THE BIRMINGHAM ECCENTRIC.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
WHITEHEAD & MITCHELL.

Entered at the postoffice at Birmingham, Mich., as second class matter.

THE green apple and cucumber are preparing to get together and deliberate on the best means of making their presence felt.

THERE is never any dearth of interest and urgent business at a printers' national convention. The typos take to politics and 'lections as naturally as a duck takes to water.

IT would be a useful and salutary thing if some strong government would put a sanitary cordon around Mecca. Pilgrimages that breed pestilence ought to be abolished by force of arms, if need be.

AN Oklahoma judge, recognizing a large and flagrant instance of contempt, descended from the bench long enough to purge the offending lawyer of it. The method was not genteel, but it was striking and more effective than the imposition of a fine that is never collected.

A QUANTITY of royal bones, all properly labeled, have been discovered in a garret of the Louvre. There is still hope for several American millionaires who are looking to marry daughters to royal titles. So long as the label is A No. 1 it doesn't matter whether life and brains go with the royal bones or not.

NEARLY everybody pronounces the name "Samoa" wrong. The man who has charge of the Samoa villagers at the world's fair says: "I notice that the people here pronounce the name of our island in three syllables with the accent on the 'o'—Sam-o-a. This is wrong; it is pronounced in two syllables, with the accent on the first—Sam-oa."

EDWIN BOOTH was a shining example of the man who minded nobody's business but his own. Yet the world complained that he didn't let more people into his private concerns and there were folks, too, who were sadly grieved, if not exasperated, because he didn't give them a chance to mind his business for him. Mind your business!

IN faraway Servia a politician whose campaign speeches seemed likely to disintegrate the pull of the opposition, was lured into a byway and killed. In America he would have escaped with his life, and later, viewing his reputation, would have regretted the fact. The Servian way cannot be recommended, but it is relatively less brutal than it seems when hastily viewed.

AN Oakland man engaged as party of the second part in a family broil shot himself by way of creating sympathy. It is doubtful if he obtained the desired boon. People are decrying the judgment he showed in putting a bullet in his leg while his head gave unmistakable evidence of needing something substantial in it, and ordinary discernment will detect little sympathy in such comment.

THE fact that prince and princess are but human has come to be acknowledged. Aside from the greater probability of being tainted, the blood that courses through the veins of royalty is believed to be much like other blood of other people. Yet there is just a suspicion of pain caused by the announcement that the Infanta, scorning angel food and pie, has been filling up on sausage and beer.

THREE judges, good and wise, passed upon the statutes regulating the gates of the world's fair. The result was three entirely different constructions of a law that other men—good and wise also according to their lights—had drawn up with a special view to clearness. If legislators cannot interpret what the legislators say, the gentlemen on the bench might settle grave problems by pulling straws.

A RESIDENT of Helena, Mont., having been apprehended in an attempt to blow up a bank with dynamite, made as excuse the seemingly irrelevant allegation that he was hungry. It does not seem presumptuous to counsel him to seek other means of relief. The next time the pangs of appetite get hold upon him if he will swallow the bomb and then kick himself with a vigor born of despair the result will be found more satisfactory.

A BODY lately in solemn session in Pennsylvania adopted resolutions that the duty of members was to refrain from voting at state and general elections. This was not, as might be supposed, an indication that they did not deem themselves good enough for the franchise, but, on the contrary, meant that the franchise was not good enough for them. Then the pastors went back to their flocks, each cherishing the delusion that he is a useful and pattern citizen.

AN Oregon farmer has Shanghai chickens that are said to boast of fifteen toes apiece. Remarkable poultry. It is not so strange that they should have the toes as that they should realize the fact, and thrill with ostentatious pride thereat.

VENEZUELA has in preparation a new constitution. The old one is so tattered and torn that the revolutionist feels it to be hardly good enough for trampling on. He awaits with what patience he may the promulgation of something worthy of his heel.

THERE is no truth in the statement that a navy yard derrick is to be employed to get Commander Davis down from his high horse after the infanta goes home. The increased weight of his own head will bring him to the ground with a dull thud.

A NEVADA cowboy lassoed another of the craft and dragged him to death. It is of course known that the wild and woolly West is a thing of the past, but once in a while symptoms of the old turbulence will show itself in spots.

ZOLA has had a taste of life's bitter realism, and can feel what he writes hereafter. He has been blackmailed by the French academy, and the misfortune that came upon Lotta when Sorosis rejected her was no greater than this.

IT will not be long before American travelers will have an opportunity to ride to Jamaica and Central American ports in an American line of steamers. The service between these ports and New York promises to be fortnightly.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

BEAUTIFUL ROW IN THE GREAT HIVE L. O. T. M.

High Officials Charged With Misusing the Order's Funds.—No Militia Encampment at the World's Fair.

The row in the ranks of the order of the L. O. T. M. in Michigan has begun to assume a serious phase. Mary Maharn, a member of Saginaw hive, and the great lady sentinel of the great hive, began a sensational suit against Leota L. Becker, great commander; Ada L. Johnson, great record keeper, and Nettie Cathcart, great finance keeper, for misusing the endowment funds of the order.

The plaintiffs allege that from the published official records it appears that between June 30, 1391, and Aug. 1, 1892, there was received by the defendants $4,153.23 in excess of the amount accounted for by them; that the balance in the general fund at the end of February, 1893, was $1,141.62, but that the amount placed to the credit of the general fund on the first of March was only $141.62; that on the 28th of February, 1893, the balance placed to the credit of the endowment fund of the order was $3,979.90; that the amount of such balance ought to have been $341.55 more; and that those are only a few of many like cases.

