COLONEL SUTTON TRIUMPHAL

Hearty Greeting Extended the Acquitted Man.

JURY WAS OUT TWO HOURS.

When the Verdict was Announced Respondent and Wife Burst Into Tears and the Latter Kissed Each of the Jurors—Other Events of the Week.

Celebrated Case at an End.

After being out one hour and fifty minutes, the jury in the Sutton case returned a verdict of not guilty just at noon on the 2d, and the court room soon became a scene for general rejoicing. When the verdict was announced by Foreman Fred Brown, of Mason, Sutton and his wife burst into tears, while his attorneys also found use for their handkerchiefs. Mrs. Sutton went over and kissed each one of the jurors, while her husband shook their hands warmly, and thanked them for the verdict.

Gov Pingree, who had been a constant attendant at the trial, was in his office at the capitol when the verdict was given, but he telephoned for Sutton and his wife and they went over to receive his congratulations. The governor was wrathy over what he termed the unfairness of Judge Wiest's charge, and in addition to talking loudly, punctuated his remarks with some characteristic language. The jurors had agreed among themselves not to make public any of their deliberations, but after the jollifications at the hotel they forgot all about the agreement. Three ballots were taken nine being for acquittal, one for conviction and two blank. On the next ballot the vote stood 11 to 1 for acquittal, and the third ballot found them unanimous for acquittal. It is said that the result was agreed upon within [illegible] minutes, but that it was decided to wait until noon as the juror who had first voted for conviction thought it would not look well to bring in a verdict so soon.

While Sutton's counsel did not like Judge Wiest's charge, they refrained from making any open comments, and the verdict made it unnecessary for anything to be said. Prosecuting Attorney [illegible] refused to make any statement regarding the result [illegible] however, that he stood in a position to prosecute any man against whom a complaint was made, and would do so, though he did not know that he should appeal. This had reference to the insinuation that he had promised immunity to the directors of the Kalamazoo company. The latter were discussed by Gov. Pingree and his friends, and it is not improbable that they will take steps to make complaints against the Kalamazoo people.

Freak of Lightning.

During an electrical storm on the 31st Geo. Dunn's house at Sty, seven miles south of Midland, was wrecked by lightning. The bolt entering the bedroom of two boys, knocking the bed from under them, leaving the mattress and boys on the floor unharmed but setting fire to the quilts. It then entered the sitting room and broke the picture frames and glass. Then it went into Dunn's bedroom, setting fire to a partition, going into the kitchen where it splintered the rafters and set fire and threw dishes around. Finally it burst out of the house on all sides, carrying away sash and glass and breaking holes through the siding. Although there were six persons in the house, no one was injured. The house looks as if a dynamite explosion had occurred. Lightning struck several places in the city, but did no serious damage.

The Rights of the Tax Commission.

An amicable suit will be commenced to test the right of the state tax commission to review local assessments. Atty.-Gen. Oren was at Lansing in consultation with the tax commissioners regarding this matter recently, and while the exact nature of the proceedings to be taken has not been decided upon, it is probably that the supreme court will be asked for a mandamus to compel the Grand Rapids assessors to correct the assessment as directed by the state commission. The Grand Rapids officials claim that this provision of the tax commission law is unconstitutional as the constitution places the duty of determining assessments upon the local officials. Commissioner Freeman says that if this contention is sustained the commission can do nothing but talk.

Supreme Court on Sunday Ball.

The supreme court handed down an opinion on the 29th reversing the $1,000 judgment for libel secured by ex-Sheriff Scougale, of Shiawassee county, against Rev. John Sweet, who criticised him over his own signature for permitting a game of ball to be played at Caledonia park, between Owosso and Corunna, on Sunday. In disposing of the case the supreme court in a unanimous opinion, written by Justice Grant, says that ball playing on Sunday is prohibited by section 5912 of Miller's statutes, and is an offense against the public peace.

Game Warden's Report.

