for a different purpose, and furthermore, that he could not be made to disclose the secrets of the grand jury room nor forced to testify in view of his claim of constitutional privilege. It is believed that the failure to force Pratt to testify means that the cases against French and Adams will end.

Lapeer Will Buy Beets.

Though the Lapeer Beet Sugar Co. failed to get a factory, they decided upon a scheme at a meeting which will be of quite as much benefit to beet growers, likewise the business men of Lapeer. The plan now is to sign contracts with the farmers to raise and deliver beets at Lapeer, paying them for the same at the rate of $4.25 per ton, and thirty-three cents additional for every per cent that the beets may assay over 12 per cent. The beets will be delivered to Detroit parties on a contract, while the local producers are guaranteed against loss by the Lapeer Beet Sugar Co.

The McGarry Case.

When the case of Thomas F. McGarry, under indictment for conspiracy and bribery in the Salisbury boodle case, was called for trial in the Superior Court, Judge Morse, one of the respondent's attorneys, read his own affidavit and one from Dr. Louis Barth, stating that Mr. McGarry was sick in bed and too ill to appear in court. It was the opinion of his physician that Mr. McGarry would not be able to go into court this week and his attorneys asked that the case be put over until Tuesday, January 28.

A Rich Lodge.

The richest Masonic lodge in the country is declared to be that at the old Central mine in Keweenaw county, just across the line from Calumet. The treasury contained something like $550, and it was decided to purchase Calumet & Hecla mining stock for less than $60 per share. Since then the stock has sold for over $800 per share, while the dividends received have all along been applied to the purchase of more shares, until now a good-sized block is held by the lodge.

A Detroit Catastrophe.

With a rumble, a roar, and then a frightful crash, four brick stores four stories in hight, running east from the southeast corner of Jefferson avenue and Shelby street, Detroit, collapsed a few minutes before 8 o'clock Sunday night, causing a loss approximating $200,000, but fortunately resulting in no sacrifice of life. The cause of the collapse is said by some to be an explosion of gas, several of which occurred in the ruins when flames began playing a lurid part in the catastrophe.

A Crazy Man Out.

Frank Bought, a Grand Rapids inmate of the Kalamazoo asylum, secured a key to his cell and made his escape several days ago. Like the three other inmates of the asylum who have achieved their liberty during the last three weeks, Bought started for Berrien county and has since been terrorizing farmers about Paw Paw and Dowagiac. He travels rapidly and has made 30 miles on several days. His mania is stealing shoes.

Johnson Confesses.

Charles Johnson, now in Houghton jail as a suspect in connection with the murder of Matt Smette, whose dead body was found on the morning of Jan. 9 near the Quincy mine with two bullet holes in his head, has confessed to the murdering of Smette for the sake of obtaining $65 the murdered man was known to have.

Officers met Willard Ritzenthaler and Leon Thrall, two Potterville youngsters, who left their homes at Battle Creek, and turned them over to their irate parents.

North Adams will not lose its stave and heading mill after all, a sufficient bonus having been raised to induce it to remain.

Over 100 milk dealers of Kalamazoo have gone into a trust, and have advanced the price of milk from five to six cents a quart.

R. D. Dewey, a salesman of Adrian, Mich., is under arrest in Ottawa, O., on a charge of embezzlement of $208, preferred by George Sheats, of Napoleon.

Another Grand Rapids official has resigned, Dudley E. Waters, from the board of public works. He did not like the Perry regime.

William Haukins, an employe of the Round Oak Stove works, in Dowagiac, has smallpox, being the first case in that city since 1883.

James Freeman, of Alger, was kicked the other day in the mouth by a heavy working horse. His upper jaw and teeth were broken.

Since the late serious fire in Galien ex-Senator Blakeslee has erected a two-story brick building in which Andrew J. Glover will officiate as postmaster.

The state treasury is again becoming plethoric. The cash balance is nearly $2,000,000. Taxes are coming in from the counties at a rapid rate.

Beet Sugar Men Call on the President.

All of the Michigan beet sugar manufacturers in Washington were escorted to the White House Saturday by Reps. Wm. Alden Smith, Fordney and Darragh and Chairman Diekema, of the Michigan Republican committee, and called on the president.

