MUD-MADE MEN.

THOUSANDS REJUVENATED IN 1895.

Remarkable Vitalising Power of the Famous Magno-Mud Cure and Lithia Water Baths at Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind., Jan. (Special)—During the year 1895 a large number of physicians from all over the country have personally investigated the remarkable natural combination of cures found here for rheumatism, kidney and nervous diseases. This treatment, consisting of the Magno-Mud Cure and Magno-Lithia Baths, taken in connection with the drinking of Magno-Lithia water, has been found by the profession to be the most remarkable and successful remedial power as yet discovered. The end of the year brought reports from many eminent medical men, a number of whom have discussed and recommended the cure in the leading medical journals.

Since the accidental discovery of the virtues of Magno-Mud and Lithia water four years ago, this little valley has become world-famous. A big hotel has been built with all modern improvements, electric light, steam heat, and directly connected with a large bath-house especially constructed for the requirements of Magno-Mud and Lithia Water Baths. People in search of rest, health and pleasure from all over the United States have come in numbers to tax the capacity of the establishment, and have gone to help spread the fame of the cure. The health-seekers have had their pains drawn out by its magno-mud poultices, the debilitated and prematurely old have found new vigor, bringing back the feelings of youth, and those who have looked for rest, recreation and pleasure have found it.

For this season of the year, this resort which is open all year round, has a larger attendance than ever before, those whose sufferings are aggravated by the inclemencies of the winter season finding sure and immediate relief there. The wonderful success of the place makes it apparent that 'ere long it is destined to rival Wiesbaden, Karlsbad and other noted European spas. The proprietors, the Indiana Springs Co., have opened offices at 105 Hudson St., New York City, and 45 Randolph St., Chicago, where all detailed information can be obtained on application, whether personal or by letter.

A Valuable Servant.

"Didn't I tell you, Norah, that I should be at home to no one?"

"Yis, ma'am; but the lady has on jist the foinest new hat yez iver laid oyes on, an' I t'ought it me Christian jooty to hev yez see it."—Harper's Bazar.

The New England Conservatory of Music, Franklin square, Boston, Mass., is undoubtedly the best equipped School of Music in the world. Its pupils are always in demand as teachers on account of their superior musical knowledge and their practical readiness in applying it. In addition, the Conservatory offers the best instruction in Oratory and Modern Languages. The charge is extremely small when its advantages as compared with those offered by similar schools are considered. Prospectus sent free upon application.

Princess Isabelle of Orleans is said to be engaged to the Count of Turin, younger brother of the Duke of Aosta, who married the Princess' sister last year.

Summer Homes.

In the lake regions of Wisconsin, northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, there are hundreds of charming localities pre-eminently fitted for summer homes. Nearly all are located on or near lakes which have not been fished out. These resorts are easily reached by railway and range in variety from the "full dress for dinner" to the flannel-shirt costume for every meal. Among the list are names familiar to many of our readers as the perfection of northern summer resorts. Nearly all of the Wisconsin points of interest are within a short distance from Chicago or Milwaukee, and none of them are so far away from the "busy marts of civilization" that they cannot be reached in a few hours of travel, by frequent trains, over the finest road in the northwest—the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. A description of the principal resorts, with list of summer hotels and boarding houses, and rates for board, will be sent free on application to Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

The American Baptist Publication society held the seventy-second anniversary meeting at Asbury Park, N. J., and was welcomed by Jas. A. Bradley, founder of Asbury Park.

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

Feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feel-

ing is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

A quarter spent in HIRES Rootbeer does you dollars' worth of good.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

CRIPPLE CREEK.—$5 will buy 100 shares of gold mining stock; send for prospectus; references given. MOUNT & MOTZ, Colorado Springs, Colo.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

The Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE.

At Druggists, 50c & $1. Advice & Pamphlet free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

BIRMINGHAM ECCENTRIC.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY WHITEHEAD & MITCHELL.

Entered at the postoffice at Birmingham, Mich., as second-class matter.

PENINSULARITES.

NEWSY NOTES OF PEOPLE AND THINGS OF MICHIGAN.

Mt Clemens, Ortonville, Metamora, Oakwood and Thomas Severely Stricken—The Last Four Practically Wiped Out of Existence.