Game Warden Morse reports that there were 153 cases of violation of the game and fish laws investigated in May; and that there were 72 prosecutions, 67 being for violations of the fish laws, and five of the game laws. These resulted in 65 convictions and two acquittals, while five cases are pending. There were 13 seizures of property of the aggregate value of $11.82. The total fines and costs assessed was $636.46.

The business men of Mason will hold a street fair next fall.

Milan has let the contract for a new public school building to replace the one destroyed by fire recently. It will cost $18,000.

The membership of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance company of Calhoun county is 3,599, a gain of 107 during the past year.

The board of review has completed its work and the assessed valuation of real and personal property in Marshall has been increased $589,272 over last year. There was an increase of $544,802 in personal and $44,470 in real property. The total valuation of the city is $1,503,428.

Lightning's Deadly Work.

Lightning struck the steambarge Albert Mitchell, building at Langell & Son's shipyard, at St. Clair on the morning of the 31st, killed three men and injured five others. The men had just commenced their day's work at the shipyards when the storm broke. The vessel was on the stocks all ready for launching on June 2nd. The bolt struck the mast. Campbell and Morrison were in the cabin and Medlar was under the boat. The bolt struck the top of the mast, broke it off 12 feet and then went down through and split the mast. It jumped to the texas roof, about two feet, went to the starboard side along the roof about 10 feet, tearing the roof and cabin, at which point it came in contact with and followed an iron rod running from the roof to the deck below, directly under which stood Morrison looking out of the window. It jumped from the rod and hit him in the back of the head, tearing a hole in his hat and fracturing the skull. Campbell stood about three feet from him, farther out. Part of the bolt struck him in the breast, tearing the skin off as large as a man's hand. It proceeded down inside his clothes and set them on fire.

Body Found Between Lumber Piles.

Robert Black, of Black & Fox, Bay City, made a startling discovery on the morning of the 4th in their lumber yard. The body of a man was lying between two piles of lumber. The police and coroner were notified and the body removed to the morgue. No one in the crowd that congregated could identify the deceased. A timebook found in one of the pockets indicated that he had once been employed in the Estey organ factory at Owosso. A letter directed to Thomas O'Connor, Owosso, was taken to belong to the deceased. It was written by Miss Maggie Carter from St. Johns [illegible] It was concluded from the contents of the letter that [illegible] [illegible]

Run Down by a Freight Train.

A fatal accident occurred on a rail road crossing three miles east of School craft on the morning of the 4th, when [illegible]

Fire Still Raging.

The temperature of the burning shaft in the Calumet & Hecla mine shows little variation and the fire is evidently [illegible] of feet underground. Gas escapes in large volumes through numerous cracks in the earth, and a large force of men and teams are constantly employed covering the vents with dirt. Work men are frequently overcome by gas and one party of eight men narrowly escaped asphyxiation, it being necessary to take the entire party to the hospital.

Are Waiting for a Settlement.

The case instituted by Atty.-Gen. Oren to recover for the state the amount of money lost through the fraudulent sales repurchase of state military supplies by the military authorities has been continued until the September term of court by consent. It is understood that Atty.-Gen. Oren expects to soon recover the money without prosecuting the case in the courts. It is believed that the Henderson-Ames Co. and the Fidelity Deposit Co. will get together and put up the amount.

Burglars at St. Joseph.

A daring gang of burglars entered the store of Shepard & Benning at St. Joseph on the night of the 3d and carried away black silks and satins to the value of $600. From all appearances the work was that of professionals. The building was entered from the roof via the skylight, and the valuable cloth was unwound from the wooden bolts and compressed into small packages, which were probably placed under the robbers' coats.

Flint's Assessed Valuation Increased.

The board of equalization and review of Flint completed its labors late on the 1st, after being in session for eight days. The new tax law has worked well, and has increased the assessments of real estate in the city $339,250 over last year, and of personal property, $1,238,384 over last year, a total increase in real and personal of $4,577,634, and raising the valuation of the city for purposes of taxation to $6,832,983.

Rapid River, Delta county, is to have a newspaper shortly.