It is charged upon the information that the defendants have combined with other and unknown persons and have wrongfully abstracted from funds of the great hive and applied to unauthorized purposes and to their own use large sums of money. Plaintiffs ask that defendants may be required to account to said great hive for moneys received by them belonging to the great hive since June 30, 1891, and that they be decreed to return to the proper funds the moneys found to have been wrongfully taken therefrom. The declaration alleges that the suit is commenced in behalf of all members of the great hive not included as defendants.

TO JACKSON FOR LIFE.

Frank L. Hayes Convicted of the Murder of Drug Clerk Kelly at Detroit.

The prolonged trial of Frank L Hayes for the murder of Drug Clerk Fred H. Kelly at Detroit has reached an end and the accused has been convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to Jackson for the rest of his natural life.

Fred H Kelly was a clerk in Caldwell's drug store and occupied a room in the rear of the store. On the morning of November 19, last, the body of Kelly was found in the cellar of the store with a bullet wound in his head and a deep veil of mystery surrounded the case. His overcoat, gloves and other articles were missing and a small amount of change had been taken from the money drawer. A short time previous a robbery had been committed at the store while Kelly was exercising on his bicycle and the safe rifled by someone who knew the combination. Hayes had been discharged from the clerkship which Kelly then held, and suspicion was directed toward him and he was arrested within a few hours after the discovery of the murder. In his possession were found Kelly's overcoat and revolver. Hayes protested his innocence and throughout his long imprisonment and trial his indifferent demanor was the remark of everybody who saw him. The prosecution worked very hard on the case and the defense fought every point, the judge's charge was clear and unprejudiced in any particular; the jury was out 2 hours and 14 minutes and returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. A new trial will be asked for.

SOLDIER BOYS CAN'T GO.

Attorney-General Ellis Sets Down Hard on the Plan to Send Troops to the Fair.

Attorney-General Ellis has sent Gov. Rich the written opinion asked for by him as to whether, under the statutes, the military funds can be made available for paying the expenses of the proposed Chicago encampment, and as to such other questions relating to such encampment as he deemed worthy of consideration. The opinion is of considerable length. The attorney-general says:

"The paying out of money to pay the expenses or per diem of the state militia, to hold a camp on the grounds of the Columbian Exposition at Chicago, would not only amount to paying out money which was not appropriated by law, but would be the expending of money for one purpose which was expressly appropriated to be expended for another and different purpose."

The legislature had ample power to make the necessary change in the law to legalize the Chicago encampment, but for reasons best known to itself, failed to do so. Appreciating the fact that it is almost the unanimous wish of the troops to go to Chicago, and that it would be a source of pride to the state, the attorney-general concludes by saying that he would gladly suggest some legal way by which the military fund might be used for the purpose desired, but in the light of the plain provisions of the constitution and the statutes of the state, he regrets that he is unable to do so.

A New Michigan Town.

The Lupton Land company is the name of an extensive corporation which is engaged in establishing a village in Ogemaw county. The location has been secured and the town has already been platted. It will be known as "Lupton," after the chief promoter of the scheme, and will be essentially a manufacturing place. The site is 22 miles from West Branch and 35 miles from East Tawas. It is but a short distance from the main line of the Michigan Central and will be connected with it by a branch road. The Lupton Land company is composed of prominent capitalists of this and other states and is the same company which laid out Harvey, Ind.

A Fast Trotting Colt.

Mason Nutwood, the handsome 2-year-old colt owned by Coe Brothers, of Mason, trotted a mile at the driving park at Lansing in 2:35, the last quarter being made at a 2:24 clip. This remarkable performance is the talk of the numerous horsemen at the park, who claim that the Mason horse is the most promising 2-year-old on the turf.

Dying of Hydrophobia.

In April last Bertha Burnham, of Deerfield, who has just graduated from the high school there with the highest standing of any in her class, was bitten by a dog. She exhibited signs of hydrophobia and has continued to sink ever since. Three physicians are attending her, but claim she cannot recover. The dog has disappeared.

Michigan's First.

The office of state food and dairy commissioner, created by the last legislature, has been filled by Governor Rich by the appointment of Charles E. Storrs, of Muskegon.

A saw mill on Muskegon lake owned by the Muskegon Booming company burned. It was built in 1867, was leased to Firman & Harper, and uninsured. The loss is about $6,000. It required heroic efforts to save the Chicago & West Michigan bridge near the mill.

All railroads in Michigan will sell round trip tickets to Bay View for one fare from July 10 to 19 inclusive, good to return up to August 17. This will cover the best part of the Bay View season, as the summer university opens on July 12, the assembly on July 19, both closing on August 16.

MICHIGAN STATE ITEMS.

Tecumseh Episcopalians will rebuild their church.

Marcellus wants water works and wants them badly.

The school seat factory at Marcellus has shut down until fall.

Lansing policemen are shooting all unlicensed dogs on sight.

The Barry County Telegraph association is constructing a line through the county.

Alpena county people on July 21 vote on the county road supervision system.

Diphtheria is raging at Roscommon. There are said to be five cases in one family.

Hon. T. W. Palmer has subscribed $10,000 toward a lectureship at Albion college.

A summer normal school is being held at Carsonville with a large attendance.

A Marlette school teacher had one of her eyes closed by a blow from an unruly pupil.

Emil Pirttimaa, of Hancock, aged 18, was drowned while bathing in the Portage river.