It is seldom indeed that any portion of Michigan is visited by such a tornado as swept over the counties of Oakland, Macomb and Lapeer. It was a storm of Kansas cyclone fury. It struck about half a mile north of the village of Ortonville and traveled swiftly eastward. Its path was about a mile wide, and everything had to give way. In the townships of Groveland and Brandon it is reported that more than a dozen persons were killed and twice as many hurt. The village of Thomas, on the Bay City division of the Michigan Central railroad, was swept away. From Thomas the wind struck off to the southeast, and the village of Oakwood is also reported to have been swept away. Ortonville reported about 17 to 20 people killed and scores of houses wrecked. The path of the cyclone was then through Macomb county, and reports from Mt. Clemens are to the effect that many buildings were destroyed and several persons seriously injured, four probably fatally.

The telephone and telegraph wires were all torn down, and the only data of the work of the cyclone is furnished by survivors who hurried to the nearest towns. But from comparison of their stories it seems certain that from 20 to 25 lives have been lost, and at least 100 injured.

At Mt. Clemens a clean path of ruin was cut through the city. It dealt with dwelling houses as though they were mere toys, lifting them from their foundations, toppling them over and in some cases utterly demolishing them. A number of persons were buried in the ruins and 11 injured, but probably only one fatally, Mrs. Anna Pohl. Her three sons, aged 14, 12 and 10, are among the injured, the others being Russell Carter, his wife and babe, Mrs. Joseph Harter, Mrs. Wm. Ormsby, Mrs. Anna Belle Teabo and Gustave Cutche.

Michigan Congregationalists.

The 55th annual convention of the Michigan Congregrational association was held at Greenville. Rev. A. M. Hyde, pastor, gave an address of welcome. There were several reports of committee and Rev. C. H. Taintor, of Chicago, gave an admirable lecture, illustrated by stereopticon views, "Men of the Mayflower."

Rev. J. C. Sanderson reported that during the past five years the membership has grown from 23,821 to 30,600, an increase of 30 per cent. The population has gained but 15 per cent. During the last year the increase in the membership roll was 800. The resources of the Home Missionary society are in a low condition, yet during the year seven churches have been added to the roll. The financial depression of the last year had a detrimental effect on the church funds.

The following officers were elected: Moderator, Dr. Daniel F. Bradley, of Grand Rapids; scribe, Rev. B. F. Aldrich, of Pontiac; assistant scribe, Wm. J. Cochrane, of Frankfort; treasurer and register for two years, Rev. John C. Sanderson, of Lansing. The Home Missionary society voted that the churches of the state be requested to raise during the coming year $24,000 for home missions $5,000 of which may apply on the debt of the state society.

Ladies Auxiliary to A. O. U. W.

The grand lodge of the Michigan order, the Degree of Honor, the ladies' auxiliary to the A. O. U. W., was in convention at Detroit with 85 delegates present. After transacting business of interest to the order the following officers were elected: Grand chief of honor, Mrs. Kate B. Joslyn of Muskegon; grand recorder, Mrs. Mary C. Dodge, of Jackson; grand receiver, Mrs. Luelia K. Webster, of Belding; grand lady of honor, Mrs. Mary A. Pratt, of Coldwater; grand chief of ceremonies, Mrs. Jennie E. Woods, of Buchanan; grand usher, Mrs. Emma Adderty, of Detroit; grand inside watch, Mrs. Laura Laziers, of Lake View; grand outside watch, Mrs. Maggie Wentworth, of Marquette. It was decided to hold the next annual meeting at Belding.

Michigan Banks in Good Shape.

State Banking Commissioner Sherwood has issued a consolidated statement showing the condition of the 175 state banks and four trust companies of Michigan, at the close of business May 7. The total resources and liabilities were $86,556,297.25. As compared with Dec. 13, 1895, there was an increase of six banks, the loans and discounts, stocks, bonds and mortgages increased $1,714,190.57, the total resources $585,607.38, and the capital stock $153,036.79. The increase in the aggregate deposits was $226,810.96; in savings deposits $1,441,142.13, and certificates of deposit $260,985.44. The decrease in commercial deposits was $1,284,000.

Equal Suffragists in Convention.