Saginaw is raising a $10,000 bonus necessary to secure the location of a $75,000 plate glass factory in that city.

It is announced that the American Bicycle Co. will close its branch factory at Grand Rapids, July 1. They employ 250 men.

The 7th congressional district Republicans will hold their convention at Port Huron, June 29, to nominate a candidate for congress.

Japanese mining engineers are touring the copper country in behalf of their government. They go from Michigan to the iron works at Pittsburg.

Within the past two months the number of granges in Ingham county has doubled. The farmers there apparently know a good thing when they see it.

An additional letter carrier each will be allowed the postoffices at Pontiac and Lansing, beginning July 1, and one for the Flint office, beginning October 1.

Geo. S. Bennett, of Coldwater, who was arrested at the instance of President Campbell, of the state tax commission, on a charge of tax dodging, pleaded guilty and was fined $500 by Judge Adams on the 5th.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Battle Creekites will stop Sunday base ball.

Monroe has a new paper—the Monroe Record—Republican in politics.

The Michigan Bell Telephone Co. has boosted its rates throughout the state.

The public schools at Tustin have been closed on account of diphtheria in the village.

By the will of the late David Ward, of Pontiac, each of his 14 grand-children gets $12,000.

The fire insurance company organized by the grangers of Sanilac county has received its charter.

Daily shipments of strawberries at St. Joe now average 15,000 crates. This will be doubled shortly.

Lapeer county veterans of the rebellion will hold their annual reunion at Metamora on June 21 and 22.

Port Huronites who desire to explode fireworks on the Fourth must secure a permit or spend some time in jail.

The report that the Henderson-Ames Co., of Kalamazoo, would move out of the state is without foundation. A reorganization of the company is on foot, however.

Capt. Abbott of the 42d regiment recently met 250 ladrones near Sinalion. One American was killed and the Filipinos had eight men killed and four wounded.

An outbreak of smallpox has been reported to the state board of health from Huron township, Wayne county, and cases of suspected "Cuban itch" from Flint.

Wheat fields in Calhoun county which two weeks ago promised a fair crop are now considered worthless, as a result of the industrious work of the Hessian fly.

The late Mrs. Justin R. Whiting of St. Clair [illegible] leaves an estate of [illegible] [illegible]

The new tax law has [illegible] [illegible]

Two rural free mail delivery routes has been ordered established at Jonesville, June 5. The combined length of which are [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] weighed [illegible] pounds. He fought nearly three quarters of an hour before landing the big fellow.

Gysbert Van Kreiken, of Kalamazoo, received word on the 4th that he had fallen heir to a fortune of nearly $200,000 by the death of a rich relative in the Netherlands. Mr. Van Kreiken is a celery raiser and a comparatively poor man. He will leave at once to claim the windfall.

On the 4th Jerry J. Morris, aged 19, of Grand Rapids, was sentenced in the superior court to 12 years in the Marquette prison for forging an order for $25 and passing it upon a local hotel-keeper. The boy is a confirmed criminal, with his picture in a half dozen rogues' galleries about the country.

Prof. Martin D. Atkins, chief of the department of physics of the Agricultural college, had the sight of one eye destroyed and his face and one hand badly cut by the explosion of a bottle of gunpowder in the physical laboratory while experimenting with the spectroscope to show the spectrum of gunpowder on the 4th.

The heaviest electrical storm in years passed over Clio, on the 31st, lightning striking in several places. It struck A. E. Kelsey's residence, tearing the corner off, and jumped into the flowing well and tore the pipe to pieces and knocked the bottom out, drying it up. The electric light plant had a volt meter burned out and the small motor in the power house.

The U. S. Holds Third Place.

Of the $18,000,000,000 worth of commerce done by all the nations of the world England's share is 18.3 per cent, Germany's 10.8 per cent and 9.7 per cent falls to the lot of the U. S. So states U. S. Consul Winter at Annaberg in a report to the state department comparing the relative positions of the three leading countries in the trade markets of the globe.