A new triple telegraphic cable has been laid between St. Ignace and Mackinaw City,

William Waugh was severely injured by being thrown from a sulky at the Marcellus races.

The 8-year-old child of George Unsworth, of Houghton, was struck and killed by a train.

All the wheelmen of the upper peninsula will participate in a big tournament at Menominee on July 4.

Tramps will do well to keep out of Benton Harbor. The officials make 'em do street work there now.

The Adrian W. C. T. U. has placed a penny-in-the-slot ice-water machine at the principal corner of the city.

Mayor Howard, of Pontiac, has issued an edict to the effect that there will be no more open saloons on Sundays.

The Convoy Coal company, of Saginaw, has struck a fine vein of coal at Elk. It is covered by a 10-foot coat of slate.

It has been definitely decided by the business committee of the State Agricultural society not to hold a state fair this year.

Belleville has let contracts for the building of two iron bridges, to cost $1,237. They will be completed September 1.

Paw Paw's new fire engine was all that saved the village from total destruction. Two houses, several barns, four horses and two cows were burned.

At the rhetorical contest of Olivet college Owen W. Moore, of Battle Creek, was awarded first prize and Arthur C. Cole, of Memphis, honorable mention.

Bliss & Vanauken, of Saginaw, have purchased 60,000,000 feet of standing timber and S. G. M. Gates, of Bay City, 20,000,000 feet both in the Georgian Bay country.

Miss Jennie Doughty, a popular Jackson school teacher, was badly injured in a runaway. Her escort, Edward Wolcott, was also injured, though not so severely.

The business of the Michigan Mutual Benefit association of Hillsdale has been closed up by order of the Hillsdale circuit court. Claims amounting to $43,000 remain unpaid.

Pumps are now working full force at the Ludington-Hamilton mines at Iron Mountain, unwatering the mines. About 6,000,000 gallons of water are pumped out every 24 hours.

Two Flint boys, Edson Helmer and "Newark Jack," about 18 years old, have been arrested at Kalamazoo, charged with stealing 40 pairs of pants from the Flint woolen mills.

Burglars drilled the postoffice safe at Holland but did not get it open. They secured $25 worth of stamps, however, and also rifled Vanderveen's hardware store and Smeenge's grocery.

The barns and their contents, including three horses, farming implements and vehicles belonging to Chas. Newington, of near Romulus, were struck by lightning and burned.

Mrs. Fred Lewis, who is dangerously ill at Big Rapids, desires to know the whereabouts of her two brothers, Michael and Peter Garrity. They were last heard from in the upper peninsula.

"The City Council the Servant of Saloons" was the subject of Rev. Camden Cobern's sermon in the Ann Arbor Methodist church and he said so many scorching things that the whole town is aroused.

During a ball game at Harvard, Floyd Haynes struck James O'Hern with a club, and ran for the woods. O'Hern's skull is fractured and he will probably die. Officers and citizens are searching for Haynes.

It has been found necessary to bore holes in the jaw of Wiley Putnam, of Coldwater, and pass wires through to keep the jaw together. Putnam was kicked in the face several days ago and is in a dangerous condition.

Mary A. Davis, an Eaton girl, has shown signs of insanity since her father died in a short time ago. The other night she walked to his grave, a distance of a mile, in a night robe. She was found their and now dangerously sick.

The large barn of Ed Martin, who lives east of Corunna, was destroyed by fire with all contents; loss, about $2,000. Kerosene had been poured on the side of the kitchen, and it is also thought that the barn was set on fire. An attempt was made to burn the Valley City mills, but the fire was discovered in time to save the building.

At a boarding house at Grand Haven Barney Zwagman, a peddler, and his roommate, Ed Kraus, got into a quarrel over some trivial matters. Zwagman pulled a knife and attempted to cut Kraus' throat. By hard fighting Kraus saved his throat, but received a cut to the bone that extended half way around the front part of his head.

Two men were killed in a frightful manner at the Chapin mine, at Iron Mountain. Gust Johnson and John Larson were missed. It was thought that they had been buried alive. The second evening the two were found, standing upright, dead. Their mouths, noses and ears were filled with sand. They are supposed to have died a few minutes after the cave in occurred, as all air was shut off.

The 400-ton steam barge S. C. Clark, loaded with coal, bound up, owned by J. W. Squires, of Marine City, was partly burned 12 miles above Sanilac. Capt. Wm. Smith and crew of 12 men abandoned her and were taken to Marine City by the steam barge Kalkaska. Capt. Pringle, of the steam barge Desmond, owned by the Jenks Shipbuilding company, of Port Huron put out the fire and towed the burning vessel to the latter port.

The recent escape of two "trusties" from Jackson prison has prompted Warden Chamberlain to take steps toward relieving himself of the old employes whom he found at the prison when he took charge. He asked for the resignations of A. E. Hall, conductor; F. B. Oakley, superintendent of mails; N. Plough, E. J. Clark and Charles Call, keepers; F. C. Case, another keeper, evidently knew what was coming and tendered his resignation.

Chas. Schoenfeldt, a dissipated Monroe man, returned home from a protracted spree, fell down at his door-step and died.

A HARD BLOW AT SILVER

THE EAST INDIA GOVERNMENT STOPS FREE COINAGE.

Financial and Political Circles Discuss the Sensation—Bankers' and Miners' Opinions—Other News.