Ex-Congressman N. B. Bradley, of Bay City, in the name of the manufacturers, handed the president a written protest of 400 words against any reduction of the sugar tariff. The memorial, in part, says:

"Within two months after the Dingley law went into effect the contract was let for the first beet sugar factory in Michigan. This factory took off its first crop the fall of 1898. Since that time, 12 other factories have been erected and four more are now in process of construction. The capital invested in $10,500,000. In 1898, Michigan paid the sugar trust $7,000,000 for sugar consumed. In 1901, her own factories produced 125,496,000 pounds of granulated sugar, or 80 per cent of her consumption, for which she received $5,647,320. Beets now under contract for the season of 1902, will increase the output to 195,501,000 pounds, or 24 per cent above her consumption.

"In 1901, Michigan raised 66,400 acres of beets, yielding 597,600 tons, for which 16,848 farmers received $3,107,520. In the beet fields, 33,707 persons found employment during the growing season, besides 2,678 factory hands during the manufacturing period.

"We cannot stand any reduction in the tariff on raw sugar, especially as such reduction will only serve to assist the sugar trust, thereby furnishing them with increased funds, with which to combat our industry.

"Because the Republican party has always kept its promises, Michigan has ever remained true to that party's principles. To-day her sons believe that the sacred pledge given in 1893 and reaffirmed in 1900, a pledge upon which we have already invested over $10,000,000, will be kept inviolate. We cannot believe that the industry thus inaugurated will be ruined by the very political party which gave it birth; that our 17 busy factories will be closed only to stand as monuments, marking the power of the sugar trust in its ceaseless effort to crush competition."

The president was very cordial, but non-committal. He said he didn't want to see the tariff reduced so that any industry would be imperiled. At the same time he desired to see some tariff concessions made to the Cuban people. He promised to give the memorial careful consideration.

The Seneca Wreck Victims.

Of the 25 victims of the railroad wreck at Seneca, Mich., last Thanksgiving eve, who were brought to the railway hospital in Peru, Ind., only 10 are still inmates of the institution, and none of them is bedfast. Miss Daisy McGinnis, of Calumet, Mich., who was on her way from Butler, Ind., where she was teaching in the public schools, to Detroit, to spend the holidays with Dr. Osborn and family, is able to be up most of the time. The wound in her back, inflicted by a piece of broken glass, is healing nicely. Mrs. M. J. Stringer, the Belleville, Mich., woman, who sustained a fractured skull, in the accident, is up and around, but her mind, it is said, has not fully cleared.

Confessed a Murder.

James Mather has confessed to the murder of Peter Olsen, near Muskegon, Mich., nearly 20 years ago, and an investigation of his story indicates that he is telling the truth. Mather was only a few weeks ago sent to the insane asylum in Logansport. His home is in Elkhart, Ind., and while confined in jail there he made the confession to the officers. Mather stated that in October, 1875, he was a telegraph operator at Big Rapids Junction, two miles east of Muskegon. One night he and Olsen were going to the junction, when a quarrel arose. Mather claims he shot Olsen three times. During the night snow fell and covered the body, and it was not discovered until spring.

A Million for Beets.

The three Bay City sugar factories disbursed $204,860 to their beet growers and the stores did a rushing business all day. The Michigan factory paid out $59,860, the Bay City $94,000, and the West Bay City $51,000. These amounts were paid to farmers for beets, and are exclusive of all wages and salaries. The amount paid out for sugar beets this campaign now amounts to nearly $1,000,000, and the new German-American Co-Operative factory is only just beginning operations, so that more than that sum will be paid the farmers this year by the Bay City beet sugar factories.

MINOR MICHIGAN MATTERS.

South Haven is to have a prize baby contest.

Twenty-six new banks were organized in Michigan during 1901.

Rural free delivery will shortly be established at Stockbridge.

Ten persons were killed by the cave-in at Negaunee a week ago Tuesday.

Alcohol Alley is the name of one of the pleasant residence districts in Kalamazoo.

The Seventh Day Adventists are considering the establishment of a branch sanitarium at Alden.

A Chicago man has made a proposition to the village of Gladstone for the establishment of a tannery.

Albion wants a municipal lighting plant and the question may be submitted to the voters at the spring election.