The twelfth annual convention of the Michigan Equal Suffrage association was held at Pontiac. Questions bearing upon the bettering of the condition of women were ably presented and discussed by prominent members of the association. Mayor Carroll delivered the address of welcome which was responded to by M. A. Root, of Bay City. Reports were given from several auxiliary societies in various places which showed steady growth in numbers and interest.

THE TWO PENINSULAS.

W. W. Pierce, a Moline druggist, was found guilty of illegally selling liquor.

James McGregor's 10-year-old son was drowned in Lincoln harbor at Ludington.

The severe frosts the past month have again ruined the blueberry crop in the upper peninsula.

An insane girl was found by the roadside, near Bad Axe, without a stitch of clothing, and taken to jail.

The 9-months-old child of Thomas Huggins, of Dollarville, pulled over a kettle of boiling water and was scalded to death.

August Hartman, a farmer, near East Tawas, literally blew his head off. He placed a heavy charge in a shotgun, filled the barrel with water and placed the muzzle in his mouth. Then he pushed the trigger with a stick. Family troubles.

Sophia Dahl, a domestic in the family of Senator Mason, was killed by a train in the "Soo" yards at Gladstone.

The May musical festival given by the Choral union at Ann Arbor closed with Saint Saen's "Samson and Delilah" and was a spendlid success.

It is said that many of the business men recently burned out at L'Anse will never rebuild. J. B. Smith, one of the mainstays of the town, will move to Detroit.

Mrs. E. Clark, of Port Huron, placed $600 worth of jewelry in the stove for safe keeping and later started a fire in the stove, ruining the treasure completely.

The Acme opera house at Grand Ledge has burned. Loss, $6,000; no insurance. There were several other small losses, including a barber shop and frame building.

Warrants were sworn out at Muskegon by Secretary W. W. Locher, of the Y. M. C. A., for the arrest of five of the men who played base ball on Sunday and also the umpire.

Several weeks ago the women of Lansing formed an association for the purpose of establishing a cottage hospital. They went vigorously to work, and succeeded splendidly.

Owen McKellar and W. T. Price fell a distance of 25 feet at Benton Harbor from a scaffold, which gave way. They were thrown to the stone walk below, sustaining injuries from which both will die.

A committee appointed by Superintendent of Public Instruction Pattengill to visit Agricultural college has reported in favor of adding instruction in the mechanic arts; also that a ladies' course be added.

The army worm is working great havoc in orchards about Birmingham. Mrs. Harrison Young's apple orchard was stripped bare in 24 hours. Louis Stough's orchard, in Royal Oak, was ravaged in the same manner.

The state live stock commissioners at Alpena killed four thoroughbred Jersey cows from the herds of E. O. Avery, two from the herds of W. L. and H. D. Churchill and one belonging J. A. Widner. Tuberculosis.

Dr. J. A. Morey, of Riverdale, committed suicide by taking morphine at Cadillac, where he was living under an assumed name. He left a long letter to his wife at Riverdale and other papers by which his identity was revealed. Morey was a physician of the K. O. T. M. of Riverdale, and serious charges were pending against him.

Eight miners had a narrow escape at the Ashland mine at Ironwood. They were working in No. 7 shaft, drifting on the third level, about 300 feet from the surface, when a cave-in occurred. The accident took place shortly after 5 a. m. and it was thought their doom was sealed, but by diligent working the men were released by 9 o'clock.

The feeling toward Cashier J. L. Kleckner of the Citizens' bank, of Edwardsburg, since the discovery of his alleged shortage of $2,000, has been anything but friendly, and culminated in a very pointed demonstration of disapproval. A large crowd gathered at the Citizens' bank and proceeded to hang Kleckner in effigy amid the hoots and the howls of the mob.

There is more trouble between the Kalamazoo foundrymen and the union molders. The latter have been called out of Wilson's foundry, and the shop of Buckley & Co. The cause of the trouble is the refusal of the firms to make the minimum wages $2 per day. They wish to pay each man according to their estimate of his worth without consulting the union.

Secretary Storrs, of the state board of corrections and charities, has made an official inspection of the jails in Ogemaw, Roscommon, Alcona, Crawford, Iosco, Otsego, Alpena and Cheboygan counties. There was but one prisoner in the jails at Alpena and Cheboygan, and none in the other counties. Secretary Storrs says that this record is unprecedented.