London cable: In the house of lords the earl of Kimberly, lord president of the council and secretary of state for India, stated that the Indian council had passed an act for the immediate closing of the Indian mints to the free coinage of silver. He further said that it is intended to introduce the gold standard in India, but that gold in the meantime will not be made the sole legal tender. In the house of commons Mr. Gladstone gave information similar to that given in the house of lords by the earl of Kimberly. He added that gold would not be made a legal tender at present. Regarding the silver now on the way to India Mr. Gladstone said that the government of India had been instructed that it was open to it to admit this silver to the mints if it thought fit.

How it Affects American Silver.

New York special: The cessation of the free coinage of silver by the government of India has been a fruitful source of conversation among financiers. A prominent banker, who is also one of the heaviest silver bullion dealers on Wall street, said to a reporter when the announcement came: "That is a crushing blow to silver. The effect will be paralyzing upon the whole silver market, and I think the settlement of the silver question in this country is now at hand. The basis, of currency, in India is silver. The mints have been open for free coinage and such immense quantities of silver have been presented by private parties and the circulation of silver became so great that the price of the Indian rupee has been declining for months."

Another large bullion shipper said: "I don't see how the action of the Indian government in closing the mints will much diminish the demand for silver in India. India is a creditor country and I do not see how her balance of trade is to be settled save in the old way, by imports of silver."

McKinley at the Fair.

Gov. William McKinley, Jr., of Ohio, visited Chicago and followed the crowd to the fair. It was his first visit to the World's Fair, and he was honored by an informal reception, which was tendered to him by the Ohio commissioners at the state building. He was accompanied by his wife. On entering the grounds the celebrated high tariff advocate was recognized by many and he was cheered lustily by the crowd which followed the carriage to the Ohio state building. Here a large concourse of people had gathered, and amid hearty cheering Gov. McKinley passed within the building. The doors of the building were thrown open, and for an hour a solid stream of humanity crowded through and shook hands with the governor, who addressed the people for a few moments.

ADDITIONAL MICHIGAN.

Bay County for Good Roads.

The total vote of Bay county on the stone road question as received amounted to 2,246. Of this, 2,243 were in favor of the system and but 183 against it. In many of the townships not an opposition vote was cast.

The board of supervisors took the last steps toward the adoption of the county road system under the recent legislative amendments by fixing the number of county road commissioners at five and ordering a special election, at which the commissioners will be elected, to be held July 25. The salary of the commissioners was fixed at $150 per year.

Killed at the Tunnel.

Angus McDonald, a brakeman working for the St. Clair Tunnel company, attempted to jump from the top of a freight car to the tender of the engine just as the train was entering the tunnel on the Port Huron side. He fell short and dropped to the rails between the cars and was killed instantly. He was a single man.

Drank Corrosive Sublimate.

While the family of Joseph VanZant was moving into a new home at Deerfield a 3-year-old daughter found a bottle in the woodshed and drank of its contents. It contained corrosive sublimate, and although everything possible was done to save her she died in a few hours in great agony.

A deaf mute named Giles Kirk was killed by a train while walking along a railroad track near Watervliet.

Adjt.-Gen. Eaton says there is nothing to prevent the state militia going into camp at Chicago, the attorney general to the contrary notwithstanding

A. B. Brayden, of Coldwater, has been convicted of violating the Branch county local option law, making the second conviction. Six others are yet to be tried. Both convictions will be taken to the supreme court.

Albert Kemp, a Bangor man, built a boat and started with his family on a trip to Florida. He went across the lake to Chicago, then to the Mississippi by way of the Illinois canal, and will go down to the gulf.

Contractor McFarland announced a cut of 25 per cent in ore trimmer's wages at Marquette. All the men quit work and walked out. No trimmers could be found to take their places and McFarlane had to rehire the strikers at the old rate, 4 cents per ton.

The Fourth Michigan Infrantry will hold its reunion at Reading next year. The following officers were chosen at the Hillsdale encampment: Alfonso Shaffer, Reading, president; H. L. Hartson, Ransom, vice-president; A. H. English, Reading, secretary and treasurer.

The body of Al Russett, who suddenly disappeared from Ludington last fall, was found in the boom among the logs opposite Butters & Peters' mill. He started across the lake one night in a storm with a small boat last October and was never heard from though the boat was found adrift on the lake next day.

Wheeler & Co., of West Bay City, made a reduction in wages in all the departments of their shipyard and have laid off over 300 men. The work in the yards for the season has narrowed down to one steel boat and one wooden boat on the stocks and the Stone, just launched, which will be completed in a short time.

The Norrie mine at Ironwood has closed down. It had been working only half a force, of 650 men, and now stop, everything except shipping from stock piles. Other big mines in and near Ironwood are reducing forces also. The Norrie is the largest iron mine in the world, and produced over 1,000,000 tons of ore last year.

The Grosvenor house, Jonesville, had a narrow escape from fire. Mrs. Osborne, the landlady, was trying to kill carpet bugs with gasoline and turpentine, with a lamp in the room. The oils ignited and at once the room was in flames and Mrs. Osborne had lost some of her bangs. Prompt action of the fire department and citizens extinguished the flames.

The South Haven and Casco Horticultural society has appointed Joseph Lannin to look after the fruit interests of western Michigan at the World's Fair. He is one of the best known fruit-growers in the state.

ANARCHISTS SET FREE.

Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, Pardons the Famous Haymarket Murderers.