Henry Gates, well-known throughout Shiawassee county and the state, was found dead in bed yesterday morning.

Escanaba, a city of 10,000 people, has 100 saloons. In some of them there are as many as five slot machines in operation.

John Barber, an old resident of Crystal Falls, has been left an estate in Austria said to be valued at $1,000,000 by an uncle.

A bald eagle measuring 14 feet from tip to tip of wings and two white owls, each measuring 10 feet, were killed near Prescott recently.

The floor in Hale Bros.' grist mill in Lyons gave way, dumping 500 barrels of shelled corn into the river. Farmers and poultrymen worked with pails, dipping it up.

There are five cases of smallpox now in Bronson, but proper quarantine at that village and Ann Arbor has been established, and it is hoped to check the outbreak.

An effort is being made by the Prohibitionists of Calhoun county to have the local option question voted on at the coming spring election.

Fred Ray, proprietor of a barber shop in Saginaw, has been arrested for an alleged criminal assault on two girls under 16 years of age.

The state board of health has been notified that Miss Effie Parham, of Bronson, a student at the university at Ann Arbor, is ill with smallpox.

Three weeks have passed since the terms of office of Bay county's deputy fish and game wardens expired, and no appointments have been made to fill the three vacancies.

So strict a quarantine has been placed over the premises in Battle Creek, on which there is a case of smallpox, that not even a cat or dog is allowed near the house.

Revenue officers chased through Branch county for three days looking for illicit distilleries. The only "moonshiner" found was a farmer making elderberry wine at his home.

The Holly authorities are looking for the person who cut several evergreen trees from the lots in Lakeside cemetery. A number of large maple shade trees were also hacked.

Mrs. A. N. Gogarn, of Powell's Point, has the skin of a monstrous wild cat to testify to her skill with a rifle. The feline weighed 26 1-2 pounds and measured 42 inches from tip to tip.

George Lewis, a "sanctified saint," came down with smallpox at Barrytown and is being treated, while in quarantine according to the methods of his sect, which bars physicians.

Louis H. Cronenwett, aged 27, of the firm of Cronenwett & Sons, Detroit, has been missing since the night of Sunday, Dec. 8, and his relatives fear that he has met with foul play.

Mrs. Hopkins, a Muskegon washerwoman, continued at her work while her daughter was sick with smallpox. It was discovered that she had delivered washing to nine different families.

Two lads who disappeared from the county poor farm in Lansing, made their way as far as Howell, where a pair of empty stomachs turned their steps, and they are now back at the farm.

Samuel F. Hawley, who committed suicide in St. Louis, was a university graduate, class of '85. He was for three years instructor in Latin at Orchard Lake. Illness made him despondent.

Rebecca L. Yates, alias Rebecca Eddy, a seance grafter, was arrested Thursday night at Parkersburg, W. Va., for fraudulent use of the mails, and turned over to the Michigan authorities.

Judge Davis, of the Stanton circuit court, has sentenced Charles Esterling to Jackson prison for seven years, and Dick Case to Ionia for 15 months for burglarizing a store and postoffice at Westville.

Thos. F. McGarry, whose trial for bribery in connection with Lant K. Salsbury and others in the Lake Michigan water scandal was to begin on the 20th, is a sick man and unable to leave his bed.

A carload of sugar beets was received at the Bay City factory that showed 18.8 per cent of sugar, and 3 per cent of tar. The price realized by the farmer was $6.75 a ton. The beets were raised near Sebewaing.

Judge Davis finds that he has disposed of 229 cases in Ionia and 185 in Montcalm, a total of 414 in the past year, nearly as many, by the way, as in Kent county, where two judges are required to do the business.

After the post mortem in the case of Frederick Jackovfski, aged 60 years, who lived near Taylor Center, Mich., it is decided that he came to his death by violence, and Charles Jnofski is under arrest on the charge of being the cause.

An additional shortage of $1,300 has been discovered in the books of former County Treasurer V. P. Chappel, of Schoolcraft county, bringing the amount of the discrepancy to $8,600. Chappel can find no sureties and is still in jail.

Two-thirds of the grading for the electric line between Jackson and Albion has been completed. The rails are on the ground and cars will be running between Jackson, Albion, Marshall and Battle Creek before the first of July.