About 20 of the surviving members of the celebrated Loomis battery held their twenty-second annual reunion at Coldwater. At the business meeting the following officers were elected: President, C. A. Lee, of Coldwater; vice, James Harris, of Adrian; secretary and treasurer, R. G. Chandler, of Coldwater; captain, Ad. Burch, of Batavia. A banquet followed.

Lightning struck the house of Justice M. L. Borland at Ribble postoffice and set it on fire. The family had only time to save a few household goods. The postoffice was kept by Mrs. Borland, and all the mail matter, pouches, etc., were consumed. While Mr. Borland was trying so save the stamps and mail, he was overcome by smoke and fell. A neighbor broke in a window and rescued him. Loss, $1,000.

The secretary of state received from his regular crop correspondents nearly 400 reports respecting damage to the wheat crop. It is estimated the damage will reach 26 per cent. The estimate for the central counties is 6 per cent, and for the northern 3 per cent. It is not wholly due to the Hessian fly. The wheat is badly rusted, which explains the discoloration so generally reported. In a number of counties some fields have been plowed up and others cut for fodder.

PARAGRAHIC CHRONICLE.

It is stated on excellent authority that the Mikado contemplates a tour of America and Europe.

Miss Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton), sister of the late James G. Blaine, is at the point of death at her home at Salem, Mass.

Wm. Stamps Cherry, of Chicago, who spent three years in central equatorial Africa, has left on another expedition into that country.

Ex-Commissioner of Pensions Wm. Lochren will open court as United States judge for the Minnesota district about June 1. Judge Lochren relinquished his duties at the pension bureau May 20.

By the explosion of a gasoline stove on Townsend street, Chicago, the family of Otto Malm—six persons—was almost exterminated. Four are dead and a fifth is so badly burned that death is almost certain.

President Cleveland has refused to to send to the senate the correspondence in regard to the treatment of American citizens, on the ground that it is incompatible with the public service to do so at this time.

The revised sentences of the Transvaal reform prisoners have been unfavorably received and a great revulsion of feeling is evident among the Afrikanders. It is declared by a most independent and trustworthy authority that President Kruger insisted that all the sentences by imprisonment should be replaced by fines. For three days he pressed this view, but he was overcome by a majority of the executive council.

The strike at the shipyards of the Globe Iron Works Co. at Cleveland, has been settled, and all the men returned to work. The men get an advance.

GRINDING OUT OUR LAWS.

SENATE—131st day—The fortifications bill, the last one of the appropriation bills, was passed, but there were warm debates over two amendments which were defeated finally. One was by Mr. Gorman for the issue of $100,000,000 3 per cent treasury certificates to meet prospective deficiencies. The other by Mr. Peffer, of Kansas, for the issue of greenbacks to meet the appropriations made by the fortifications bill. A bill was passed amending the pension laws so that those who served in the confederate service and thereafter entered the union service prior to September, 1864, serving for 90 days, shall not be debarred from pension by reason of previous confederate service; for the relief of homestead settlers on unsurveyed public land. HOUSE—The immigration restriction bill was passed by a large vote. The Corliss amendment went through without any trouble. This amendment is particularly aimed at Canadians; excluding aliens who come across the border year after year to perform labor in the U. S. with no intention of settling therein. It declares all labor contracts with aliens void and makes parties thereto within the jurisdiction of the United States punishable by a fine of $1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding one year; makes it a misdemeanor for naturalized citizens who have returned to a foreign country, making the same his home, to again perform labor in the United States; makes it a misdemeanor for any alien to cross the border, for labor in the United States except at a port of entry, and imposes a head tax of 50 cents on each immigrant.

SENATE—132d day—The senate had an hour of much excitement, with a resort to obstructive tactics and several heated controversies. The early portion of the session had been given to the routine of agreeing on conference reports on appropriation bills. Then Mr. Butler, Populist, of North Carolina, moved to take up his bill prohibiting the further issue of interest bearing bonds. Mr. Hill immediately moved an adjournment, securing a yea and nay vote in order to gain time. The motion to adjourn was defeated, whereupon Mr. Chandler followed with a motion for an executive session. Dilatory motions followed this until the time was consumed. A privileged conference report on the river and harbor bill, not including the California items, was presented and agreed to, and the senate adjourned. HOUSE—There was considerable feeling expressed over President Cleveland's veto of the pension of Francis Hoover, of the Ohio volunteers and the pension was granted over the veto by a vote of 196 to 47. The house then proceeded to consider the bill to authorize the President to appoint a non-partisan commission to collate information and to consider and recommend legislation to meet the problems presented by labor, agriculture, capital, and business. Mr. Phillips, Rep., Pa., the chairman of the labor committee and the author of the bill, addressed the house.