Governor Altgeld, of Illinois has issued pardons to Samuel Fielden, Oscar Neebe and Michael Schwab, the anarchists serving terms of imprisonment at Joliet penitentiary for alleged complicity in the Haymarket riot in Chicago on the night of May 4, 1886. The pardon message contains 17,000 words. The governor takes the ground that these men did not have a fair trial and that the court was prejudiced. He scores Judge Gary and Chief of Police Bonfield severely. He speaks on the many petitions received from citizens of Chicago and says that they assert:

First, that the jury which tried the case was a packed jury, selected to convict; second, that according to the law as held by the supreme court, both prior and since the trial of this case, the jurors, according to their own answers, were not competent jurors and the trial was therefore not a legal trial; third, that the defendants were not proven to be guilty of the charges in the indictment; fourth, that as to the defendant Neebe, the state's attorney had declared at the close of the evidence that there was no case against him and yet he has been kept in prison all these years; fifth, that the trial judge was either so prejudiced against the defendant, or else so determined to win the applause of a class in the community that he could not and did not grant a fair trial. Upon the question of having been punished enough, I will merely say that if the defendants had a fair trial, and nothing has developed since to show that they are not guilty of the crime charged in the indictment, then there ought to be no executive interference for no punishment under our laws can then be too much. The government must defend itself. Life and property must be protected and law and order must be maintained; murder must be punished, and so if the defendants are guilty of murder, either committed with their own hand or by some one else acting on their advice, then, if they had a fair trial, there should be in this case no executive interference. The soil of America is not adapted for the growth of anarchy. While our institutions are not free from injustice they are still the best that have been devised, and therefore must be maintained.

NINE KILLED

And Over 100 Injured in a Tunnel Wreck on Long Island.

A train on the Long Island railway, upon which were about 1,000 persons returning to New York City from the Sheepshead Bay races, was derailed in a tunnel a short distance from Parksville, L. I. Two persons were killed outright, seven died soon after being removed to the hospital, and about 100 were injured, many so seriously that they will not recover.

The accident happened on what is known as Bay Ridge Division of the Manhattan railroad, and about half a mile from the little town of Parkville. The Bay Ridge Division, after leaving Parkville, passed a viaduct of the Coney Island boulevard. The fatal train had been to witness New York's great race, the Suburban. The train consisted of six cars, the front and rear cars being closed, the others open. The train, which was going at full speed, suddenly gave a jerk and jolt and the engine and the two first cars ran along up the track, dragging behind them the other cars of the train, bumping and reeling along the ties up to the very mouth of the tunnel. Then the engine and the two cars that remained on the track broke loose from the others and were carried by their own speed clear through the tunnel and 25 feet beyond. The other part of the train pulled apart, the first dragging itself half way through the tunnel. People jumped from the train and fell upon the embankment to be bruised and cut by the cars. Others were carried along upon the train, their bodies mangled and bruised upon the rocks of the tunnel and the stones of the embankment.

Lizzie Borden Acquitted.

The closing day of the famous Borden murder trial—in which Lizzie Borden was charged with killing her father and stepmother—at New Bedford, Mass., was very interesting. There was about the same curious crowds as had been present during the long trial. The testimony was all in, the defense argument had been made and the attorney-general had only to close his argument. Judge Dewey then took the case in hand and charged the jury, carefully reviewed every point of evidence and cautioned the jury to give the poisoner the full benefit of every reasonable doubt. When the judge had completed his charge the jury retired and the large audience waited patiently for their return.

Just one hour and 20 minutes passed before the 12 marched into the room again and were polled.

Miss Borden was asked to stand up, and the foreman was asked to return the verdict, which he announced—"NOT GUILTY." Then all the dignity and decorum of the court-room vanished. A cheer went up which might have been heard half a mile away through the open windows and there was no attempt to check it. The stately justices looked straight ahead at the bare walls during the tremendous excitement, which lasted fully a minute. Miss Borden's head went down upon the rail in front of her, and tears came where they had refused to come for many a long day as she heard the sweetest words ever poured into her willing ears.

The Pope's School Encyclical.

Cardinal Gibbons has given to the Associated Press an official translation of the pope's encyclical on the public school question. It is addressed to the cardinal and opens with references to the Holy Father's great regard for the United States and to the renewed expression of it in the delegation of Mgr. Satolli as his special representative here. It expresses the desire which the pope had that his ablegate should quiet all dissensions in the church in this country. Proceeding, the conference of archbishops in New York last November is touched upon; the wise decrees there formulated commended and the judgment of Mgr. Satolli with reference thereto confirmed. The trend of the entire paper is for peace throughout our land on the school question.

Infanta Sails for Europe.

Infanta Eulalia, with her suite and servants and 158 trunks of all kinds, were safely placed on board the La Touraine of the French line, and sailed for Havre. She also sent to the Circulo Colon Cervantes, which had asked for her impression of the United States, a letter in which she said that these impressions met all her expectations and many pleasant memories will be attached to them; that "Longfellow's knowledge of English, Depew's imagination and Mary Anderson's sentimentality" would be required to express all her feelings for this country. The official world, the press, the people and society, she said, had been most kind to her.

NEWS CONDENSATIONS.

Colored Masons have organized an Imperial Grand Council of the order of the Mystic Shrine at Washington.

The Braddock Wire works at Rankin, Pa., have shut down for an indefinite period, and 700 men are thrown out of employment.

President Cleveland has accepted an invitation to be present at the centennial celebration of Williams college at Springfield, Mass., on Oct. 10.

A statue of Mr. Gladstone was unveiled in the World's Fair Irish village. Speeches were made by Mayor Harrison, Judge W. A. Moran, Gov. Peck, of Wisconsin, and others.