The Pan-American Medical congress will hold its next triennial meeting in Havana, Cuba, on Dec. 26, 27, 28 and 29, 1900.

The U. S. transport Hancock, from San Francisco April 17, arrived at Manila on the 3d with the members of the Philippine commission. The members of Gen. MacArthur's staff welcomed the commissioners on board the Hancock. At noon the commissioners landed and drove to the palace, escorted by Gen. MacArthur's staff, a band and two companies of the 26th infantry, with artillery.

Twenty-three warships are now at Taku, nine Russians, three British, three German, three French, two American, two Japanese and one Italian. In addition to their crews the Russians have on board their warships 11,000 troops from Port Arthur, with field equipment. Fourteen thousand Russian troops are held in readiness at Port Arthur.

An epidemic of black cancer rash prevails at West Derby, a suburb of Newport, Vt. Three deaths have occurred within a week, and in each instance the victim has been ill but two days when fatal symptoms appeared.

$45,000,000 THE AMOUNT

Of Our Trade With the New Possessions for the Current Year.

CUBA'S EXPORTS TO THE U. S.

Will Amount to $31,000,000 Against $15,000,000 in 1898—Despite the War Conditions Her Exports Will Exceed That of any Year Since 1894

Trade With Our New Possessions.

Facts that are figures for commercialists appear in the latest output of statistics form the treasury bureau devoted to that art. In the collation of figures relating to exports from the U. S. to Cuba, Puerto Rico and the Hawaiian and Philippine islands, it developes that the sum total for the fiscal year ending with the present month will reach $45,000,000. This will be more than three times as great as in 1896 and more than twice as much as in any year of American commerce with those islands, except 1892-4, when reciprocity greatly increased exports to Cuba and Puerto Rico.

To Cuba the total for the fiscal year seems likely to be fully $25,000,000, against $7,530,000 in the fiscal year 1896 and $24,157,000 in the great reciprocity year 1893, when exports to that island were more than double those of five years earlier. To Puerto Rico, the exports of the year will be in round terms $2,600,000, against an average of $2,750,000 in the reciprocity years 1892, 1893 and 1894, when exports to that island were double those of earlier years. To the Hawaiian islands the total for the year will be about [illegible] [illegible] To the Philippines the total [illegible] [illegible] To the Samoan islands the exports of the year will be about [illegible] [illegible] all the years since [illegible] [illegible]

Relief Force has Reached Koomassie.

The London colonial office has received a dispatch from Cape Coast Castle, dated May 31, saying it is believed there that Capt. Hall with a relief party, entered Koomassie May 26. The governor, Sir Frederick Mitchell Hodgson, with the sick, wounded and refugees, was expected to arrive at Fumsu May 30. Troops, it is added, have been concentrated at Fumsu to overcome any possible resistance by the rebels, who are reported to be in the north. If the report of the relief of Koomassie is correct, it greatly improves the military situation. It is understood that Capt. Hall has with him a force of 800 men and that altogether 1,800 men have been marching to the relief of the beleaguered town. The season is now in full swing and no positive expedition can be successfully undertaken until the autumn.

Premature Explosion of Nitro-Glycerine.

Four men were killed at Whipple, a short distance east of Marietta, O., on the 31st, by a premature explosion of 50 quarts of nitro-glycerine which was being used in shooting an oil well on the Kelly farm. First reports gave a list of six killed, but only four were killed outright, and four others are dying, while three others are crippled for life. As everybody on the ground was either killed or injured, it is next to impossible to get a reliable description of the terrible explosion.

Cholera in India.

The viceroy of India, Lord Curzon, of Kedleston, telegraphs that a good rain has fallen in Mysore and that scattered showers have fallen elsewhere. The cholera in many parts of Bombay and Rajputana has not abated, and is causing much mortality and impedes the relief work. There are now 5,730,000 persons in receipt of relief. In the Kaira district there have been 1,330 deaths in seven days.

'Frisco to be Quarantined.