Passenger train No. 8 on the Pere Marquette road was nearly thrown into the ditch Saturday evening by colliding with a light engine near Bridgeport, which was backing to Saginaw. Engineer Reckwith of the passenger was badly injured.

The trial of Thomas F. McGarry, under indictment charged with bribery in connection with the Lake Michigan pure water scandal, will not proceed. McGarry is confined to his bed by illness and physicians say he must not go out for several days.

The settlement of the estate of the late Samuel Carson, of Galesburg, in an amicable agreement by which the widow accepts a stated sum in lieu of her statutory allowance, has hastened the final distribution of one of the largest estates ever probated in the county of Kalamazoo.

Reed City Methodists, Congregationalists and Baptists have just closed a union revival of two weeks' duration, led by Rev. E. J. Baskerville, evangelist, which resulted in about seventy new members for the Methodists, thirty-two for the Congregationalists, and twenty-six for the Baptists.

All the way from one to twenty-five tramps strike Durand every night. They have lost all horror of the jail for a night's lodging. All of the coal at the electric light and water works plant is wheeled into the sheds by tramps at night in return for which they occupy the bunks in the jail.

Rev. William B. Comb, pastor of Calumet Methodist Episcopal church, and four members of his congregation, made the rounds of the saloons Sunday evening, partly in disguise. Cigars and liquors were purchased in each place. The crusaders represented the recently organized civic federation.

The Supreme Court has ordered the discharge of Maggie Setter, of Sanilac county, who had been adjudged in contempt for refusing to testify against her father in a criminal assault case in which she herself was the complainant. The court held that the girl had not waived her constitutional privilege by making the complaint.

Fred Luff, a young farmer, was driving home from Owosso, when his horse ran away. Luff was dragged face downward for some distance over the hard road and terribly disfigured. One eye was gouged out. The horse ran through the side of a barn.

More than 300 men are thrown out of employment for an indefinite period by the burning of the Michigan Buggy Co.'s plant in Kalamazoo. The president of the company, M. Henry Lane, says it will require several months at least before the plant can be put in shape for business. The loss will reach $200,000. The firm carried insurance amounting to $125,000.

Many citizens of Lapeer county put in grates the past year for the purpose of burning soft coal, as good hardwood is a scarce article in that part of the state these days. The grates were all right until the soft coal famine came along and put them out of commission.

THE NATION AND THE WORLD

A Real Hot Naval Scrap in Panama Harbor.

THE PRINCESS WANTS TO COME

What Judge Taft Says of the Filipinos—Miss Stone's Release—The Strike of the Paper Makers—Mineral Products of the United States—Various Matters.

Great Mineral Products.

Estimates of the mineral products of the United States, which have just reached the treasury bureau of statistics, indicate that they will exceed in nearly every particular those of any preceding year. Not only will they exceed those of any preceding year, but exceed in nearly every case those of every other country. In gold, in silver, in iron, in steel, in copper, in coal, and in mineral oil the products of the United States in 1901 exceed those of any other country, and in every instance, except possibly copper, surpass her own record in any preceding year. These estimates put the gold production of 1901 at $80,218,800, against $79,171,000 in 1900, which was the highest record in gold production that the United States had ever made. They put the silver production of 1901 at 59,653,788 ounces, against 57,647,000 ounces in 1900. The pig iron production is estimated at 15,800,000 long tons against 13,789,242 long tons in 1900, in which year the figures exceeded those of any preceding year. The coal production is estimated at 267,850,000 long tons, against 240,965,917 long tons in 1900, the year of highest production heretofore. Of petroleum the production is estimated at 66,000,000 barrels, or 2,772,000,000 gallons, against 2,661,233,568 gallons in 1900, the year of largest production heretofore. Of copper the production is estimated at 595,000,000 pounds, or 265,625 long tons, or about 5,000 tons below the figures of 1900, copper thus being the only item in the entire list which shows for 1901 a smaller figure of production than that of last year.

The Panama Fight.