Crop reports from the Minnesota and Dakota wheat country state that the extreme heat has proved very damaging to the ripening grain and in some localities the yield will not be a half crop.

It is understood that Rear Admiral Markham of the British Mediterranean squadron and the officers of the Camperdown will be court-martialed, upon their return to London, for the Victoria disaster.

430 IN WATERY GRAVES

TWO BRITISH WARSHIPS HAVE AN AWFUL COLLISION.

Out of 718 Officers and Men 430 are Drowned, Including Admiral Tryon —Victoria the Fated Vessel.

London cable: A most terrible calamity has befallen the British battleship Victoria, flagship of the Mediterranean squadron and hundreds of lives have been lost. She was run into off the coast of Tripoli by the British battleship Camperdown.

The Victoria flew the flag of Vice-Admiral Sir George Tryon, K. C. B. The Camperdown, also belongs to the Mediterranean squadron and is under the command of Capt. Charles Johnstone. The Victoria had an enormous hole made in her side, through which the water poured in in torrents. The immense hull at once began to settle and before those on board of her could cast loose their small boats she went to the bottom carrying down with her nearly all on board. Some of the officers and crew managed to get out of the suction caused by the sinking vessel and were rescued. Among those lost was Vice-Admiral Tryon. The loss of life was not less than 430.

The Victoria was a twin screw battleship of 10,470 tons and 14,000 horsepower. She mounted 15 guns. The Camperdown is also a first-class twin screw battleship. She is of 10,600 tons and 11,500 horsepower and carries 10 guns. Admiral Sir George Tryon was commander-in-chief of the Mediterranean station. He was made a vice-admiral August 20, 1891.

Rear Admiral Albert H. Markham, of the Trafalgar, the flagship of the rear admiral in the Mediterranean, has telegraphed to the admiralty from Tripoli as follows: I regret to report that while maneuvering off Tripoli the Victoria and Camperdown collided. The Victoria sank in 15 minutes in 80 fathoms of water. She lies bottom uppermost. The Camperdown's ram struck the Victoria forward of the turret on the starboard side. Twenty-one officers were drowned. Two hundred and fifty-five men were saved. The Camperdown will have to be docken for repairs."

Capt. Bourke was in command of the Victoria when she sank. According to the navy list the principal officers of the Victoria were: Vice-Admiral, Sir George Tryon; captain, Maurice A. Bourke; commander, Charles L. Ottley; chaplain, Rev. Samuel S. O. Morris; fleet surgeon, Thomas Bolster; fleet paymaster, Valentine D. J. Ricord; fleet engineer, Felix Foreman. The complement of officers and crew of the Victoria comprised 718 men.

Tripoli, the scene of the disaster is a seaport town on the Mediterranean, 50 miles northeast of Beyreuth, Syria, and a short distance from the island of Cyprus. The Victoria met with a serious accident in the eastern Mediterranean in January, 1892, by running upon a shoal near Platea, Greece, and was released only by an immense outlay of labor and expense.

Sir George Tyron, the vice-admiral who lost his life, was a man of vast experience, his service beginning in the days before steam was a prominent feature in naval architecture, and running through all of the various phases. He was a man who earned the highest honor within the gift of the British nation. His name first appears on the naval list away back in the days of the Crimean war, where he served in the naval brigade before Sebastopol during the winter of 1853-54, in the trenches, where he was hurt. He was present at all the operations before Sebastopol and at the capture of Kinburn. He received medals of distinction and was specially mentioned in dispatches for services as director of transports during the Abyssinian war in 1868. He was private secretary to the first lord of the admiralty from 1871 to 1874, received various orders of knighthood and received the approval of the government for the manner in which he discharged his duties on the coast of Tunis and in the Sfax commission of inquiry in 1881.

U. S. Senator Leland Stanford Dead.

United States Senator Leland Stanford died peacefully at his home in Palo Alto, Cal.

Senator Stanford was in the best of spirits during the day, driving about his stock farm. He retired early in the evening and about midnight his valet going into the senator's bedroom discovered that he was dead. It has been evident for some time that the senator was failing. The symptoms of his trouble were apopleptic and his weight had increased alarmingly until he could take only the slightest exercise on his feet.

Senator Stanford was born in Watervliet, Albany county, N. Y., March 9, 1824, admitted to the bar and began practice of law at Port Washington, Wis., 1849, married to Jane Lathrop at Albany, N. Y., 1850; removed to California and engaged in mining, 1852-60; delegate to the national Republican convention that nominated for President Abraham Lincoln; elected governor of California, 1861; elected president Central Pacific Railroad company in 1861; elected United States senator from California 1885; laid the corner-stone of Leland Stanford Junior university 1887, (this institution was of his own generosity); opened Leland Stanford Junior university 1891; reelected United senator from California 1891.

Gold Coming Our Way.