SENATE.—133d day.—The bill to prohibit the issue of bonds was debated most of the day. Mr. Hill attacked the bill as a barefaced attempt at repudiation, by an indirect cutting off of the only means existing for a repeal of the greenbacks. Senators Sherman, Gray, Hawley and Lodge spoke in opposition to the bill, and Senators Mills, Butler, Allen, Stewart and Clark for it. The tariff question came in for incidental consideration and Senators Sherman, George and Gray expressed the view that it would be a disgrace if congress adjourned without enacting a law to increase the revenues. HOUSE.—The Phillips labor commission bill was completely crowded out by the conference reports on the river and harbor and sundry civil bills. The conference report on the river and harbor bill, which reported an agreement on all the items save that relating to the Santa Monica and and San Pedro harbors, California, was made the basis of a verry bitter attack on the bill by Messrs. Hepburn, Rep., Ia., and Dockery, Dem., Mo., but the report was finally adopted. The conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was rejected.

SENATE.—134th day—The day was consumed by the "filled cheese" bill and the second installment of the speech by Mr. Allen, Pop., Neb., on the bill to prohibit the issue of bonds without authority of congress. On the ground that the "filled cheese" bill was a revenue measure, several amendments to raise revenue were offered but all failed. About 40 private pension bills were passed, thus clearing the calendar. HOUSE.—The final report of the river and harbor bill, carrying the compromise proposition relative to the rival Santa Monica and San Pedro harbors, Cal., was adopted without division. The bill now goes to the President. It carries $12,850,000 in direct appropriations and authorizes contracts to the extent of $59,649,000. The final report on the executive, legislative and judicial bill was also adopted. The bill as it goes to the President carries $21,520,000, $370,000 less than the bill of last year. The sundry civil and Indian appropriations bills were sent back to conference the house insisting on its provision in the latter bill relating to sectarian schools. Mr. Howard, Pop., Ala., sprang a sensation by offering a resolution for the impeachment of President Cleveland, but he was promptly squelched.

Booth's Captor is Dead.

Lieut. Luther B. Baker, who, as an officer in the government detective service, had charge of the party which captured J. Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, died at Lansing, aged 66 years. Lieut. Baker was the first to strike Booth's trail as he crossed the Rappahannock. He demanded the assassin's surrender at the barn. He was also the first person to reach Booth after Corbett had shot him, and received his dying message to his mother. The horse "Buckskin" which Baker rode on the occasion of Booth's capture, died at Lansing a few years ago, and his stuffed frame is in the museum at the Agricultural college.

F. J. Kieckhofer, the chief of the bureau of accounts and disbursing officer of the state department, was arrested at Washington, on three warrants charging him with embezzlement. His shortage is said to reach $137,000.

Rev. Francis Hermann, pastor of the First Scandinavian church of Salt Lake City, has disappeared, as have also two girls—Henrietta Clausen and Annie Samuelson—and it is now alleged that the preacher murdered the girls and then skipped.

A notable event in the political world was the visit of Senator M. S. Quay, of Pennsylvania, to Hon. Wm. McKinley at the latter's home at Canton, O. The importance of the visit is in the fact that Mr. Quay is generally believed to oppose Mr. McKinley's nomination as the Republican candidate for the presidency.

Fire broke out in a coal bunker next to a powder magazine on the U. S. battleship Indiana in the Brooklyn navy yards and things looked very serious for a time, but the plucky salts removed the explosives and extinguished the fire.

GENERALITIES.

GLIMPSES OF THE DOING OF THE BUSY WORLD.

At Least 60 People Killed and Scores Injured by a Tornado Which Struck Several Sections of the States of Iowa, Illinois and Kansas.