A battle Monday in the harbor of Panama between the revolutionary fleet and the three government ships resulted in a draw. It is not believed that the rebels will renew hostilities immediately. The revolutionary fleet attempted to force a landing off Saoana. One of the rebel ships, the Darien, was so seriously injured that she had to be beached. The government steamer Lautero went to the bottom of the bay, after sailors from the United States steamship Philadelphia had made a desperate attempt to check the flames that were devouring her. Survivors from the Lautero feel sure that treachery is responsible for the loss of that ship. They say the Lautero was set afire by members of her own crew. There was a heavy loss of killed and wounded, especially on the government side. Sailors from the Philadelphia rescued many wounded from the Lautero. Gen. Alban, military governor of Panama, the man who has outgeneraled the Colombian rebels for months, was struck down by a bullet while personally leading his men on the Lautero. He died quickly and his men then speedily deserted the burning ship.

The Peaceful Filipinos.

Judge Wm. H. Taft, governor of the Philippines, who arrived in San Francisco from Manila, Monday night on the transport Grant, after a voyage of 26 days, gave out the following statement from his bed, which he was unable to leave: "By authority and order of the secretary of war, Gov. Taft turned over the civil governorship of the Philippines to Luke E. Wright, a member of the commission. The purpose of the visit, as expressed by the secretary of war, was to enable Gov. Taft to recuperate from a three months' illness which he has had in the Philippines and also to assist, as far as he may be able by information, as to the actual conditions in the Philippine islands, the operation of the civil government there." The governor states that there has never been a time since the United States became interested in the islands when the attitude of the Filipino people as a whole has been so friendly to the civil government established by the United States as now.

Paper Makers Strike.

A general strike was ordered Sunday at a joint meeting of the Appleton, Kaukauna & Neenah lodges of the United Brotherhood of Paper Makers, which will result in less than three weeks, in closing the 25 mills in the state of Wisconsin, throwing out of employment 3,000 laborers and cutting off over 780 tons a day from the supply of the paper market, unless the demands of the union for shorter hours shall be granted. It is claimed the movement is soon to spread through every paper making district in the northwest.

The Princess Wants to Come.

If the Princess Henry does not accompany her husband to the United States, it will not be because she wishes to remain at home, says a Berlin dispatch. On the contrary, the princess is making every effort, social and political, to be allowed to form one of the launching party that has now become of international interest. Should the princess succeed in obtaining the kaiser's royal permission to make the trip she will be accompanied by an entourage of court ladies.

To Release Miss Stone.

The United States minister, John G. A. Leishman, says the brigands who abducted Miss Ellen M. Stone and Mme. Tsilka, Sept. 3, have agreed to accept the amount of ransom raised by subscription. The place of payment is now the only question.

Incendiary fires are so frequent at Ionia that insurance companies are talking of withdrawing.

One of the inmates at the Kalamazoo asylum recently objected because the cranberries were not served peeled.

Physicians ascribe the breaking down of so many American residents in the Philippines to homesickness. A movement is on foot to establish a daily cable news service from the United States to bring the Americans into closer touch with home affairs.

The Wynkoop Hallenbeck Crawford Co. claims that its bid on the state printing submitted to the board of state auditors is $1,007.44 lower than that of its competitor, the Robert Smith Printing Co., but the latter company is not willing to concede the contract. There is little doubt that the Smith company will again have the binding contract.

Indians Will Paint.

If Minnesota's governor shall insist that the Indians in its charge shall cut off their long hair, abstain from the use of paint and the gaudy ornaments of savagery, the aborigines will dig up the hatchet and shed their blood in resisting so sudden a wiping out of racial characteristics. This is the opinion of J. B. Bottineau, son of Pierre Bottineau, a northeastern pioneer, and scout. Not only is Mr. Bottineau connected with the red race by ties of blood, but for years he has been counsellor and attorney for the Turtle Mountain band of Indians. Nominally a resident of Minneapolis, he calls Washington his home for business reasons.

Mr. Bottineau says an attempt at strict enforcement of Commissioner Jones' reported order means a revolution, whatever shall happen.

The Naval Show.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, who has been charged with the preparation and execution of the naval program at the reception of Prince Henry of Prussia, will have this squadron: Flagship, the battleship Illinois, protected cruisers Olympia, San Francisco and Cincinnati, and the cruiser Hartford.