At a meeting of the board of supervisors of San Francisco, held on the 29th, and attended by the board of health, the Merchants' association and the board of trade and other interested citizens, a resolution was adopted empowering the board of health to quarantine Chinatown or any other infected section of the city and county. The resolution was passed by a vote of 15 to 1, the dissenting vote being cast by Supervisor McCarty, who stated in emphatic terms his belief that plague does not exist and never has existed in the city and county of San Francisco.

The Congress gold mine, 60 miles north of Phoenix, Ariz., has been sold for $1,500,000 to a New York syndicate reported to include Warren Miller and John Mackay. The mine has been regarded as the principal gold producer of Arizona.

By the death of Mrs. Pierre Lorillard Ronalds Dilger, of New York, who married Francklyn Reglid, a youthful actor, the latter becomes a millionaire. The union was consummated nearly six years ago. The bride was then 70 years old, and the groom becomes a widower at 34.

CONGRESSIONAL NOTES.

The record of the first session of the 56th congress is now practically closed, and it is possible to survey the important work it has accomplished during the last six months. It has been a busy congress, the busiest, according to veteran officials, in many years. In some respects the work has been less exciting than that of the preceding congress, which covered the dramatic period when war was declared against Spain and also the period of reconstruction and treaty making with Spain following the successful close of the war. But in work actually actually accomplished and started toward accomplishment the record of the present session stands well in comparison with the most energetic congresses. Our new territorial possessions have received much attention, and while there has been no definite action as to the Philippines or Cuba a form of government and a means of raising revenue has been provided for Puerto Rico, and a comprehensive territorial form of government has been given to Hawaii. The financial act has made important changes in the laws relating to the parity of the metals, the bonded indebtedness, national banks and the security of the treasury by a gold reserve. The Nicaraguan canal bill has passed the house and is on the calendar of the senate ready for attention when congress reconvenes. The anti-trust bill is similarly advanced, the anti-trust constitutional amendment has a defeat recorded against it. The Pacific cable measure has passed the senate and is awaiting final action in the house. The exclusion of Brigham H. Roberts from a seat in the house because of his polygamous status, the refusal of the senate to admit Mr. Quay on the appointment of the governor of Pennsylvania and the sensational [illegible] investigation and developments in the senate in the case of Mr. Clark of Montana have added some exciting [illegible] to the session. The total appropriations [illegible] [illegible]

A few minutes after the senate convened on the 1st, Senator Perkins presented some memorials from business organizations in California requesting congress to make appropriations to relieve the distress of the famine districts in India. [illegible]

The house entered the [illegible] [illegible] The picturesque incidents were few. Partisan passion running high in the face of the impending presidential campaign broke out several times during the afternoon and hot words were bandied across the political aisles. Mr. Hull, of Iowa, and Mr. Lentz, of Ohio, crossed swords and later Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, and Mr. Gaines, of Tennessee, had a lively encounter. Throughout the day at every opportunity there was a play for political advantage and taunts and challenges were bandied back and forth. But all this was merely incidental to the work of [illegible] through the big supply bills which had the right of way.

At the conclusion of a session lasting eight hours, the senate on the [illegible] passed the sundry civil appropriation bill, which has been under consideration for nearly a week. The amendment providing for an appropriation of $5,000,000 for the Louisiana Purchase exposition, to be held in St. Louis in 1903 was continued in the bill. An effort was made to reduce the amount to be appropriated, but it was unsuccessful. An amendment was incorporated providing for the beginning of the work on the memorial bridge between Washington and Arlington cemetery, to be erected in memory of the dead of both the union and confederate armies.

The house on the first, after a lively debate extending over two days, defeated the joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment empowering congress to regulate trusts. It requires a two-thirds vote under the constitution to adopt an amendment to the constitution. The vote stood ayes 154, nays 131. The affirmative vote, therefore, was [illegible] short of the requisite two thirds, 192.