Sections of Iowa, Illinois and Kansas were visited by a cyclone of awful fury which killed at least 60 people, fatally injured 20 others and less seriously hurt over 50 more. The property loss is heavy, but accurate estimates are thus far an impossibility. The first list of killed stands as follows: Jasper county, Ia., 10; Polk county, Ia., 9; Rockford, Ill., 4; Monroe Center, Ill., 2; Galena, Ill., 1; Elgin, Ill., 1; North McGregor, Ia., 30; Durango, Ia., 5; Fort Scott, Kansas, 2.

The storm originated near the town of Ankeny, 95 miles north of Des Moines. As near as can be ascertained from those who saw the sight, two clouds, one from the northwest and one from the southwest, met and then dropped down on the earth and wrought havoc on all that was within their reach. The storm moved northeast. Near the town of Bondurant it killed its first victims, the four members of the Baillie family. The villages of Valeria, Mingo and Santiago, Jasper county, were nearly wiped from the face of the earth, and adjacent counties were laid waste with considerable loss of life and great destruction of railway and other property. At Durango, Ia., the flood that swept down the valley, struck the station in which were Mrs. Clark, the agent, and her four children, besides Tom Griffin, a brakeman; Joe Griffin, car repairer, and seven others. They were all on the depot platform when the water struck it and swept it away and only two were saved. There were serious disturbances in eastern Iowa and they were in the wake of the same cloud which crossed the Mississippi river in Clayton county.

Passengers reaching Dubuque from the north say that from 25 to 30 persons have been drowned at North McGregor, Ia. Among the dead are a man named Maloney, his wife, child and grandchild and families named Burke and Meyer wiped out leaving no trace. Eighteen are said to have been drowned in these three families alone. A number of tramps are also known to have been lost. Other names could not be had. Two small streams unite at Bula and flow from that point to the Mississippi. The flood of the two united and swept everything, lumber yards, houses and cars between Bula and North McGregor into the Mississippi. Previous estimates of loss of life placed the number of drowned at 12.

The storm occurred between 9 and 10 p. m. accompanied by a deafening roar, a deluge of rain and hail. Its track was several miles in length and from a quarter to half a mile in width. A great amount of live stock was killed and the crops in the path of the storm utterly destroyed. The district traversed by the storm is very fertile. It is settled with well-to-do farmers and villagers. Timber and dead stock are strewn over the path of the storm in all directions. It is reported that on the Illinois Central between Dubuque and Sioux City eighteen bridges were washed away, and another at Bellevue is gone. North the road is badly washed out. Other roads suffered severely. Lost bridges and washouts and wires down are reported all along.

When the storm crossed the Mississippi river into Illinois it again took up its work of death and destruction. A Rockford dispatch says: Four killed and many injured, a number of them fatally, is the result of the cyclone which swept through this section, besides great loss to property and the complete ruin of crops in the path of the storm.

The storm caused a property loss of $100,000 in Galena, Ill. The river swelled rapidly, flooding several streets. It was the heaviest fall of rain ever known there. One fatality is reported, Mrs. R. D. Strickland, who was drowned in her home. The tornado visited Elgin, Ill. John Keogh, engineer in the state insane asylum, was killed by a falling chimney. The Elgin Sewing Machine & Bicycle factory was blown down and many farm buildings were leveled.

Eight Killed by Cyclones.

A disastrous cyclone and water spout passed through the country near Guthrie, Ok., causing great damage. At Edmont 20 houses were demolished and Harvey Rich and daughter were killed. At White Eagle three cyclones swept by within an hour and 12 houses were demolished and 40 or 50 head of stock were killed. At Black Bear John Rodgers and wife and a farmer named White were killed, and all the members of the latter's family seriously injured. At Cushing Harris McIntyre and daughter, Peter Davis and son and Jennie Wilmer were killed. Eight cyclones swept a radius of 50 miles in that vicinity within five days.

NEWS ITEMS IN BRIEF.

The twelfth annual May musical festival at Cincinnati was a huge success.

The railroad commissioners of the various states held their eighth annual convention at Washington, with 25 states represented and S. R. Billings, of Michigan, as chairman.

The grand jury at Jacksonville, Ill., returned indictments against the heads of Illinois college and the Catholic and parochial schools for not having flags on their school buildings.

Walter G. Dygert, the Illinois boy confined in a Spanish prison at Guines, Cuba, has asked the U. S. government to compel the Spanish government to pay him $100,000 damages.