The imperial yacht Hohenzollern, which is to sail for the United States, is in shape. The officers have tested her boilers and adjusted her compasses. The details regarding Prince Henry's landing in the United States and his movements thereafter are entirely in the hands of Secretary Hay and Dr. Von Holleben, the German ambassador at Washington.

Was Not Murder.

It has developed that Edward Davidson, of Springport, Mich., who was supposed to have been murdered at Valparaiso, Ind., was killed by a passenger train on the Pennsylvania road. The solution of the mystery was the result of the appearance of Frank Sprenell at a called session of the grand jury on his confession that Davidson was killed by a train and that he, Sprenell, moved his body and attempted to fasten the crime on the three boys in jail by moving the body. Sprenell explains his actions by the statement that he wanted to escape censure by the railroad company. His confession has caused a great sensation and will result in the immediate release of the three suspects from jail.

Vaccinated in the Pit.

The Minneapolis health department descended upon the chamber of commerce in full force Saturday morning. They fell upon the occupants and proceeded to vaccinate right and left. Great excitement reigned all through the building when it became known that all egress was barred. When trading was at its hight and the bulls and bears, all unsuspicious of any danger, were hard at work, a squad of burly policemen suddenly appeared. In a moment all the doors were barred. About thirty visitors from the country were in the gallery and as many more in the hallways and on the floor. In all, about 300 traders were vaccinated.

The Emperor's Theology.

The action of Emperor William in sitting through a long lecture by Prof. Delitzsch, the Assyriologist, on the "Babylonish Origin of Hebrew Ideas," has alarmed the ultra-orthodox circles of the state church, who begin to think something is wrong with his majesty's theology. They have noted that in Gotha, three weeks ago, the emperor intimated that all churches were equally dear to him, saying that one of the great purposes of his life was to bring about church unity. His allowing Prof. Delitzsch's conclusions as to the historical foundation of Hebraism to have imperial approval is regarded as a dangerous symptom.

The Panama Canal.

The supplemental report of the isthmian canal commission on the proposition of the Panama Canal Co. to dispose of its property to the United States for $40,000,000 was delivered to President Roosevelt Saturday. The members of the commission refused to discuss the nature of the report, and like reticence was maintained at the White House, but it was stated on excellent authority that the report unanimously recommends that the offer of the Panama company be accepted.

Henry's Tour.

The committee charged with the arrangements for the reception and entertainment of Prince Henry have decided that it would be impossible to yield to the requests of many cities to have the prince visit them. It is likely, beside New York, Washington and Niagara Falls, the journey will include Chicago only of the large cities.

News in Brief.

Gen. Wood has appropriated $317,000 for the construction of a pier and freight house at Matanzas.

Richard Gilpin, a pioneer farmer living three miles north of Mt. Pleasant, dropped dead while doing chores about his farm last night. He was about 80 years old.

Rear-Admiral Schley says he had not authorized the statement sent out from Chicago that he would discuss his case before the Hamilton club of that city.

Despite the strenuous denials of the deal by J. P. Morgan's representative, it is said the gigantic ship trust, to control the freight trade of the North Atlantic ocean, will yet be consummated.

A desperate battle, 400 feet under ground, occurred Thursday between ore thieves and officers of the Independence mine, on Battle mountain, Colorado. One of the officers was shot, but not seriously.

Vincengo Visolek, the Pittsburg Pole who was found unconscious with his wife dead near him, has confessed that the murder was the result of a quarrel in which he struck his wife on the head with a hammer.

The upper and lower houses of the Iowa legislature in separate session, by a strict party vote, Tuesday reelected Messrs. Allison and Dolliver United States senators. The election will be ratified in joint session.

Herbert E. Matteson, cashier of the First National bank of Great Falls, Mont., is under arrest charged with embezzling $25,000. The total defalcation will reach $175,000, it is said.

Frederick Krainhardt, a Catholic priest of Josephville, Mo., committed suicide yesterday at the Alexian Brothers hospital in St. Louis by hanging himself. He was 62 years of age, and had officiated at Josephville for 30 years. He had been taking treatment for nervous trouble.

When Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Whittaker returned from a call last night they found the nurse, Annie Loge, in an unconscious condition from asphyxiation, and their 5-year-old boy hanging to a gas pipe in the cellar dead. The indications are that the woman had trouble with her charge and hanged him.

CONGRESS.

On behalf of the majority of the senate committee on Philippines, Chairman Lodge on Monday reported the tariff bill and gave notice that he would call it up at 2 o'clock Tuesday. Mr. Rawlins, for the minority of the committee, offered a substitute for the bill of the majority, and announced that he would make some remarks on it at the conclusion of Mr. Lodge's statement in support of the majority report.

During the first part of Monday's session the measure providing for the establishment of a department of commerce was under discussion. An effort was made by Mr. Nelson, of Minnesota, to secure a vote, but the opposition to many of its provisions became so strong that the effort had to be abandoned.

A house bill, conferring on Mrs. Ida S. McKinley, the mail franking privilege, was called up by Mr. Mason, chairman of the committee on postoffices and postroads, and passed.

Mr. Frye (Me.), reported the ship subsidy bill agreed upon by the committee on commerce. Mr. Vest (Mo.), gave notice of dissent on the part of the Democratic members of the committee, and also of an intention to file a minority report.

The president has transmitted to congress the supplemental report of the isthmian canal commission on the proposition of the Panama Canal Co. to sell its property to the United States for $40,000,000.

Parliament Opened.

King Edward opened parliament Thursday with a ceremonial in all essential respects similar to that of February last. The procession to the house of lords was of the same character as that witnessed on the occasion of the opening of the first parliament of King Edward's reign, while within the upper house were seen the same state pageantry, the same historic dresses and the same revival of ancient forms. The speech was not an important utterance. His majesty referred in terms of gratification to the world tour of the Prince and Princess of Wales, expressed regret at the fact that the war in South Africa was not concluded, said he trusted the decision of the sugar conference would lead to the abandonment of bounties, and noted the conclusion of the isthmian canal treaty.

AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT.

WEEK ENDING JAN. 25.

DETROIT OPERA HOUSE—"King Dodo"—Evenings at 8; Wednesday and Saturday Mat. at 2.

WHITNEY GRAND—"Man's Enemy"—Matinees, 10c, 15c and 25c. Evenings, 10c, 20c and 30c.

LYCEUM THEATER—"The Dairy Farm"—Matinees, 25c; Evenings, 15c, 25c, 50c and 75c.

WONDERLAND—Afternoons, at 2 and 4: 10c, 15c and 25c. Eve., at 7:30 and 9:15: 10c, 15c and 25c.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.—Cattle: Choice steers, $4.75@5.50; good to choice butcher steers, $4.40@4.70; light to good, $3.80@4.25; light to good butcher steers and heifers, $3.70@4; mixed butchers and fat cows, $3@3.75; canners and common to fair butchers, $2.60@3.50; bulls, good shippers, $2.75@3; light to good butchers, $2.50@2.75; light feeders and stockers $2.50@4.50; good demand. Sheep—Best lambs, $5.50@5.75; light to good and good mixed lots, $3.25@3.50; yearlings, $4.50@5; fair to good butchers, $3@3.50; culls and common, $2@2.75. Hogs—Light to good butchers, $6@6.20; bulk at $6.20; pigs to light yorkers, $5.50@5.75; roughs, $5.25@5.75.

Chicago.—Cattle: Good to prime, $6.50@7.25; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.75; cows, $1.25@4.75; heifers, 2.25@5.00; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, 2.00@4.50; calves, $2.50@6.50; Texas fed steers, $3.25@5.60. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5.90@6.45; good to choice heavy, $6.35@6.55; rough heavy, $5.95@6.20; light, $5.50@5.95; bulk of sales, $5.90@6.30. Sheep—good to choice wethers, $4.30@6.10; western sheep fed, $4.25@5.10; native lambs, $3.50@6.00; western lambs fed, $5.50@6.00.

Buffalo—Cattle: Weak for all grades; veals, $5@8; extra, $8.25. Hogs—Heavy, $6.50@6.60; mixed, $6.30@6.40; pigs, $5.70@5.75; roughs, $5.40@5.70; stags, $4@4.50. Sheep—Top mixed, $2.40@4.50; culls to fair, $2.50@4.15; wethers, $4.60@5; yearlings, $4.75@5.25; lambs, dull, 10@15c lower; top lambs, $6@6.15; culls to good, $3.50@6.