United States Treasurer Morgan received a cablegram from London stating that Baring, Magoun & Co., of New York and London, had shipped $900,000 in gold to the United States. This is the first shipment of foreign gold in any considerable quantity to the United States during the present month and is looked upon as showing that the tide in gold exports from this country to Europe has turned. For three weeks previous no gold has been exported from New York to Europe, and as a consequence the treasury department has been gaining gold during that period.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.			
Cattle—Good to choice	$ 4 00	to	$ 4 50
Hogs	6 00		6 25
Sheep	4 00		4 25
Lambs	5 00		6 25
Wheat—Red spot No. 2	65		65¼
White spot No. 1	67¼		67¾
Corn No. 2 spot	40		41
No. 2 yellow	42		42
Oats No. 2 white spot	36		36
Rye	50		50
Hay No. 1 Timothy	14 00		14 50
Potatoes, old, per bush	65		65
New, per bbl	3 25		3 50
Butter—Dairy per lb	12		14
Creamery per lb	17		19
Eggs per dozen	13½		14
Live Poultry—Fowl	9		10
Spring Chickens per lb	18		19
Chicago.			
Cattle—Steers	$ 4 30	to	$ 5 25
Common	3 75		4 25
Sheep—Mixed	4 20		5 25
Lambs	4 50		6 50
Hogs—Mixed	6 10		6 35
Wheat—No. 2 red	64½		64¾
Corn No. 2	40¼		40¾
Oats	30		30
Rye	47½		48
Barley	60		60
Mess Pork per bbl	19 35		19 37½
Lard per cwt	9 67½		9 70
New York.			
Cattle—Natives	$ 4 80	to	$ 5 70
Hogs	6 20		6 75
Sheep—Good to choice	3 20		4 70
Lambs	5 85		7 65
Wheat No 2 red	71¼		72
Corn No 2 white	48¾		49¾
Oats	39		39½

Croswell has organized a hustling fire company of 40 members.

The gallows on which John Brown was hanged at Harper's Ferry, Dec. 2, 1859, will be placed on exhibition at Chicago, together with the rope used on that occasion.

The mob which was supposed to have lynched Lee Bennett at Gleason, Tenn., hung Jim Harris, an innocent man, instead. Bennett is in jail at Dresden, heavily guarded.

Edward H. Todd, a prominent citizen of Quincy, Ill., and member of the firm of F. M. Miller & Co., builders of coaches and omnibuses, committed suicide by shooting himself. No cause can be assigned for the act.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY -OF- Whitehead & Mitchell

Birmingham, Mich.

Below we offer some fine bargains in real estate in this village and the surrounding country. Anyone having an idea of purchasing a home in this village or a farm in Oakland county, should keep this column in view, as we shall from time to time offer bargains in this department that will make their hearts glad.

ANYONE having a house and lot for sale can advertise with us FREE OF CHARGE, if no sale is made. We make contracts to this effect and will always do our utmost to make a sale and benefit our patrons.

BARGAIN NO. 3.

The Short Farm in the township of Avon, [illegible] miles from Pontiac, 3½ from Rochester, on good road, farm well watered, excellent soil, good buildings, two orchards, two barns, 130 acres, 30 timbered. Price very low and terms easy.

Bargain No. 24.

Are you looking for the best and cheapest home in Birmingham? If so, read this and act wisely. We can offer you for only $1,500 a large, commodious and comfortable house on Harmon street, comparatively new, 21x36, containing 11 nicely finished rooms; a fine barn, good well and cistern, six apple bearing trees and a good lot of land, which, to our idea, makes it the best bargain yet offered in real estate.

Bargain No. 43.

This is the chance of a life time for platting into village lots. Two and one-half acres on the west side of Pierce street, owned by Alexander Hutchinson, within ten minutes walk of the depot and five minutes walk of the business portion of the village. Excellent land, lying level and under a fine state of cultivation. Inquire at this office.

Bargain No. 47.

A big chance for investors in Royal Oak farm property! 245 acres of choice farming ground can be had very cheap. Forty acres heavy timbered, 200 acres cultivated and pastured. Good large frame house, 3 large barns with stables, two good deep wells, one flowing well (a dandy), fine cellar under the house and a good cistern. Six acres of excellent orchard, plenty of cherries, pears, peaches, etc. All heavy, growing soil. Two miles north of Royal Oak. Terms easy to suit purchaser. For full particulars inquire of Whitehead & Mitchell or the owner, Sherman Williams, Royal Oak, Mich.

Bargain No. 41.

We can now offer for sale Geo. H. Toms' comfortable and convenient home situated corner of Chester and Merrill streets in this village. This snug house consists of six nice living rooms, large cistern in cellar, good cellar. Four lots go with this place all high, dry and near the school house and plentifully supplied with small fruits of all kinds. This is the first time that this property has been offered for sale and at the price named by the owner ought to go quick. For full particulars call at Whitehead & Mitchell's Real Estate Agency.

Bargain No. 44.

A fine residence, comparatively new, with eight goods rooms, bath room, china closets etc., and a large, convenient barn. The house rents readily for $25 a month, being located on 14th avenue, Detroit, and is in one of the best residence portions of the city. Will sell for $4,000 or exchange for a good farm in this county.

Bargain No. 49.

Rev. Jas. McCracken, of Southfield, offers his farm for sale and a right good piece of property it is, too. This farm has a good house, with fine well and cistern, good barns, plenty of fruits, etc., and described as follows: East half of the southeast quarter of section 34, town 2 N., range 10 E., less 19 acres, containing nearly 60 acres. The farm is ¼ of a mile north of Erity's Mill, 2¾ miles southwest of Birmingham, with ample buildings in good order, with never failing spring stream near the buildings; a good young orchard. Will be sold at its value. Call on Whitehead & Mitchell or the owner, on the premises, Jas. McCracken.

Bargain No. 53.

A cheap house and lot in the village for sale. Mrs. English offers her cottage and two lots for sale in this village for only $600. Five or six rooms, good well, good cistern, plenty of small fruit, etc. The owner has gone to Detroit to live and some one can get a bargain. Call at Whitehead & Mitchell's for particulars.

Bargain No. 54.