The whole Sawyer family, consisting of father, mother and grown up son, were found in their home near Ava, Mo., murdered. The three bodies were found piled together under a bed and covered with a blanket.

The British steamship Horsa, the vessel which has become notorious as an alleged Cuban filibuster, put in at South Port, N. C., with only a burned out hull, fire having raged on board for over 24 hours. The captain disappeared at the same time and it is suspected that some of the Spanish sailors murdered the captain, threw him overboard and set the vessel on fire.

The one hundred and eighth assembly of the Presbyterian church of the United States was held at Saratoga, N. Y. Dr. Robert Russell Booth, of New York, the retiring moderator, preached the opening sermon. The furtherance of benevolent and missionary work were the principal matters for consideration. Dr. John L. Withrow, of Chicago, was elected moderator on the first ballot.

Mrs. Gottfreidt Bopp, aged 55, committed suicide at North Lansing by cutting an artery in her wrist and nearly cutting her head off.

AN INVITATION.

It Gives Us Pleasure to Publish the following Announcement.

All women suffering from any form of illness peculiar to their sex are requested to communicate promptly with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America. This confidence has induced more than 100,000 women to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice during the last few months.

Think what a volume of experience she has to draw from! No physician living ever treated so many cases of female ills, and from this vast experience surely it is more than possible she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case.

She is glad to have you write or call upon her. You will find her a woman full of sympathy, with a great desire to assist those who are sick. If her medicine is not what you need, she will frankly tell you so, and there are nine chances out of ten that she will tell you exactly what to do for relief. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has relieved thousands.

Surely, any ailing woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never in the history of Mrs. Pinkham's wonderful Compound has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day.

Eight hundred thousand francs $150,000, has been given to the Paris Academy of Medicine by a Mme. Audriffred, the income to be paid yearly to the man that discovers a specific remedy for consumption, whether a Frenchman or a foreigner.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

The fool has one great advantage. He never lets his better judgment get away with him.

Gone Out of Plate Glass.

Wm. Reid, the well-known wholesale dealer in paints and glass, 124 to 128 West Larned St., Detroit, announces that he has sold his stock of plate glass to the Pittsburg Plate Glass Co., and has discontinued that branch of his business. The Company are the largest producers of plate glass in the world.

The less people know about each other, the politer they are to each other.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

A Boston woman speaks of a dirt wagon as a "real estate conveyance."

FITS—All fits stopped free by **Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer.** No Fits after the first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Raising peppermint is the leading industry of Wayne county, N. Y.

Coe's Cough Balsam

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The Most Successful Medicine in the World for Coughs, Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough.

Bad Colds and LaGripee Quickly Cured by It.

PNEUMONIA PREVENTED.

The Lives of Many Croupy Children Saved.

Cheap at $10.00 a Bottle—It Costs but 25 and 50 Cents.

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When troubled with a cough or cold, give this remedy a trial. You are certain to be pleased with it, for it is prompt and effectual.

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It Is Splendid.

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We have been using Shiloh's Consumption Cure and think it is splendid—WILSON & GREEN, Publishers of THE RECORD.

It Saves the Croupy Children.

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All Dangerous Consequences Avoided.

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A few weeks ago the editor was taken with a very severe cold that caused him to be in a most miserable condition. It was undoubtedly a bad case of la grippe and recognizing it as dangerous he took immediate steps to bring about a speedy cure. From the nature of the case it was necessary to procure the very best and most speedy cure. From the advertisement of Shiloh's Consumption Cure and the many good recommendations included therein, we concluded to make a first trial of the medicine. To say that it was satisfactory in its results, is putting it very mildly, indeed. It acted like magic and the result was a speedy and permanent cure. We have no hesitancy in recommending this excellent remedy to anyone afflicted with a cough or cold in any form. Its use has proved a paying investment—through a thorough and speedy cure—to us and we are sure all who use it according to directions will find it to be what we claim. Shiloh's remedies are all good—at least that is the reputotion they have around here.—The Examiner, Vincent, N. J.

The great danger from the grip as well as a severe cold is from its tendency to result in pneumonia. Shiloh's Consumption Cure prevents this.

The above remedy is manufactured by S. C. Wells, Leroy, N. Y., and sold in Birmingham by Whitehead & Mitchell.

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10c for Small Package.
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Castorena destroys worms.
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