Grain, Etc.

Detroit—Wheat: No. 1 white, 90½c; No. 2 red, 88½c; May, 87½c, 87¾c; July, 81c; No. 3 red, 86½c; mixed winter, 88½c per bushel. Corn—No. 3 mixed, 61c; No. 3 yellow, 62½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 48½c; No. 3 white, 48¼c.

Chicago—Wheat: No. 3, 71½@76½c; No. 2 red, 83½@84½c. Oats—No. 2, 44¾c; No. 2 white, 45¾@46¾c; No. 3 white, 45½@46¾c.

New York—Wheat: No. 2 red, 87¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 90¼c elevator; No. 1 northern Duluth, 86½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 92¾c f. o. b. afloat. Corn—No. 2, 67¼c elevator, and 67¾c f. o. b. afloat. Oats—No. 2, 50c; No. 3, 49½c; No. 3 white, 53c; No. 3 white, 52c; track mixed western, 49½@50½c; track white, 52@58c.

Produce.

Butter—Creameries, extras, 23@24c; firsts, 21@22c; fancy selected dairy, 16@17c; packing stock, 11@12c; common, 13@14c.

Cheese—Choice state, October, 11½@13c per lb.

Eggs—Candled, fresh receipts, 28c; storage eggs, 20@22c per doz.

Evaporated Apples—9c per lb; sun-dried, 4@6c per lb.

Honey—No. 1 white, 15@16c; light amber, 12@13c; dark amber, 10@11c; extracted, 6@6½c per lb.

Apples—Fancy, $3@4 per bbl; choice, $2.50@3 per bbl; common, $1.50@2 per bbl.

Potatoes—New Michigan, 67@68c per bu, f. o. b. Detroit.

Onions—Michigan, $1.15@1.25 per bu; Spanish, $1.65 per bu crate.

Dressed Calves—Fancy, 8@8½c per lb; fair, 7@7½c per lb.

Dressed Hogs—Light, $7.50; medium, $7@7.25 per cwt.

Hay—Prices on baled hay, new, are as follows: No. 1 timothy, $12; No. 2, $11; clover, mixed, $10@10.50; rye straw, $7; wheat and oat straw, $6 per ton in car lots, f. o. b. Detroit.

Poultry—Live hens, 7c; old roosters, 5c; springs, 7½c; young ducks, 9@10c; young turkeys, 9c; geese, 8@8½c per lb. Dressed fowl, 7½c; chickens, 8c; ducks, 11@12c; geese, 10@11c; turkeys, 11@12c per lb.

Hides—No. 1 green, 6½c; No. 2 green, 5½c; No. 1 cured, 8½c; No. 2 cured, 7½c; No. 1 calf, green, 11c; No. 2 calf, green, 9½c; No. 1 calf, cured, 11c; No. 2 calf, cured, 9½c; No. 1 kip, green, 8c; No. 2 kip, green, 6½c; No. 1 kip, cured, 8½c; No. 2 kip, cured, 7c; horse hides, $3; sheep pelts, as to wool, 25@80c.

Mrs. Eliza Black, aged 65 years, the wife of a La Salle, Ill., farmer, died from hydrophobia, the effect of a skunk bite.

Solomon, a Syrian, living at Keokuk, Ia., was held up and robbed of a money belt containing $8,500. Two fellow countrymen have been arrested.

Four of the 11 prisoners who escaped from the federal prison on McNeill' island, near Tacoma, Wash., Sunday, have been recaptured. Harry Davis, one of the recaptured convicts, broke away from the guards and escaped again. It is believed he was wounded.

The Pittsburg committee of the McKinley Memorial association has raised $30,000 for the fund, and Vice-President William McConway thinks this amount will be doubled.

John R. Rockefeller has promised to double every gift made to Vassar college before commencement day, 1902, to a sum not exceeding $200,000.

As practically the closing act of his administration, Gov. Shaw, of Iowa, has made public the names of 473 prisoners to whom he had extended executive clemency within the last two years. The governor's record, in this respect, it is stated, has never been equaled in Iowa.