Here is a chance to get a home in Birmingham at a price that ought to cause the buyer to smile. We refer to the M. M. Toms homestead now owned by Miss Mary Toms, situated on Townsend street and in good condition. The property consists of three large village lots, a two-story house with ten or twelve nice large living rooms and plenty of closet room, also a good barn. A good cellar under the house, an excellent cistern, good well, lots of fruit apples, etc., with small fruits in abundance. Terms very easy. For particulars call at the Exchange Bank.

Bargain No. 61.

Thomas A. Ward's cosy and comfortable home on Fremont street, having eight nice, large, comfortable rooms newly painted, handsomely decorated inside, water works connection, two nice large lots, with plenty of choice fruits of all kinds. Good cistern and everything in the neatest shape imaginable. Two lots go with it. Some one can get a bargain by calling at this office and looking into this chance. Call early.

Bargain No. 62.

We can now offer for sale the elegant farm in Bloomfield 3 miles north of Birmingham and 4 miles south of Pontiac on the gravel road, consisting of 125 acres with house in fair condition, and barns and outbuildings in general good shape. Fine apple orchard and plenty of plums and small fruits. Good wells and cistern; 14 acres of good timber and the balance under good cultivation. Price the low sum of $55 per acre. Call at this office or address Thomas H. Power, Pontiac, Mich.

Bargain No. 63.

We have in our hands for sale the Flinn property in this village. This property can be bought for less than half what it cost and it is in extra good shape. A large lot of land goes with plenty of small fruits, good well and cistern. The house is large and roomy, and if you will call on us we can name you a most wonderful low price. Whitehead & Mitchell.

Bargain No. 65.

Farm for sale. The best farm in Oakland Co., and situated in the most desirable location in this county is now offered for sale at a reasonable price. Farm consists of 103 acres, only 3 miles north of Birmingham on the gravel road, between Birmingham and Pontiac. Fronts 80 rods on Woodward Ave. Well watered by a never failing stream of live water so that every field can be pastured. For a stock farm it is unequalled. Ten acres fine timber, the balance being tillable land. Plenty of small fruits of all kinds, peaches, plums, grapes, pears, cherries and currants. Good well and cistern, horse and hay barn, nice large frame house in good situation. All necessary outbuildings in excellent style. Will sell cheap and on long time. Call on Whitehead & Mitchell for full particulars.

Bargain No. 66

Young man, here is the chance of your life: Eighty acres of land in township of Austin, Sanilac county, Mich., for sale or trade. Four miles from Tyre and five miles from Ubley, both stations on P. H. & P. A. R. R. Good schools and church, town hall within 80 rods. Country well setted and cleared. Good house and small barn, young orchard, 30 acres of cedar 25 acres cleared, balance easily cleared and now excellent pasture and all fenced. Price 1650 dollars. Terms easy, or will trade for house and lot in Birmingham. Call at this office or address Henry S. Stiff, Birmingham, Mich.

Bargain No. 68.

Now then the pleasant, cozy home belonging to Charles Schlaack right in the center of the village, within three minutes' walk from the railroad depot and a block from the postoffice. Nice large lawn and yard, 87½ feet front on Woodward avenue. A nice, large, good barn 20x30 feet and other outbuildings. House lately overhauled and newly painted. Ten living rooms besides closets, pantry, woodshed, etc. Water works connection and everything to make a pleasant, comfortable home. Will sell for less than cost having no use for it. Call on Whitehead & Mitchell for full particulars, and before the electric cars get out Woodward avenue, and run past the front door of this pleasant home.

Bargain No. 70.

Gust Mitchell's cottage home on Ann street in this village can be bought very reasonable as he wishes to sell at once. This is a tidy little cottage home, quite roomy and nicely situated, good outbuildings; two lots 50x120 feet. Trees, berries, etc. in abundance. Will sell at only $550. Call at once and secure this bargain.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE ON EASY terms, on Freemont street in real good repair and condition. A good barn is on the premises. Good well and a neat, snug home for a low sum. This is the place formerly owned by Chas. Rayner and now owned by Mac Shain. Call on us for particulars, Whitehead & Mitchell.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

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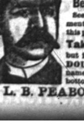
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.



And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper. Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

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Dairymen Attention!

THE BIRMINGHAM SEPARATOR BUTTER FACTORY begins business the sixteenth day of January, 1893, and respectfully solicits farmers to bring in their milk. We can handle all that comes. There is no limit and we will pay the very higest market price always.

PRICES FOR MILK:

March and April, $1 per hundred; May, June, July and August, 90c with milk left at factory or 10c less and take your milk. All milk to be bought on the test plan, 4 lbs per hundred the standard. More than that test more pay, less than that, less pay.

N. B. Anyone wanting milk can may have all they want at net cost by calling on I. Mabee, Pres., at V. Nixon & Co's store.

All Bills Settled the 10th of Every Month by Cash.

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Sect'y.

Jan18m3

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When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Prunes. Sold by Whitehead & Mitchell. tf

WANTED, FOR SALE, EXCHANGE.

Wanted.—A good girl for general house work in family of three. Good wages. Inquire at this office. tf

FOR SALE.

The property which was owned and occupied by the late Dr. O. W. Hewitt as a family residence. Situated on the corner of Townsend and Pierce streets, and in every way desirable for a nice home. There are six lots with a good house and barn; city water; all kinds of fruit trees. Will sell all together, or in lots separately, to suit purchasers. This property must be sold soon. My price is low; no speculation. See the owner, corner of Townsend and Pierce streets.

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