The senate on the 5th confirmed the following nominations: Frank McHandler, marshal for the northern district of Ohio; Brig.-Gen. Elwell S. Otis, U. S. A., to be major-general; John R. Hazel, to be U. S. district judge for the western district of New York.

A tornado of partisan debate swept over the senate on the 5th with Senators Hanna, O., Pettigrew, S. D., and Carter, of Montana, the chief figures. For sensational criminations and recriminations, for bitter personalties and for poignant invective the debate exceeded anything heard on the floor of the chamber for many years. The lie was not passed directly, but the truthfulness of statements was challenged very sharply.

The ex-commander in the Philippines, Maj.-Gen. E. S. Otis, arrived at San Francisco on the evening of the 30th.

The farmers of Kansas will begin next week to harvest the largest wheat crop in the history of the state. Secretary Coburn, of the state board of agriculture, says: "The crop this year will be the heaviest ever known. In 1892 Kansas had 3,800,000 acres of wheat and raised 70,000,000 bushels, an average of 18 bushels to the acre. This year the winter wheat acreage is 4,685,819 as estimated by the growers, and the average yield will be larger than that of 1892. If the yield per acre is the same as in 1892 the aggregate yield will be 85,000,000 bushels. The crop in general was never in better condition.

WAR NOTES.

Maj. March, with his detachment of the 33d regiment, overtook what is believed to have been Aguinaldo's party May 19, at Lagat, about 100 miles northeast of Vigan. The Americans killed or wounded an officer, supposed to be Aguinaldo, whose body was removed by his followers. The Americans on seeing the figures of 25 Filipinos fired a volley and saw the officer drop from his horse. On reaching the spot they caught his horse which was richly saddled. Blood from a badly wounded man was on the animal and the ground. The saddle bags contained Aguinaldo's diary and some state papers, including proclamations. One of these was addressed "to the civilized nations;" it protested against the American occupation of the Philippines. There were also found copies of Senator Beveridge's speech, translated into Spanish and entitled "The death knell of the Filipino people."

Gen. MacArthur has asked for more troops in the Philippines, and has made a special request that only cavalry be sent to him. He also asked that they be regulars. It has been determed at the war department to grant his request, and in a short time three regiments of cavalry will be sent to Manila. They have not yet been selected, but it is probable that one of them will be taken from Cuba. The other two which will go from this country, will be made up of the 6th and a regiment to be determined upon.

Considerable interest is being taken in naval circles in a plan to authorize the North Atlantic squadron to use one of the civil war monitors as a target for the rapid-fire guns of Rear-Admiral Farquhar's vessels. The monitors are of very little value, and the loss would not be great, while the information that could be obtained would be of great value.

TRANSVAAL WAR ITEMS.

After sharp fighting, which raged all day on the 4th and was resumed on the 5th, the Union Jack now flies over the Transvaal capital, Pretoria. It is now a little over eight months since the declaration of war was announced. Lord Roberts has entered Pretoria, fulfilling the promise he made to the troops at Bloemfontein, that he would lead them into the capitol of the Transvaal. While Britain was celebrating the [illegible] [illegible] Great [illegible] was manifested throughout England and Canada when the news of the fall of Pretoria was received. At all places schools were let out, and children paraded the streets singing the national anthem; factories closed down; parades, speeches and other evidences of patriotic enthusiasm followed.

Gen. Warren with [illegible] men occupied a strong defensive position at Faber's [illegible] May 29. At dawn he found [illegible] [illegible] he was [illegible] by the rebels. The [illegible] that the force [illegible] and the Boers were repulsed. A small party in a garden continued [illegible] but evacuated [illegible] leaving a [illegible] The British lost [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] receipt of official word of the fall of Pretoria, London's Lord Mayor cabled Lord Roberts as follows: "The empire will never forget what you have done."

BASE BALL.

[illegible] standing of the clubs in the National and American leagues up to and including Tuesday, June 5th:

	Won.	Lost.	Perct.
[illegible]	21	12	.667
[illegible]	20	15	.571
[illegible]	21	19	.525
[illegible]	19	18	.514
[illegible]	18	18	.500
[illegible]	15	18	.455
[illegible]	13	21	.382
[illegible]	13	22	.371

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Perct.
[illegible]	25	8	.758
[illegible]	21	17	.553
[illegible]	20	17	.541
[illegible]	20	20	.500
[illegible]	20	20	.500
[illegible]s City	20	21	.488
[illegible]	13	24	.351
[illegible]	12	24	.323

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
New York—				
[illegible] grades	$4 50@5 60	$5 10	$8 40	$5 55
[illegible] grades	2 40@3 75	3 50	7 00	5 00
Chicago—				
[illegible] grades	4 90@5 60	5 50	7 00	5 35
[illegible] grades	4 25@4 90	5 00	5 00	5 10
Detroit—				
[illegible] grades	3 75@5 15	4 50	7 00	5 29
[illegible] grades	2 50@3 75	3 50	5 00	4 80
Buffalo—				
[illegible] grades	4 75@5 35	5 15	8 00	5 45
[illegible] grades	4 00@4 25	4 50	6 50	5 25
Cincinnati—				
[illegible] grades	4 75@5 50	5 50	7 25	5 25
[illegible] grades	2 50@4 60	4 25	5 00	4 90
Pittsburg				
[illegible] grades	5 20@5 75	4 85	7 00	5 35
[illegible] grades	2 50@4 75	4 00	6 60	5 00

GRAIN, ETC.

	Wheat, No. 2 red	Corn, No. 2 mix	Oats, No. 2 white
New York	77@77¼	42@42¼	27@27¾
Chicago	67@67	37@37¾	21@21¼
Detroit	73@73¼	39@39¼	26@26
Toledo	74@74¼	38@38¼	22@22
Cincinnati	75@77	41@40	24@24
Pittsburg	75@75¼	41@41¼	28@28
Buffalo	74@74¼	40@40¼	27@27

Detroit—Hay, No. 1 Timothy, $12 50 per ton. Potatoes, 36c per bu. Live Poultry, spring chickens, 9½c per lb; fowls, 9c; turkeys, 10c; [illegible] Eggs, strictly fresh, 11c per dozen. Butter, best dairy, 16c per lb; creamery, 20c.

Twelve British subjects have been imprisoned in Panama, Colombia, without trial.

President Diaz, of Mexico has designated 100 picked rurals to attend the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo as complimentary bodyguard to the president of the U. S.

A $10,000,000 zinc and lead company, backed by English capital, is being formed to operate in the Missouri-Kansas district, to do deep mining where largest bodies of zinc ore lay. Options on nearly $500,000 worth of mining properties have been secured.

Capt. Roberts of the 35th regiment, and his two missing companions, captured at San Miguel de Mayumo, province of Bulacan, island of Luzon, May [illegible] are still in the hands of the insurgents, who have communicated to the Americans that they intend to treat the prisoners well, and in accordance with the laws of war. Capt. Roberts' wife, who is at San Miguel de Mayumo, received a note on May 31 announcing the capture of her husband. Capt. Roberts believes the rebels will exchange him and his companions.

In last week's operations in northern Luzon 46 insurgents were killed, 180 taken prisoners and 309 rifles captured.

BRITISH IN BOER CAPITAL.

Lord Roberts Seizes Pretoria, and Troops Enter.

BATTLE AT SIX MILE SPRUIT.

Burghers Make a Desperate Fight During Advance of Imperial Troops—President Kruger at Lorenzo Marques—Latest News from the Front.

London, June 6.—It is officially announced that the British have occupied Pretoria. The war office has issued the following dispatch from Lord Roberts: "Pretoria, June 5 (11:40 a. m.).—We are now in possession of Pretoria. The official entry will be made this afternoon at 2 o'clock."

Lord Roberts entered Pretoria at 2 o'clock, South African time.

The war office this morning issues the following dispatch received from Lord Roberts: "Six Miles' Spruit, 8:30 p. m., June 4.—We started this morning at daybreak and marched about ten miles to Six Miles' Spruit, both banks of which were occupied by the enemy. Henry's and Ross' mounted infantry, with the West Somerset, Dorset, Bedford and Sussex, companies of yeomanry, quickly dislodged them from the south bank and pursued them nearly a mile, when they found themselves under a heavy fire from guns which the Boers had placed in a well concealed commanding position.

"Our heavy guns of the navy and royal artillery, which had purposely been placed in the front part of the column, were hurried to the assistance of the mounted infantry as fast as oxen and mules could travel over the great, rolling hills surrounding Pretoria. The guns were supported by Stevenson's brigade of Pole-Carew's, and after a few rounds, drove the enemy from their positions.

"The Boers then attempted to turn our left flank, in which they were again foiled by the mounted infantry and yeomanry, supported by Maxwell's brigade of Tucker's division. As, however, they still kept pressing our left rear, I sent word to Ian Hamilton, who was advancing three miles to our left, to incline towards us and fill up the gap between the two columns. This finally checked the enemy, who were driven back toward Pretoria.

"I hoped we would have been able to follow them up, but the days now are very short; and, after nearly two hours' marching and fighting, we had to bivouac on the ground gained during the day.

"The guards brigade is quite near the southernmost fort by which Pretoria is defended and less than four miles from the town.

"French, with the Third and Fourth cavalry brigades, and Hutton's new South Wales mounted rifles, north of Pretoria.

"Broadwood's brigade is between French's and Hamilton's columns; and Gordon is watching the right flank of the main force, not far from the railway bridge at Irene station, which was destroyed by the enemy.

"Our casualties, I hope, are very few."

CHICAGO CHEERS BOERS.

People Turn Out to Greet the Envoys from South Africa.

Chicago, June 6.—The three envoys of the South African Republics arrived in Chicago over the Lake Shore road at 7:50 and were met at the station by a committee headed by Judge Tuley and Mayor Harrison. The envoys are striking looking men, with long beards. Abraham Fischer, C. H. Wessels of Bloemfontein and A. D. W. Wolmarans, the latter from Pretoria, composed the official party, and they were accompanied by Philip Wessels, Mrs. Fischer and J. M. DeBruyn, the latter secretary to the commission. As they alighted from the train they were not seen at first by the committee, and stood waiting patiently beside the platform until Montagu White espied them and started committee toward them. Judge Tuley took the lead, and one after another greeted the far-traveled Boers. A crowd of about 100 had gathered, but there was no cheering and no demonstration. The party was escorted to carriages. In the first vehicle went Judge Tuley with Mr. and Mrs. Fisher, in the second Mayor Harrison with Mr. Wessels, and two members of the reception committee, in the third Montagu White, ex-Judge Prentiss and Judge Dunne with Mr. Wolmarans. Thousands of citizens cheered the envoys as they were being driven to their hotel.

Hand Wins the Election.

Peoria, Ill., June 6.—The election in the Fifth judicial district resulted in the choice of Judge John P. Hand of Henry county, the republican candidate, as successor to Justice Alfred M. Craig of Galesburg, on the Illinois Supreme court bench.

It is useless to advertise for a lost opportunity.

The chronic borrower invariably draws the line at trouble.

Negotiations are frequently opened up with the aid of a corkscrew.

Smiles and frowns are little things, but they are powerful for good or evil.

The love that dwells in a cottage could never thrive off terrapin and champagne.

Some husbands would do almost anything to render their wives unspeakably happy.

Don't get too self-important; the world will move on just the same after you are gone.

The only difference between repartee and impudence is in the size of the man who says it.

Never argue with women. The man who spins a yarn among silks and satins is sure to be worsted.

If a man ever becomes truly great it is usually the help of a devoted wife that is responsible for it.

In the contest for happiness it's a draw between the young girl with her first beau and the young mother with her first baby.

Some people acquire a reputation for being thinkers because they seldom talk, and some acquire a reputation for never thinking because they talk too much.—Chicago News.